

Company: San Diego Gas & Electric Company (U 902 M)
Proceeding: 2028 General Rate Case
Application: A.26-06-015
Exhibit: SDGE-29.1

REVISED PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF

DANE A. WATSON

(DEPRECIATION)

**BEFORE THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA**



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SUMMARY

I sponsor the depreciation rates used in the calculation of the Test Year (TY) 2028 depreciation and amortization expense proposals for Electric, Gas, and Common Plant depreciation for San Diego Gas and Electric Company (SDG&E or Company). I also provide depreciation and amortization expense recommendations for SDG&E's electric, gas, and common plant, based upon my depreciation study.

The purpose of depreciation and amortization expense is to provide for recovery of the original cost of plant (less estimated net salvage) over the used and useful life of the property by means of an equitable plan of charges to operating expenses. Tangible assets, usually referred to as plant, property, and equipment, are depreciated. Intangible assets, such as software, land rights and rights-of-way, are amortized. The technical definition for depreciation and related terms is provided in Section II of my testimony. The cumulative depreciation costs recovered through depreciation rates is captured in the depreciation reserve. The reserve represents the return of the investment and provides an ongoing record of one of the components in calculating rate base. SDG&E's rate base proposals are sponsored in Exhibit SDGE-28, Rate Base. SDG&E is requesting the adoption of proposed service lives and net salvage rates for electric, gas, and common plant that were developed in accordance with the California Public Utilities Commission Standard Practice U-4.

**PREPARED DIRECT TESTIMONY OF DANE A. WATSON
(DEPRECIATION)**

I. INTRODUCTION

A. Summary of Proposals

I sponsor the depreciation rates used in the calculation of Test Year (TY) 2028 depreciation and amortization expense proposals for Electric, Gas, and Common Plant depreciation for San Diego Gas and Electric Company (SDG&E).

Based on my study and analysis, electric, gas, and common depreciation rates for all SDG&E electric, gas, and common depreciable property are shown in Appendix A of my Depreciation Rate Study (Depreciation Study) report attached to my testimony as Attachment C. As shown in Table SDGE-DW-1, the Electric, Gas, and Common Plant depreciation and amortization expense for Recorded Year 2025 is \$885 million. The Electric, Gas, and Common Plant expense requested for TY 2028 is \$1,071 million. Beginning in TY 2028, the requested expense is calculated using new depreciation rates resulting from an updated depreciation study.

**Table SDGE-DW-1
SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC COMPANY
TEST YEAR 2028
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE
(Thousands of Dollars)**

Line No.	Description	2025 Recorded (2025\$)	2028 Test Year (2028\$)
	<u>Electric Depreciation Expense</u>		
1	Generation	49,304	44,084
2	Distribution	442,818	533,080
3	General	12,860	58,134
4	Common	55,198	44,640
5	TOTAL ELECTRIC DEPRECIATION	560,181	679,938
	<u>Electric Amortization Expense</u>		
6	Land Rights	4,833	2,429
7	Software	126,462	163,413
8	TOTAL ELECTRIC AMORTIZATION	131,294	165,842
9	TOTAL ELEC. DEPR. & AMORT.	691,475	845,780
	<u>Gas Depreciation Expense</u>		
10	Underground Storage	80	98
11	Transmission	32,956	36,264

Line No.	Description	2025 Recorded (2025\$)	2028 Test Year (2028\$)
12	Distribution & General	82,151	108,196
13	Common	29,583	23,924
14	TOTAL GAS DEPRECIATION	144,771	168,482
	<u>Gas Amortization Expense</u>		
15	Land Rights	1,697	133
16	Software	47,120	56,729
17	TOTAL GAS AMORTIZATION	48,817	56,862
18	TOTAL GAS DEPR. & AMORT.	193,588	225,345
19	TOTAL DEPR. & AMORT	885,063	1,071,125

Note that the 2025 Electric, Gas, and Common depreciation expense shown in Appendix B of the Depreciation Study is different from that shown in the Table SDGE-DW-1 due to the depreciation expense in Appendix B of the Depreciation Study being calculated as of December 31, 2025 for comparison purposes instead of the actual recorded depreciation expense during 2025 as provided in the Table SDGE-DW-1.

My analysis of a reasonable Recorded Year 2025 depreciation and amortization expense is based on the application of depreciation parameters authorized by the California Public Utilities Commission (Commission or CPUC) in SDG&E's 2024 General Rate Case (GRC) Decision (D.) 24-12-074. The depreciable plant growth and the investments through TY 2028 are addressed in the Rate Base testimony, Exhibit (Ex.) SDGE-28.

The Depreciation Study found a decrease in SDG&E's depreciation expense (as a comparison of approved versus proposed depreciation rates applied to year end 2025 plant balances) from my analysis would be reasonable and necessary to ensure appropriate recovery of plant and equipment costs. The depreciation study, analysis and results of the study as described in this testimony support this decrease. My study analyzed life and net salvage characteristics for SDG&E through January 1, 2025. Due to time constraints based on a June 2026 filing, the study was not able to incorporate 2025 activity in the life and net salvage analysis, but it did incorporate 2025 balances for purposes of calculating depreciation rates. Using the life and net salvage parameters developed from January 1, 2025 analysis, my study used actual plant asset

1 balances and depreciation reserves as of December 31, 2025, to compute the proposed
2 depreciation rates in my study.

3 The accompanying workpapers (Ex. SDGE-29-WP-Depreciation) support the underlying
4 depreciation rate recommendations.

5 **B. Organization of Testimony**

6 My testimony is organized as follows:

- 7 1. In Section II, I explain the definitions of depreciation and the type of property
8 analyzed in the Depreciation Study, and the property included or excluded from
9 the Depreciation Study.
- 10 2. In Section III, I explain the four-phase approach I used to conduct the
11 Depreciation Study and the depreciation system (straight-line method, Broad
12 (Average) Life Group (ALG) procedure, remaining-life technique) used for the
13 Depreciation Study. Next, I explain how depreciation rates are determined. This
14 portion of my Direct Testimony also explains and fully discusses each portion of
15 the depreciation rate formula that is supported by my Depreciation Study. Section
16 III is broken into the following subparts, which align with the components of the
17 depreciation rate formula that the Depreciation Study supports: (A) Depreciation
18 Rate Formula; (B) Theoretical Reserve; (C) Net Salvage Amounts and
19 Percentages; (D) Remaining Life Analysis; and (E) Depreciation Rates and
20 Depreciation Accrual Rates.
- 21 3. Section IV discusses the Commission's approach to gradualism and how I
22 recommend it be applied in this depreciation study.
- 23 4. Section V discusses the specific changes in life and net salvage parameters by
24 plant account.
- 25 5. Section VI summarizes the results and methods used to perform the depreciation
26 study for SDG&E in this proceeding.
- 27 6. Section VII details my witness qualifications.

28 **II. DEPRECIATION DEFINITIONS AND APPROACH**

29 The term "depreciation," used here is considered in the accounting sense – that is, a
30 system of accounting that distributes the cost of assets, less net salvage (if any), over the
31 estimated useful life of the assets in a systematic and rational manner. Depreciation is a process

1 of allocation, not valuation. In other words, depreciation expense allocates the cost of the asset,
2 including any estimated net salvage necessary to remove the asset, as an ongoing cost of
3 operations over the economic life of the asset.

4 However, the amount allocated to any one accounting period does not necessarily
5 represent an actual loss or decrease in value that will occur during that particular period. The
6 Company accrues depreciation on the basis of the original cost of all depreciable property
7 included in each functional property group. On retirement, the full cost of depreciable property,
8 less the net salvage value, is charged to the depreciation reserve.

9 A depreciation study is a comprehensive analysis of the property characteristics of a
10 utility's assets. It is specific to each utility and that utility's assets in order to determine the
11 appropriate annual depreciation accrual rate for each asset account. The primary factors that
12 influence the depreciation rate for an account are the remaining investment to be recovered in the
13 account, the depreciable life of the account, and the net salvage for the account.

14 The key functions of the Depreciation Study are to: (1) determine the average service
15 lives for Common, Electric Generation, Electric Distribution, Electric General, Gas Storage and
16 Gas Transmission, Gas Distribution, Gas General Plant, Solar, and Energy Storage;
17 (2) determine the net salvage percentages for Common, Electric Generation, Electric
18 Distribution, Electric General, Gas Storage and Gas Transmission, Gas Distribution, Gas General
19 Plant, Solar, and Energy Storage; (3) calculate the theoretical reserve of each property group
20 based on the remaining life of the group, the total life of the group and the estimated net salvage;
21 and (4) develop depreciation rates, including the annual depreciation accrual.

22 After following all these steps, I conclude that the depreciation rates developed for the
23 Company's Utility Plant accounts as set forth in the Depreciation Study encompass the best and
24 most recent information for calculating the Company's depreciation and amortization expense
25 associated with these assets. Based on life and net salvage parameters developed for actual plant
26 asset balances and depreciation reserves as of December 31, 2025, the depreciation rates in the
27 Depreciation Study would result in a decrease in the annual depreciation expense for SDG&E's
28 utility assets of approximately \$21.7 million per year. I calculated that amount by comparing the
29 depreciation expense based on the current depreciation rates to the depreciation expense based
30 on the proposed depreciation rates as of December 31, 2025. This comparison is shown in detail

1 in Appendix B of my Depreciation Study and is summarized in Appendix C of my Depreciation
2 Study, which is presented later in my Direct Testimony.

3 **III. DEPRECIATION STUDY**

4 In this section of my Direct Testimony, I testify to the property included or excluded
5 from the Depreciation Study; the four-phase approach I used to conduct the Depreciation Study;
6 and the depreciation system (straight-line method, ALG procedure, remaining-life technique)
7 used for the Depreciation Study. There are nine general classes, or functional groups, of
8 depreciable property that are analyzed in the study: (1) Common Plant, (2) Electric Production
9 Plant, (3) Electric Distribution Plant property, (4) Electric General Property, (5) Gas Storage and
10 Transmission Plant, (6) Gas Distribution Plant property, (7) Gas General Property, (8) Solar, and
11 (9) Energy Storage.

12 **A. Depreciation Study Process**

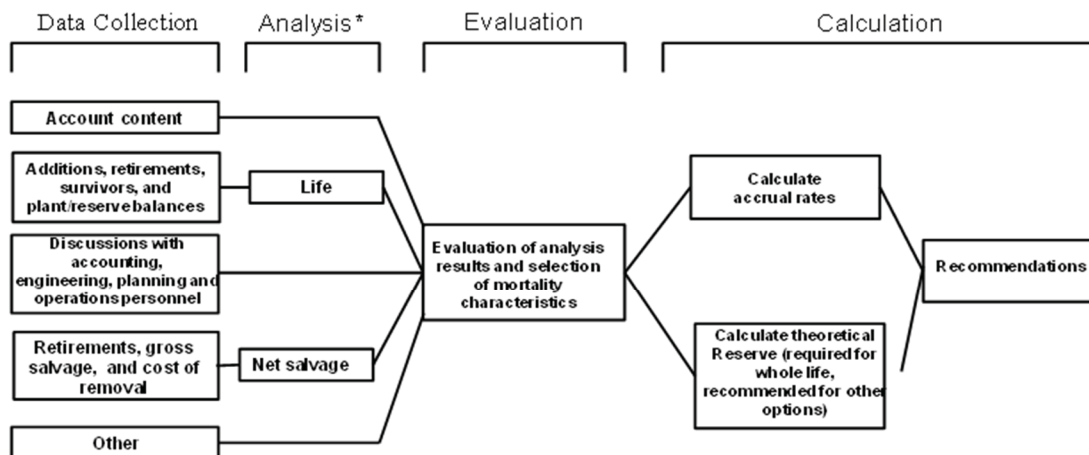
13 With the assistance of my staff, I conducted the Depreciation Study in four phases, as
14 described at pages 19-20 of the Depreciation Study. The four phases are: Data Collection,
15 Analysis, Evaluation, and Calculation. During the initial phase of the Depreciation Study, I
16 collected historical data through January 1, 2025, to be used in the analysis. After the data was
17 assembled, I performed analyses to determine the lives and net salvage percentages for the
18 different property groups being studied. As part of this process, I conferred with field personnel,
19 engineers, and managers responsible for the installation, operation, and removal of the assets to
20 gain their input into the operation, maintenance, and salvage of the assets. I then evaluated the
21 information obtained from field personnel, engineers, and managerial personnel, combined with
22 the Depreciation Study results, to determine how the results of the historical asset activity
23 analysis, in conjunction with the Company's expected future plans, should be applied. In the
24 final phase, I calculated depreciation rates and the theoretical reserve.

25 The authoritative treatise, *DEPRECIATION SYSTEMS*, documents the following stages of a
26 depreciation study: statistical analysis, evaluation of statistical analysis, discussions with
27 management, forecast assumptions, and document recommendations.¹ My approach mirrors this
28 process, and following this approach ensures that the resulting study comprehensively and
29 thoroughly projects the future expectations for the Company's assets.

¹ W.C. Fitch and F.K. Wolf, *Depreciation Systems*, at page 289 (Iowa State University Press, 1st ed., 1994).

Figure DW-D-1 demonstrates the four phases of the Depreciation Study.

FIGURE DW-D-1
Stages to Develop a Depreciation Study



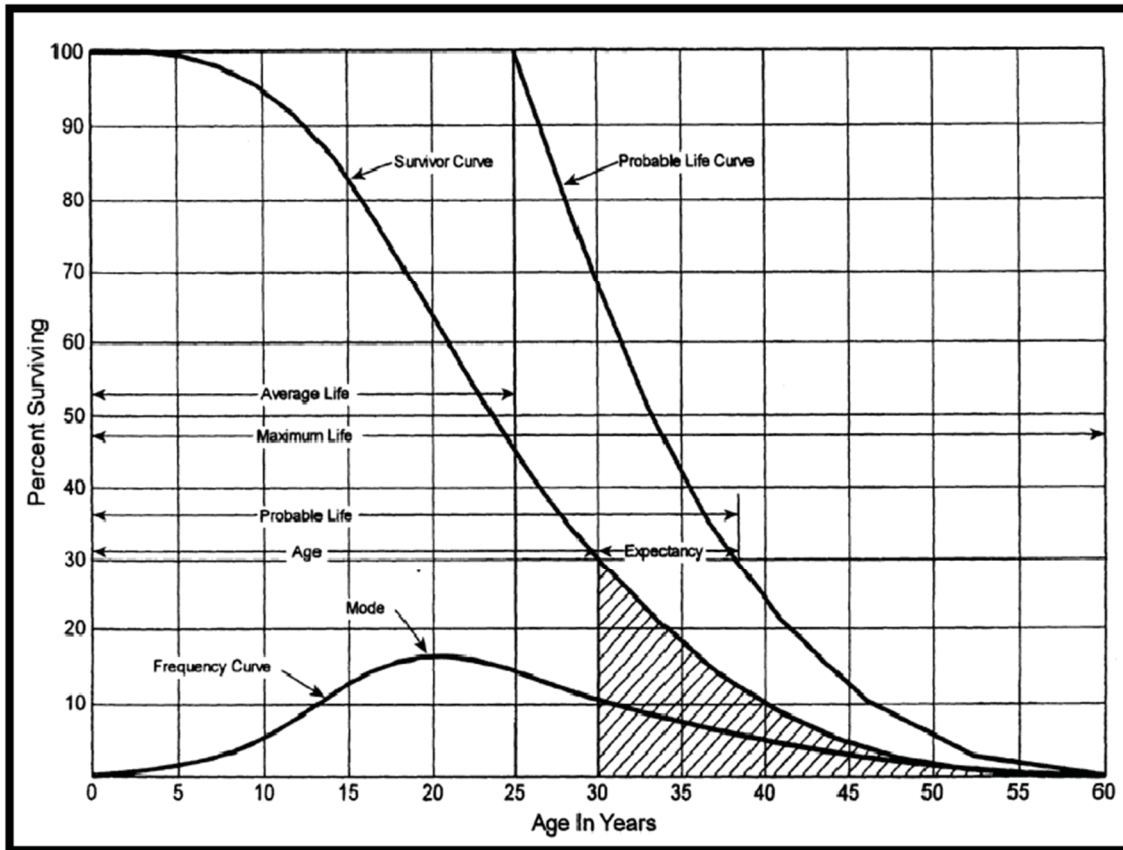
Source: Introduction to Depreciation for Public Utilities and Other Industries, AGA EEL, 2013.

*Although not specifically noted, the mathematical analysis may need some level of input from other sources (for example, to determine analysis bands for life and adjustments to data used in all analysis).

I used the straight-line (method), ALG (procedure), remaining-life (technique) depreciation method for this Depreciation Study, as discussed at page 17 of the Depreciation Study. This is the same methodology used by the Company in past GRCs and is consistent with CPUC Standard Practice U-4.

A survivor curve represents the percentage of property remaining in service at various age intervals. Iowa Curves, the predominantly used survivor curve method in the utility industry, are the result of an extensive investigation of life characteristics of physical property made at Iowa State College Engineering Experiment Station in the first half of the twentieth century. Through common usage, revalidation and regulatory acceptance, the Iowa Curves have become a descriptive standard for the life characteristics of industrial property. An example of an Iowa Curve is shown below in Figure DW-D-2. For more detail on survivor curves, see pages 8-15 of the Depreciation Study.

FIGURE DW-D-2
Survivor Curve



Most property groups can be closely fitted to one Iowa Curve with a unique average service life. By blending judgment concerning current conditions and future trends with the matching of historical data, a depreciation analyst can make an informed selection of an account's average service life and survivor curve. When selecting an average service life, the analyst also selects a survivor curve. When recommending depreciation rates, a depreciation analyst selects the average service life and survivor curve that are used to compute remaining life, annual depreciation accrual, and annual depreciation accrual rate.

Historical lives and net salvage data are not the only factors to consider in making life and net salvage recommendations. It is **crucial** to incorporate future trends, changes in equipment and Company-specific operational information before finally making life and net salvage recommendations. Once all the calculations and data are prepared, I take into account my judgment, Company expectations, and trends to recommend the appropriate net salvage

1 percentages. A summary of the proposed lives and net salvage percentages is shown below in
2 Attachment B of this testimony.

3 For instance, if most of the dollars in an account are associated with assets that have
4 projected lives between 20 and 40 years, an overall life of 60 years for that account would not be
5 reasonable. This is true even if a particular mathematical curve match mechanically produces a
6 60-year overall life. A statistical analysis may suggest a longer life because, among other things,
7 there may be insufficient retirement data (i.e., the full life cycle of assets is not yet visible in the
8 mathematical calculations)² or because recent changes in technology or changes in how the
9 assets are operated are not adequately reflected in the statistical results. While the results of the
10 calculations themselves may seem accurate to someone who is not aware of or ignores the actual
11 life cycles exhibited, failure modes, and engineering expectations for the various assets in the
12 account, the results are inaccurate because they do not reflect the real-life expectations of the
13 account assets.

14 As noted above, the manner in which the Company currently uses its assets provides
15 important indicators as to the expected service life of those assets and reveals flaws in generic
16 statistical assumptions. The information was extracted from interviews with Company subject
17 matter experts and is described in my study and accompanying workpapers.

18 As an example, if a Company expert suggests a life for a specific asset that is shorter or
19 longer than I would expect from my experience, I conduct further investigation as to why they
20 understand the life expectation to vary from what I would normally expect, conduct my own
21 research of the asset as necessary, and use my judgment to determine how much weight to give
22 the Company's subject matter expert's (SME's) feedback.

23 Accordingly, as I noted before, one must consider the operational information, the
24 expectations across the country for similar assets in similar environments, and the statistical
25 analysis to verify the reasonableness of the results. Information provided by Company experts
26 on the specific plant and equipment being studied is of critical importance in the depreciation
27 study process to ensure the statistical analysis accurately reflects the expected service lives of the
28 assets. In its 1996 edition of the publication *Public Utility Depreciation Practices*, the National

² This is the case for Accounts 367.6 and 376.6, as discussed in the account level results section.

1 Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), specifically advises against strict
2 reliance on historical data and curve fitting:

3 Depreciation analysts should avoid becoming ensnared in the historical
4 life study and relying solely on mathematical solutions. The reason for
5 making an historic life analysis is to develop a sufficient understanding of
6 history in order to evaluate whether it is a reasonable predictor of the
7 future. The importance of being aware of circumstances having direct
8 bearing on the reason for making an historical life analysis cannot be
9 understated.... The analyst should become familiar with the physical
10 plant under study and its operating environment, **including talking with**
11 **the field people who use the equipment being studied.**³

12 **B. Methodology**

13 The methods used to calculate the mortality characteristics (*i.e.*, service lives, retirement
14 dispersions, and net salvage rates) and to calculate the straight-line remaining life depreciation
15 rates are consistent with CPUC Standard Practice U-4.

16 **C. Determination of the Depreciation Rates**

17 In this section, I explain how depreciation rates are determined, and I identify the formula
18 for depreciation rates. I also explain and fully discuss each portion of the depreciation rate
19 formula that is supported by my Depreciation Study. Section III is broken into the following
20 subparts, which align with the components of the depreciation rate formula that the Depreciation
21 Study supports: (A) The Depreciation Rate Formula; (B) Theoretical Reserve; (C) Net Salvage
22 Amounts or Percentages; (D) Remaining Life Analysis; and (E) Depreciation Rates and
23 Depreciation Accrual Rates.

24 The formula to derive depreciation rates calculates annual depreciation accrual amounts
25 for each group by dividing the original cost of the asset (gross plant), less allocated depreciation
26 reserve, less estimated net salvage, by the group's respective remaining life. The resulting
27 annual accrual amounts for all depreciable property within an account are accumulated, and the
28 total is divided by the original cost (gross plant) of all depreciable property within the account to
29 determine the annual accrual amount and the annual accrual rate. The Depreciation Study
30 determines several pieces of the overall formula used to derive depreciation rates. The portions
31 of the formula derived by the Depreciation Study are:

³ National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners (NARUC), *Public Utility Depreciation Practices* (1996) at 126 (emphasis added).

- 1 • **Depreciation Reserve Balance:** To calculate depreciation reserve, the
2 Company provided me with the actual gross plant balance amounts and
3 the actual depreciation reserve as of December 31, 2025. I calculated the
4 theoretical reserve that is used as a point of comparison to the book
5 depreciation reserve balance.
- 6 • **Net Salvage Amounts or Percentages:** For Common, Electric
7 Production, Electric Distribution, Electric General, Natural Gas Storage,
8 Natural Gas Transmission, Natural Gas Distribution, Natural Gas General
9 Plant, Solar, and Energy Storage, I calculated the net salvage percentages
10 reflected in the Depreciation Study. For these plant accounts, I calculated
11 salvage and removal cost percentages by dividing the current cost of
12 salvage or removal, as supported by the Depreciation Study, by the
13 original installed cost of the retired asset.
- 14 • **Remaining Life:** The Depreciation Study supports the remaining life
15 calculation by determining the appropriate average service lives and
16 retirement survivor curve for each account within a functional group.
- 17 • **Resulting Annual Depreciation Accrual and Depreciation Rates:** As
18 discussed above, I calculated the depreciation rates, and I then derived the
19 annual accrual amounts from these rates. The computations of the annual
20 depreciation rates and annual accrual amounts are shown in Appendix A,
21 of the Depreciation Study.

22 Annual depreciation expense amounts for SDG&E's depreciable accounts were
23 calculated by the straight-line method, life-span procedure, and remaining-life technique. With
24 this approach, remaining lives were calculated according to standard ALG group expectancy
25 techniques, using the Iowa Curves noted in the calculation. For each plant account, the
26 difference between the surviving investment, adjusted for estimated net salvage, and the
27 allocated book depreciation reserve, was divided by the average remaining life to yield the
28 annual depreciation expense. These calculations are shown in Appendix A to the Depreciation
29 Study.

1 In a whole life representation, the annual accrual rate is computed by the following
2 equation,

$$3 \quad \text{Annual Accrual Rate} = \frac{(100\% - \text{Net Salvage Percent})}{\text{Average Service Life}}$$

4 In the case of electric, natural gas, and common assets, each vintage within the group has
5 a unique average service life and remaining life determined by computing the area under the
6 Iowa Curve. Use of the remaining life depreciation system adds a self-correcting mechanism,
7 which accounts for any differences between theoretical and book depreciation reserve over the
8 remaining life of the group. For each vintage,

$$9 \quad \text{Remaining Life}(i) = \frac{\text{Area Under Survivor Curve to the Right of Age } (i)}{\text{Survivors } (i)}, \text{ and}$$

$$10 \quad \text{Average Service Life} = \frac{\text{Area Under Survivor Curve}}{\text{Survivors at age zero}}$$

11 With the straight line, remaining life, average life group system using Iowa Curves,
12 composite remaining lives were calculated by computing a direct weighted average of each
13 remaining life by vintage within the group. Within each group (plant account/unit), for each
14 plant account, the difference between the surviving investment, adjusted for estimated net
15 salvage, and the allocated book depreciation reserve, was divided by the composite remaining
16 life to yield the annual depreciation expense as noted in this equation.

$$\text{Annual Depreciation Expense} = \frac{\text{Original Cost} - \text{Book Reserve} - (\text{Original Cost} * \text{Net Salvage \%})}{\text{Composite Remaining Life}}$$

17 where the net salvage percent represents future net salvage.

18 Within a group, the sum of the group annual depreciation expense amounts, as a
19 percentage of the depreciable original cost investment summed, gives the annual depreciation
20 rate as shown below:

$$21 \quad \text{Annual Depreciation Rate} = \frac{\sum \text{Annual Depreciation Expense}}{\sum \text{Original Cost}}$$

1 These calculations are shown in Appendix A of the Depreciation Study. The calculations
2 of the theoretical depreciation reserve values and the corresponding remaining life calculations
3 are shown in the workpapers.

4 The theoretical reserve represents the portion of a property group's cost that would have
5 been accrued as depreciation reserve if current expectations were used throughout the life of the
6 property group for future depreciation accruals. The theoretical reserve for the asset group
7 serves as a point of comparison to the book reserve to determine if the unrecovered investment of
8 the asset and its removal cost are over or under-accrued.

9 In the Depreciation Study, I computed theoretical reserves based on recorded plant
10 balances as of December 31, 2025. I calculated the theoretical reserve using a reserve model that
11 relies on a prospective concept relating to future retirement and accrual patterns for property,
12 given current life and salvage estimates. More specifically, I determined the theoretical reserve
13 of a property group from the estimated remaining life of the group, the total life of the group, and
14 estimated net salvage. This computation for the straight-line, remaining-life theoretical reserve
15 ratio, which I describe in more detail starting on page 18 of the Depreciation Study, involves
16 multiplying the vintage balances within the property group by the theoretical reserve ratio for
17 each vintage.

18 While discussed more fully in the study, net salvage is the difference between the gross
19 salvage (what the asset was sold for) and the COR (cost to remove and dispose of the asset). If
20 the COR exceeds gross salvage, net salvage is negative. Some plant assets can experience
21 significant negative removal cost percentages due to the amount of removal cost and the timing
22 of any capital additions versus the retirement. Salvage and removal cost percentages are
23 calculated by dividing the current cost of salvage or removal by the original installed cost of the
24 assets retired.

25 The Depreciation Study separately calculates the net salvage percentages for the
26 Common, Electric Production, Electric Distribution, Electric General, Natural Gas Underground
27 Storage, Natural Gas Transmission, Natural Gas Distribution, Natural Gas General Plant, Solar,
28 and Energy Storage accounts. To determine the appropriate net salvage percentages for each
29 account, I started by using an industry-standard method that divides the current cost of salvage or
30 removal by the original installed cost of the assets retired. However, I also applied judgment to
31 select a net salvage percentage that represents the future expectations for each account.

1 To apply this judgment, I compiled historical salvage and removal data by functional
2 group and account to determine values and trends in gross salvage and removal cost. As detailed
3 in the Depreciation Study, for most accounts, data for retirements, gross salvage and COR
4 covered the period from 2002-2024. I calculated moving averages with this data to remove
5 timing differences between retirement and salvage and removal cost. Those moving averages are
6 analyzed over periods varying from one to 10 years. These calculations are found in Appendix
7 D of the Depreciation Study.

8 The current and proposed net salvage percentages are shown in Appendix C-2 of the
9 Depreciation Study, and a detailed history is shown in Appendix D of the Depreciation Study.
10 For the Depreciation Study, I analyzed all Common Plant, Electric Production Plant, Electric
11 Distribution Plant, and Electric General Plant, Natural Gas Storage and Transmission, Natural
12 Gas Distribution, Natural Gas General Plant, Solar, and Energy Storage accounts using actuarial
13 analysis (retirement rate method) to estimate the life of the property in each account where
14 sufficient activity is available. In much the same manner as human mortality is analyzed by
15 actuaries, depreciation analysts use models of property mortality characteristics that have been
16 validated in research and empirical applications. Aged retirements are combined to develop
17 retirements and property exposed to retirement for each age interval. Interval exposures (total
18 property subject to retirement at the beginning of the age interval, regardless of vintage) and age
19 interval retirements are calculated.

20 The complement of the ratio of interval retirements to interval exposures establishes a
21 survivor ratio. The survivor ratio is the fraction of property surviving to the end of the selected
22 age interval, given that it has survived to the beginning of that age interval. Survivor ratios for
23 all of the available age intervals were chained by successive multiplications to establish a series
24 of survivor factors, collectively known as an observed life table.

25 The observed life table shows the experienced mortality characteristic of the account and
26 may be compared to standard mortality curves such as the Iowa Curves. Where data was
27 available, accounts were analyzed using this method. Placement bands were used to illustrate the
28 composite history over a specific era, and experience bands were used to focus on retirement
29 history for all vintages during a set period.

30 The Depreciation Study report provides details regarding the life selection for each
31 account. Graphs and other data supporting the proposed life estimate are provided in the

1 “Determination of the Lives” section of the Depreciation Study. A summary comparison of the
2 depreciable lives is shown in Attachment B attached to this testimony.

3 **IV. GRADUALISM**

4 My study applies the Commission’s gradualism policy (described below) in the selections
5 for net salvage parameters for SDG&E’s depreciable and amortized assets. In recent
6 proceedings, the Commission has applied a principle of gradualism for depreciation rates based
7 upon concerns about the growing cost burdens associated with increasing cost trends for negative
8 net salvage.⁴ The Commission explained that:

9 [t]he principle of gradualism applies where there is a recognized need to
10 revise estimated parameters, but where the change is allowed to occur
11 incrementally over time rather than all at once. Applying gradualism thus
12 limits the approved increase that would otherwise be warranted, all else
13 being equal and mitigates the short-term impact of large changes in
14 depreciation parameters. Also, it is advisable to be cautious in making
15 large changes in estimates of service lives and net salvage for property that
16 will be in service for many decades, as future experience may show the
17 current estimates to be incorrect.⁵

18 The Commission gave specificity to this directive in Pacific Gas and Electric Company’s
19 2014 general rate case by allowing “no more than 25% of the estimated net [salvage] increase
20 from current [net salvage] rates.”⁶ The Commission has then applied this principle to Southern
21 California Edison Company in D.15-11-021,⁷ D.19-05-020,⁸ and D.25-09-030.⁹

22 By contrast, in SDG&E’s last GRC, the depreciation rates, lives, and net salvage
23 parameters from the Application (A.) 14-11-003 GRC were retained.¹⁰ As such, since the
24 Company’s depreciation rates were set in the last two Decisions, D.16-06-054 and D.24-12-074,
25 no changes in authorized life or net salvage rates have been made. That is, even with the
26 CPUC’s guidance for gradualism, the Company was not allowed to gradually increase net

4 D.14-08-032 at 597.

5 *Id.* at 598.

6 *Id.* at 600.

7 D.15-11-021 at 413, 421, and 425.

8 D.19-05-020 at 315 and 329.

9 D.25-09-030, Findings of Fact 795 at 946.

10 D-19-09-051 at 623; D.24-012-074 at 47.

salvage estimates (impacted by increased removal costs) or increase lives from the 2016 to the 2019 GRCs, nor in the 2024 GRC. In its last proceeding, SDG&E only sought changes in parameters for gas assets and retained the parameters for electric.

The deferral of recognition of increasing removal cost requirements broadened the gap between the Company's net salvage experience and the amount authorized by the CPUC in most cases. In certain accounts a lower net salvage estimate is being proposed. However, in those accounts where the 25% change limit was imposed, the Company is getting further and further behind in the recovery of the removal cost for its investment in property, plant, and equipment. The gradualism principle only exacerbates this issue. Nevertheless, this study follows these directives in the selections for net salvage parameters for SDG&E's depreciable and amortized assets.

In examining parameters for SDG&E's accounts with the largest plant balances, as of January 1, 2025, five of the six plant accounts show an increase in negative net salvage between the depreciation rates set in D.16-06-054, D.19-09-051 and D.24-12-074 and the parameters proposed in this proceeding.

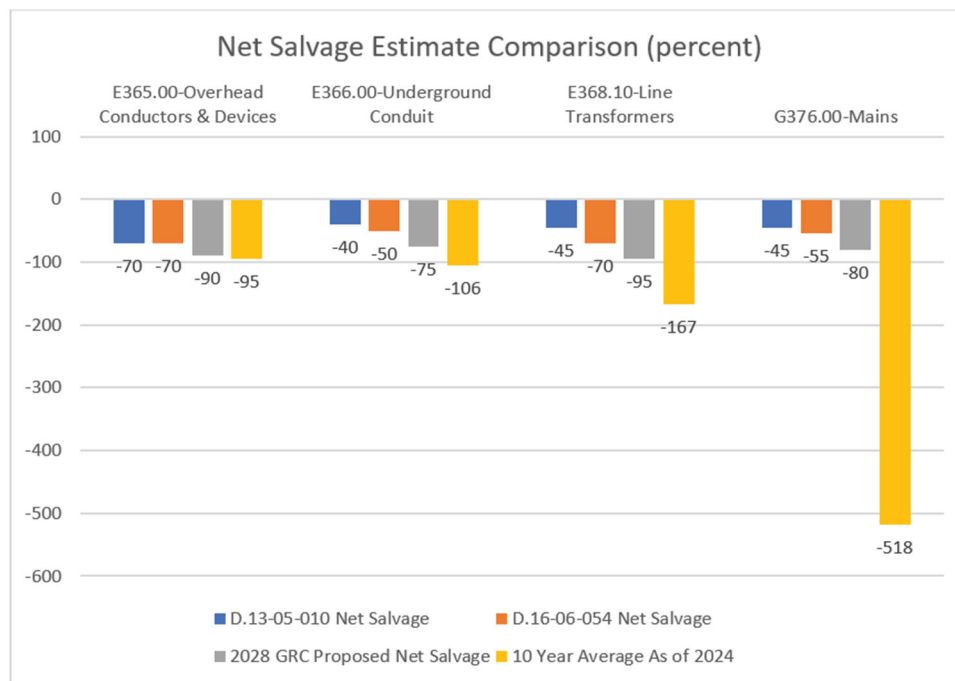
The net salvage parameters for these accounts show a more dramatic change over the years as demonstrated in Table SDGE-DW-2.

Table SDGE-DW-2
SDG&E Changes in Net Salvage Largest Accounts

Account	D.13-05-010 Net Salvage	D.16-06-054 & D.19-09-051 Net Salvage	2028 GRC Study Proposed Net Salvage	Net Salvage Change	10 Year Average As of 2024
E364.00-Poles, Towers & Fxtr	-95	-100	-90	10	-87
E365.00-Overhead Cond & Dev	-70	-70	-90	-20	-95
E366.00-Underground Conduit	-40	-50	-75	-25	-106

Account	D.13-05-010 Net Salvage	D.16-06-054 & D.19-09-051 Net Salvage	2028 GRC Study Proposed Net Salvage	Net Salvage Change	10 Year Average As of 2024
E367.00-Undergrnd Cond & Dev	-55	-65	-75	-10	-75
E368.10-Line Transformers	-45	-70	-95	-25	-167
G376.00-Mains	-45	-55	-80	-25	-518

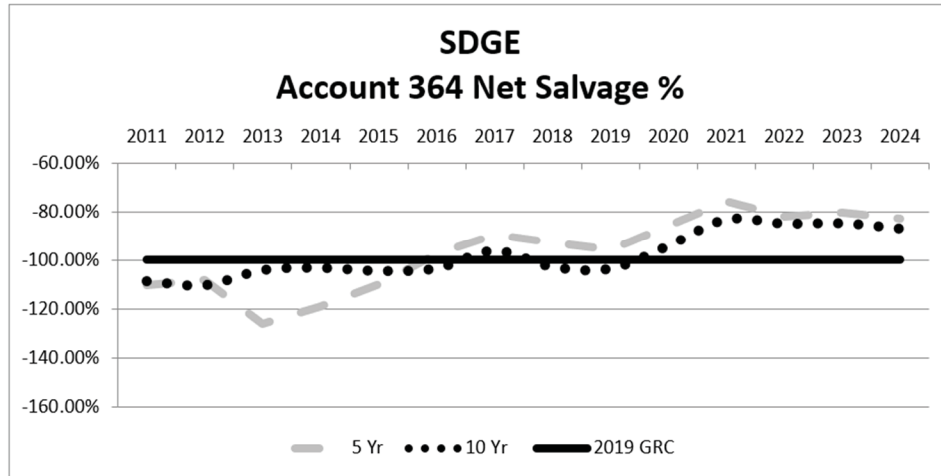
FIGURE DW-D-3
SDG&E Changes in Net Salvage Largest Accounts



By having to retain the same net salvage factors over the past thirteen years, the Company has not been able to recover its increasing net salvage expenditures from customers using those assets. For comparative purposes, we have shown the 10 year average from the net salvage study based on retirement and net salvage activity through 2024 for the four largest dollar accounts in the table above. This information was provided to illustrate the difference between historical net salvage results and the net salvage estimates proposed under the anchor of gradualism.

In some cases, like Account E364, the net salvage indications have not changed greatly from 2012 GRC levels. The graph below shows that net salvage has remained stable over the past several years.

FIGURE DW-D-4
SDG&E Account 364 Net Salvage Experience 2011-2024



But the other largest accounts show a trend to increasingly higher negative net salvage, as demonstrated in the graphs below.

FIGURE DW-D-5
SDG&E Account 366 Net Salvage Experience 2011-2024

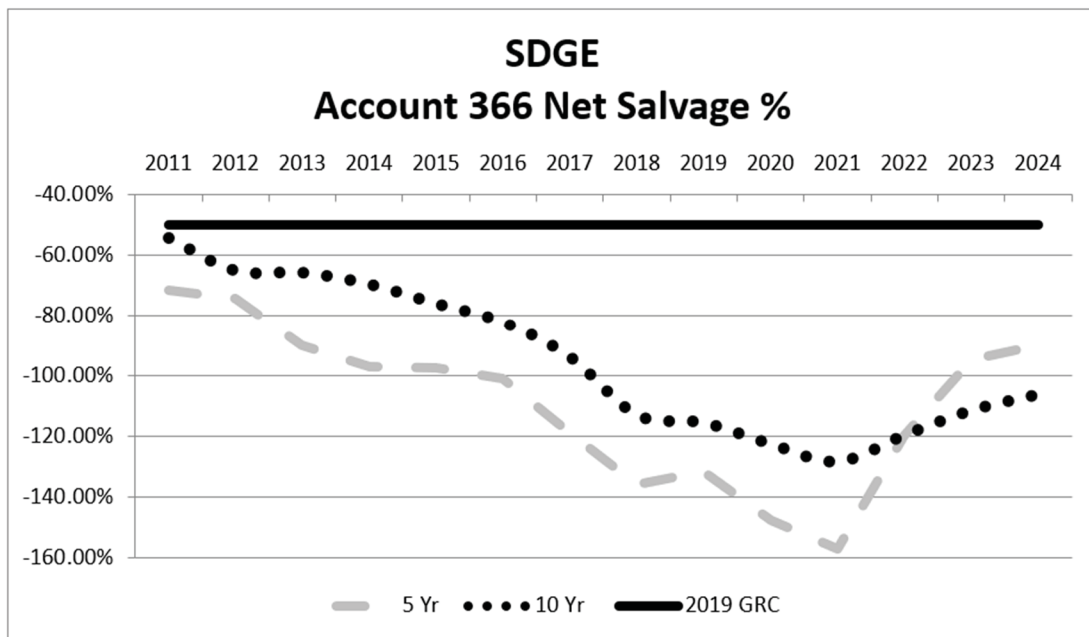


FIGURE DW-D-6
SDG&E Account 368 Net Salvage Experience 2011-2024

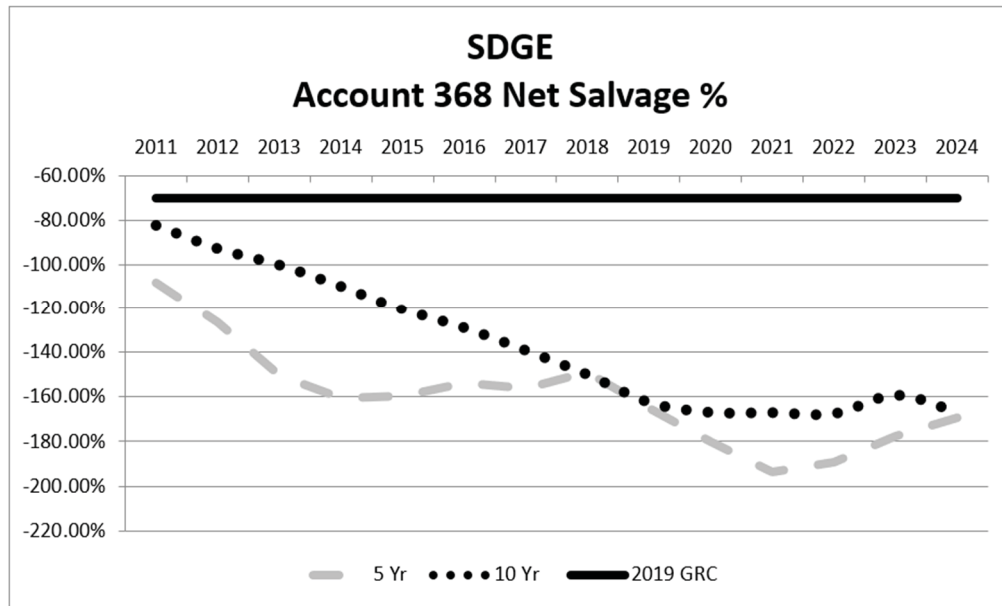
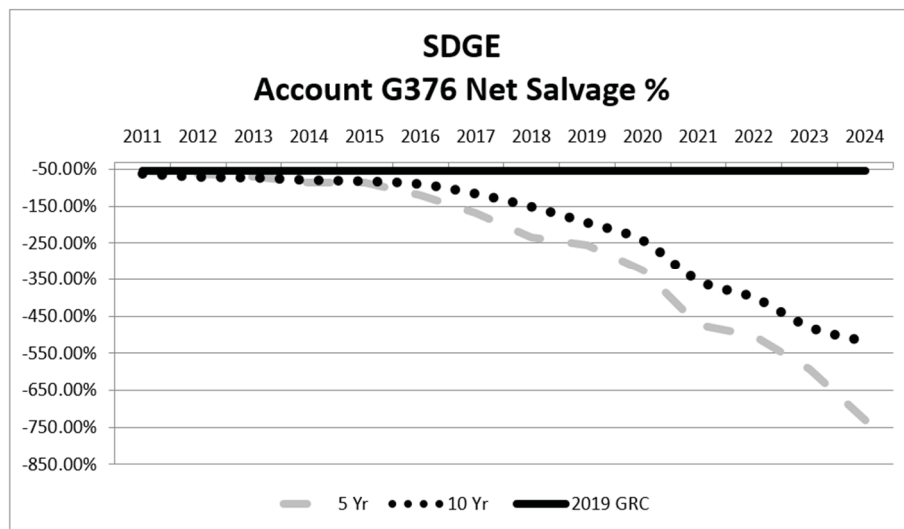


FIGURE DW-D-7
SDG&E Account 376 Gas Net Salvage Experience 2011-2024



V. RESULTS OF DEPRECIATION STUDY

The recommended life and curve dispersion and net salvage rates by account, grouped by functional class, are presented below. Documentation in support of these results is found in my workpapers, Ex. SDGE-29-WP. The service life and curve dispersion selections and estimated net salvage rates for each account were derived from statistical analyses of historical data, visual

1 matching to Iowa curves, informed judgment, discussions with field personnel, and expectations
2 about the future projection of life and dispersion curve and net salvage.

3 **A. Common Plant**

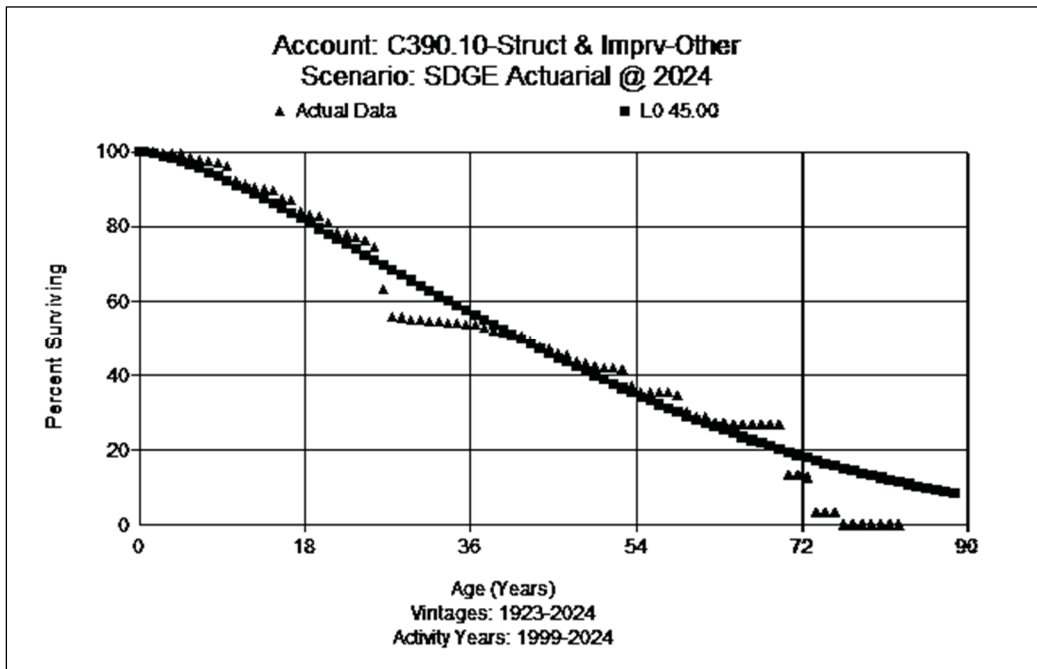
4 **1. Account C390.10 Structures & Improvements**

5 This account includes the cost of general structures and improvements used for utility
6 service. There is approximately \$659.7 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. The
7 approved life for this account is 30 years and an S1 dispersion. The Company has made changes
8 to leased facilities much more frequently than to owned facilities. SDG&E has made a
9 significant investment in system hardening, generators, security work, HVAC, and landscaping.
10 Improvements range from \$25k to \$30M.

11 There have been few structural changes to facilities. Over the next few years, there are
12 plans for significant “ground up” projects that may trigger some retirements. There are many
13 buildings that are well past 40 years old, many of which have been remodeled over time.
14 Company subject matter experts (SMEs) believe that various components in this account have
15 differing lives from the building structures: generators have a life of 15-25 years, AC systems
16 15-20 years, roofs 20-25 years, security systems 7-10 years, and carpet about 10 years.
17 Leasehold improvement projects were suspended due to COVID-19 and the office environment
18 is changing, so many leasehold decisions, changes, and improvements will be considered in the
19 future. Recent replacements of security systems have occurred at the 7-to-10-year age range
20 discussed above.

21 After evaluating input from Company SMEs, this study recommends increasing the life
22 to 45 years but moving to a slightly flatter dispersion, the L0, which is shown below in Figure
23 DW-D-8.

Figure DW-D-8
Account C390.10 – Struct & Imprv-Other



The currently authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 15 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 37 and 12 percent net salvage respectively for both periods. Based on recent experience, this study recommends moving to negative 10 percent net salvage for this account.

2. Account C391.1 Office Furniture and Equipment

This account consists of miscellaneous office furniture such as desks, chairs, filing cabinets, and tables used for common utility service. There is approximately \$47.4 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a life of 18 S6. In the early 2000s, the Company refurbished office furniture at Century Park. They are starting a new refresh cycle. There is also a safety component related to furniture and the Company is moving to more ergonomically friendly designs. Based on Company experience and feedback, the existing 18-year life is reasonable. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 18 years with an SQ dispersion.

The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 1 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

1 **3. Account C391.2 Computer Equipment**

2 This account consists of computer equipment used for common utility service. There is
3 approximately \$131.8 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a
4 life of 5 S6. This life continues to match the Company’s refresh cycle. In order to continue the
5 use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 5 years with
6 an SQ dispersion.

7 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
8 moving averages both show 0 percent net salvage. Based on the type of assets and Company
9 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

10 **4. Account C392.1 Autos**

11 This account consists of automobiles and similar transportation equipment used for
12 common utility service. There is approximately \$765 thousand in this account as of January 1,
13 2025. This account currently has a life of 10 SQ. This account contains trucks, and the 10-year
14 life continues to be appropriate for this account.

15 In order to continue the use of vintage group amortization, my study recommends an
16 amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

17 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There has been limited
18 activity in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retaining the approved 0
19 percent net salvage for this account.

20 **5. Account C392.2 Trailers**

21 This account consists of trailers and other transportation equipment used for common
22 utility service. There is approximately \$108 thousand in this account as of January 1, 2025. This
23 account currently has a life of 20 L0 and the continued use of that life is warranted. Based on the
24 practices and expectations of the Company’s fleet operations, as well as the results of the actuarial
25 analysis, this life is still reasonable.

26 In order to continue the use of vintage group amortization, my study recommends an
27 amortization period of 20 years with an SQ dispersion.

28 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There has been limited
29 retirement and/or net salvage activity in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends
30 retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

1 **6. Account C392.3 Aviation Equipment**

2 This account consists of aviation equipment from helicopters to drones. These assets are
3 used for wildfire mitigation and monitoring equipment in areas that are difficult to access. There
4 is approximately \$29.7 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has
5 a life of 10 SQ. The Company has purchased a 2017 Airbus H145 and a 2021 Bell 412 EPX.
6 After purchase, the Company operates the helicopters with strict adherence to maintenance
7 schedules, engine warranties, and part replacement at required intervals. The Company plans to
8 operate the helicopters it owns for 40 years.

9 The Company buys drones approximately every two years, and those assets are replaced
10 as technology improves with better cameras and security features. Since drones are a small
11 dollar investment in this account, the overall life of the helicopters is recommended for this
12 account. As noted, company SMEs estimate that the current helicopters will be in use for 40
13 years and see no reason that the crafts planned for purchase will have a different life. This study
14 recommends an amortization period of 40 years with an SQ dispersion based on discussion with
15 Company SMEs who are familiar with these assets. The company plans to keep its current
16 helicopters 40 years and maintain the helicopters with manufacturer recommendations.

17 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There is a robust market
18 for used helicopters. There is limited data in the public domain to predict the value of the
19 helicopters 40 years from now. The small quantity of drones in this account has no value at the
20 end of their lives and no salvage is predicted for those assets. Based on judgment and limited
21 value of 40-year old helicopters, this study recommends moving to positive 10 percent net
22 salvage for this account.

23 **7. Account C393.10 Stores Equipment**

24 This account consists of stores equipment used for general utility service. There is
25 approximately \$333 thousand in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a
26 life of 19 L0. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's operating personnel and
27 the 25-year life recommendation for similar assets in Account E393.10, this study recommends
28 moving to a 25-year life with an SQ dispersion, matching the life of Account E393.10.

29 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
30 moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company
31 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

1 **8. Account C394.11 Portable Tools**

2 This account consists of portable tools such as mobile computer, test equipment, and
3 pumps. There is approximately \$1.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account
4 currently has a life of 23 R2.5.

5 In this common function, two-thirds of the total plant is ruggedized laptops (MDTs) used
6 in the field. Company experts believe that a life of 23 years is not reasonable for these laptops.
7 Company Experts and Alliance believe a life of 10 years for this account based on the asset
8 mixture is operationally reasonable.

9 In order to continue the use of vintage group amortization, my study recommends an
10 amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion associated with portable tools such as
11 mobile computer, test equipment, and pumps.

12 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
13 moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company
14 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

15 **9. Account C394.21 Shop Equipment**

16 This account consists of shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners.
17 There is approximately \$136 thousand in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account
18 currently has a life of 35 L1.5, which is much longer than would be expected for the assets in this
19 account.

20 Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's operating personnel, this life is
21 longer than expected for these types of assets. Therefore, my study proposes moving to a 15-
22 year life.

23 In order to continue to use vintage group amortization, my study recommends an
24 amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

25 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There was gross salvage
26 received in 2017 that has not occurred in other periods. Based on judgment, this study
27 recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

28 **10. Account C394.31 Garage Equipment**

29 This account consists of various garage equipment such as lathes and other tools. There
30 is approximately \$1.9 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a
31 life of 19 R3.

1 Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's operating personnel, this life is
2 still appropriate. In order to continue to use vintage group amortization, my study recommends
3 an amortization period of 19 years with an SQ dispersion.

4 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
5 moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company
6 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

7 **11. Account C395.10 Laboratory Equipment**

8 This account consists of laboratory equipment used in general utility service. There is
9 approximately \$2.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a
10 life of 25 R5.

11 Company experts report that the items used for laboratory equipment are increasingly
12 technology driven. Based on their recent experience, they do not believe these assets can last 25
13 years. Their expectations are 15 years at most.

14 My study continues to use vintage group amortization with an amortization period of 15
15 years with an SQ dispersion.

16 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
17 moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company
18 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

19 **12. Account C397.30 Communication Equipment**

20 This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment used in general utility
21 service. Assets in this account include AV equipment, network infrastructure equipment, and
22 telecom equipment. There is approximately \$559.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025.

23 This account currently has a life of 13 S6. Company personnel report that these assets
24 are very technology driven. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's operating
25 personnel, a 15 year life is appropriate.

26 In order to continue to use vintage group amortization, my study recommends an
27 amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

28 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year
29 moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company
30 experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

13. Account C398.10 Miscellaneous Equipment

This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. There is approximately \$3.3 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a life of 13 R0.5.

Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's operating personnel, a 15 year life is appropriate. In order to continue to use vintage group amortization, my study recommends an amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

The current authorized net salvage for this account is 10 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends moving to 0 percent net salvage for this account.

B. Electric Production Plant

The balance for Electric Steam Production Plant as of January 1, 2025, was \$570.1 million. The accumulated reserve was \$385.8 million. The balance for Other Production Plant as of January 1, 2025, was \$534.5 million. The accumulated reserve was \$354.7 million.

Electric steam production and other production plant consists of several large-scale generation plants, and numerous, smaller, renewable-energy projects. While these plants are discussed as single units, the unique assets comprising them are accounted for across the FERC accounts below, with separate delineation by large-scale facility and renewable-energy type.

Table SDGE-DW-3
Electric Production FERC Accounts

Steam Production	Other Production
310: Land Rights	340: Land Rights
311: Structures and Improvements	341: Structures and Improvements
312: Boiler Plant Equipment	342: Fuel Holders, Producers, and Accessories
313: Engines and Engine-Driven Generators	343: Prime Movers
314: Turbogenerator Units	344: Generators
315: Accessory Electric Equipment	345: Accessory Electric Equipment
316: Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment	346: Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment

1. Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant

The Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant (CPEP) is a 45-megawatt (MW) single unit simple-cycle peaking power plant that was purchased from CalPeak Power-El Cajon LLC in January

2012.¹¹ The depreciation study models CPEP to be retired in 2027. Sargent & Lundy (S&L) performed an independent dismantling cost study for CPEP. These costs were escalated to 2025 dollars. The results of this study are included in the calculation of depreciation rate for CPEP.¹²

As a single unit production site, SDG&E continues to utilize end-of-life accounting with a fixed decommissioning date of mid-2027 based on a 25-year service life. No interim retirements for this plant were modeled in the depreciation study. Additionally, while S&L notes that “[t]he decommissioning costs are expected to increase by the end of service life of the asset due to escalation,”¹³ the FNS% proposal in the depreciation study is based on a conservative allocation across associated depreciation accounts for this plant.

**Table SDGE-DW-4
Depreciation Parameters - CPEP**

	Current				Proposed		
Account	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%		Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%
E341.00	SQ	mid-2027	-17.45%		SQ	mid-2027	-36.37%
E342.00	SQ	mid-2027	-5.02%		SQ	mid-2027	-16.74%
E343.00	SQ	mid-2027	0.00%		SQ	mid-2027	0.00%
E315.00	SQ	mid-2027	-9.07%		SQ	mid-2027	-7.60%
E345.00	SQ	mid-2027	-14.47%		SQ	mid-2027	-30.80%
E346.00	SQ	mid-2027	0.00%		SQ	mid-2027	0.00%

2. Desert Star Energy Center

The Desert Star Energy Center (DSEC) is a 480-MW electric generating facility situated on land leased from the City of Boulder City, Nevada. In mid-2000, facility now known as DSEC entered commercial operation under the ownership of El Dorado Energy, LLC (EDE). SDG&E purchased EDE in October 2011 and merged EDE into SDG&E to acquire direct ownership of EDE’s assets, including the DSEC.¹⁴ The depreciation study models DSEC to

¹¹ SDG&E Peaker Plants Fact Sheet (May 27, 2014).

¹² S&L, *Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant Decommissioning Study* (April 4, 2022), Table ES-1 at II.

¹³ *Id.* at I.

¹⁴ See generally *Sempra Energy Power I., et al.*, 122 FERC ¶ 62,128 (2008) (authorizing transaction resulting in SDG&E’s acquiring ownership of the generating facility now known as DSEC).

retire in 2044 based on the lease requirements and is supported by the Electric Generation testimony, Ex. SDGE-10.

S&L performed an independent dismantling cost study for DSEC. These costs were escalated to 2025 dollars. The results of this study are included in the calculation of depreciation rate for DSEC. As a production site, SDG&E continues to utilize end-of-life accounting with a fixed retirement and decommissioning date based upon lease requirements. No interim retirements were modeled for this facility in the depreciation study. While S&L notes that “[t]he decommissioning costs are expected to increase by the end of service life of the asset due to escalation,”¹⁵ the FNS% proposal in the depreciation study is based on escalated 2025 dollars reflected in the future net salvage percentages that were allocated across associated depreciation accounts for this plant.

**Table SDGE-DW-5
Depreciation Parameters - DSEC**

	Current				Proposed		
Account	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%		Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%
E311.00	SQ	Apr-2026	10.58%		SQ	Feb-2044	-15.42%
E312.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-4.27%		SQ	Feb-2044	-4.85%
E314.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-10.49%		SQ	Feb-2044	-7.85%
E315.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-0.08%		SQ	Feb-2044	-1.06%
E316.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-0.70%		SQ	Feb-2044	-0.48%
E341.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-30.74%		SQ	Feb-2044	-146.37%
E342.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-24.16%		SQ	Feb-2044	-2.07%
E343.00	SQ	Apr-2026	0.00%		SQ	Feb-2044	0.0%.
E344.00	SQ	Apr-2026	-0.42%		SQ	Feb-2044	-1.12%
E345.00	SQ	Apr-2026	4.71%		SQ	Feb-2044	-3.41%
E346.00	SQ	Apr-2026	0.00%		SQ	Feb-2044	0.0%

¹⁵ S&L, Desert Star Energy Center Decommissioning Study (April 4, 2022) at I.

3. Miramar Energy Facility

The Miramar Energy Facility (MEF) consists of two units. The first facility entered service in 2005. The second, which is virtually identical to the first, entered service in 2009.

S&L performed an independent dismantling cost study for MEF. These costs were escalated to 2025 dollars. The results of this study are included in the calculation of depreciation rate for MEF. As a single production site, SDG&E continues to utilize end-of-life accounting with affixed decommissioning date of mid-2032, based on a 25-year ASL from the average in-service date for the units.

No interim retirements were modeled for this facility in the depreciation study. While S&L notes that “decommissioning costs are expected to increase by the end of service life due to escalation,”¹⁶ the FNS% proposal is based on escalated 2025 dollars reflected in the future net salvage percentages that were allocated across associated depreciation accounts for this plant.

Table SDGE-DW-6
Depreciation Parameters – MEF

Account	Current			Proposed		
	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%
E341.00	SQ	mid-2032	-6.76%	SQ	mid-2032	-9.58%
E342.00	SQ	mid-2032	-2.92%	SQ	mid-2032	-6.14%
E343.00	SQ	mid-2032	0.00%	SQ	mid-2032	0.00%
E344.00	SQ	mid-2032	-2.61%	SQ	mid-2032	-6.10%
E345.00	SQ	mid-2032	-1.08%	SQ	mid-2032	-4.50%
E346.00	SQ	mid-2032	0.00%	SQ	mid-2032	0.00%

4. Palomar Energy Center

The Palomar Energy Center (PEC), which went into service in 2006, is a 588 MW, natural gas-fired, electric generation facility owned by SDG&E. S&L performed an independent dismantling cost study for PEC. These costs were escalated to 2025 dollars. The results of this study are included in the calculation of depreciation rate for PEC.

As a single production site, SDG&E continues to utilize End-of-Life Accounting with a fixed decommissioning date of mid-2036, based on a 30-year ASL. No interim retirements were modeled for this facility in the depreciation study. While S&L notes that “[t]he

¹⁶ S&L, Miramar Energy Facility Decommissioning Study (April 4, 2022) at I.

decommissioning costs are expected to increase by the end of service life of the asset due to escalation,”¹⁷ the FNS% recommendation is based on escalated 2025 dollars reflected in the future net salvage percentages that were allocated across associated depreciation accounts for this plant.

**Table SDGE-DW-7
Depreciation Parameters – PEC**

Account	Current			Proposed		
	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%	Curve	Decom. Date	FNS%
E311.00	SQ	mid-2036	-2.30%	SQ	mid-2036	-3.98%
E312.00	SQ	mid-2036	-2.30%	SQ	mid-2036	-4.01%
E314.00	SQ	mid-2036	-1.41%	SQ	mid-2036	-3.40%
E315.00	SQ	mid-2036	-0.32%	SQ	mid-2036	-1.66%
E316.00	SQ	mid-2036	-0.25%	SQ	mid-2036	-0.30%
E341.00	SQ	mid-2036	-3.29%	SQ	mid-2036	-5.57%
E342.00	SQ	mid-2036	-1.45%	SQ	mid-2036	-3.50%
E344.00	SQ	mid-2036	-0.60%	SQ	mid-2036	-1.62%
E345.00	SQ	mid-2036	3.06%	SQ	mid-2036	-7.34%
E346.00	SQ	mid-2036	0.00%	SQ	mid-2036	0.00%

5. Account 315.20 Steam Computer Software

Account 315.20 is a new account that was created in compliance with FERC Order 898¹⁸ and contains software dedicated to all steam locations. There is \$3.0 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

Similar to other software accounts, the proposed life for this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to use besides this life. The Company requests approval to add software periods of 2, 3, 4, and 10 years.

This study recommends using a proposed net salvage estimate of 0 percent since at the end of its life, software has little to no value.

¹⁷ S&L, Palomar Energy Center Decommissioning Study (April 4, 2022) at I.

¹⁸ See FERC Order No. 898 at 62 and 93, available at: <https://www.ferc.gov/media/order-no-898>.

6. Solar Energy Projects

SDG&E has installed numerous solar energy projects (SEP), or photovoltaic (PV) power-generation equipment, throughout its service territory. Currently, the approved life and curve for these facilities is 25 years with a SQ dispersion.

S&L performed an independent dismantling cost estimates for SEP. These costs were escalated to 2025 dollars. The results of this study are included in the calculation of depreciation rate for SEP. There are two types of solar assets in this account: the Ramona facility and various rooftop solar installations.

The two estimates computed by S&L were combined to produce the net salvage percentages shown below. While S&L notes that “[d]ecommissioning costs are expected to increase by the end of service life due to escalation,”¹⁹ the FNS% recommendation is based on escalated 2025 dollars reflected in the future net salvage percentages that were allocated across associated depreciation accounts,

Table SDGE-DW-8 Depreciation Parameters - SEP					
	Current			Proposed	
Account	Curve	FNS%		Curve	FNS%
E338.11	R2 30	-50.00%		SQ-15	-25.00%
E338.12	SQ-25	0.00%		SQ-25	-21.57%
E338.40	SQ-25	0.00%		SQ-25	-21.57%
E338.50	SQ-25	0.00%		SQ-25	-21.57%
E338.70	SQ-25	0.00%		S2-10	-21.57%
E338.80	SQ-25	0.00%		SQ-25	-21.57%

7. Account E344.2 Generators Other

This account consists of generators, gas turbines and control systems, circulating water systems, and other related assets. The plant balance in this account is \$7.6 million as of December 31, 2025.

No specific power plant is mentioned for these assets. The assets in this account are large portable generators that can be used at any location. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets.

¹⁹ S&L, Ramona Solar Energy Plant Decommissioning Study (April 4, 2022) at I.

1 The ability to move these assets to different locations results in more wear and tear
2 relative to fixed assets. Given those circumstances, I recommend in my judgment a 20-year life
3 with an R1 dispersion for these assets.

4 The current net salvage percentage is 0 percent. There has been little to no net salvage
5 activity for this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends 0 percent net salvage for
6 this account.

7 **C. Electric Distribution Plant**

8 The balance for Electric Distribution plant as of January 1, 2025, was \$11.181 billion.
9 The accumulated reserve was \$4.180 billion.

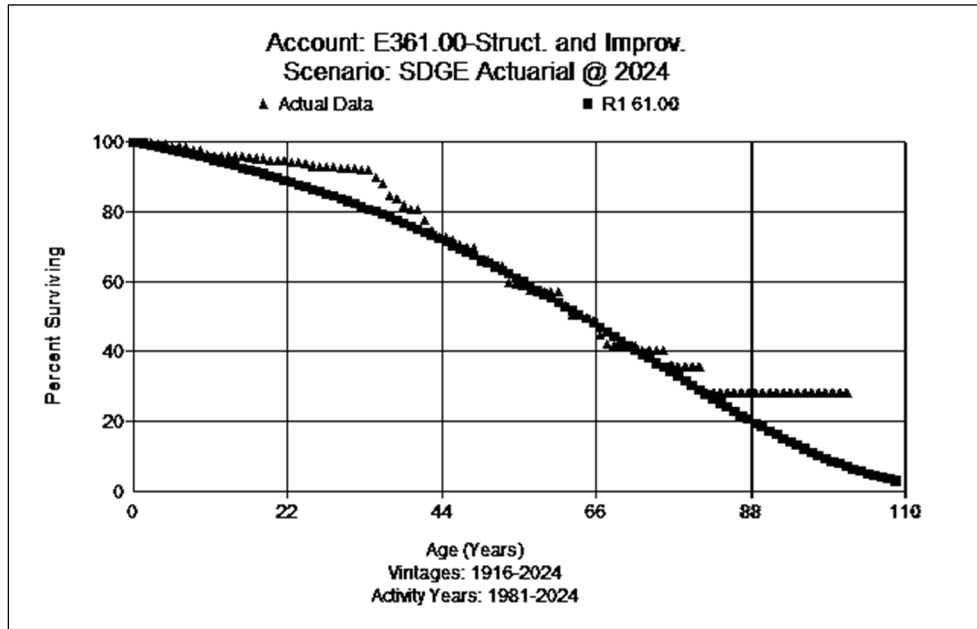
10 **1. Account E361.0 Structures & Improvements**

11 This grouping contains facilities, such as building station control, fencing, yard
12 improvements, and other structures for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was
13 approximately \$20.0 million in this account. The approved life and curve is 63 years with an R2.5
14 dispersion. The Company is removing all its 12kV-4kV stations, averaging 1-2 removals per year
15 over the past few years. Prior to that, SDG&E was removing one every 1-2 years.

16 There is a diverse mixture of assets in the account that have a wide range of lives. Longer
17 lived assets would be site preparation, drainage, and foundations. Shorter lived assets are security
18 system upgrades, which have been added in the past few years. Some of the more recent bands
19 are showing a slight reduction in life to 57 years. To move partway in direction of this trend, this
20 study recommends a slight decrease in average life.

21 Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, this
22 Study recommends moving the life to 61 years and moving to an R1 dispersion. A graph of the
23 observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below in Figure DW-D-9.

Figure DW-D-9
Account 361- Structures and Improvements



The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 125 percent. Transactional history shows a negative net salvage in nearly every year analyzed. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 122 and negative 345 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. After examining SDG&E history and the continued strong trend in increasingly negative net salvage, moving toward the more negative indications with the net salvage estimate is recommended for this account. This study recommends a 25 percent change, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent, moving the proposed net salvage estimate to negative 150 percent.

2. Account E362.1 Station Equipment

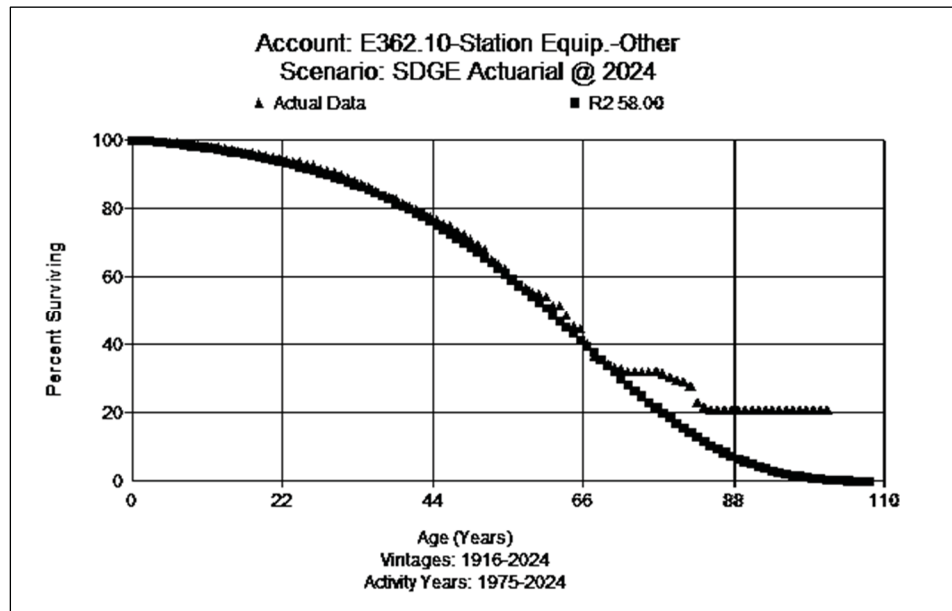
This grouping contains switchboards, station wiring, transformers, and a wide variety of other equipment, from circuit breakers to switchgear, for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$742.1 million in this account. The existing approved life is 51 years with an R1.5 dispersion curve.

As stated in Account E361, the Company is planning to remove all 12kV - 4 kV substations over the next 10 years (around 10-20 stations out of around 180-200 stations). CBM (Condition Based Monitoring) monitoring occurs for transformers in this account. Many transformers are older than the 51-year approved life.

Company SMEs expect transformers to have a 40–60-year life. At this point, 30-35 transformers are past the 60-year mark. Breakers are a mix of oil, vacuum, and air. The life expectations for different types of breakers are oil 50 years, vacuum 30 years, and metal clad 30-50 years. There are some electromechanical relays on the system.

But the Company would replace electromechanical relays with solid state relays upon replacement of the relay. Company SMEs state that the ranges of life for relays are 20 years for solid state and 30-40 years for electromechanical. Ground grids are generally maintained rather than having a full-scale replacement. Batteries are estimated to have a life in the range of 10–20 years. From an operations perspective, Company experts support an increase in life. Based on the analysis, type of assets, and Company input, this study recommends moving to a 58 R2. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-10.

Figure DW-D-10
Account 362- Station Equipment



The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 125 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 116 and negative 144 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. After examining SDG&E history and the continued trend, the currently approved estimate is within the historical averages. This study recommends retaining the proposed net salvage estimate of negative 125 percent.

1 **3. Account E363.2 Computer Software**

2 This account includes software. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC
3 Order 898. There is \$202.9 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

4 The current life of this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to
5 use besides the current life. The Company requests approval to add software periods of 2, 3, 4,
6 and 10 years.

7 This study recommends retaining the proposed net salvage estimate of 0 percent since at
8 the end of its life, software has little to no value.

9 **4. Account E363.3 Communication Equipment**

10 This account includes communication equipment used in electric distribution operations.
11 This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC Order 898. The equipment was
12 transferred from Account E397.10- Communication Equipment Other. There is \$157.8 million
13 in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

14 The current life of this account is 30 years with an R2 dispersion. 30 years is well
15 beyond the operational expectation for current communication equipment. Based on information
16 from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion
17 for this account. No graph is shown.

18 The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 50 percent.
19 Transactional history shows a negative net salvage in nearly every year analyzed. Using
20 Account 397.10 as a proxy, the most recent period, a moving average of negative 32 and
21 negative 35 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. After examining
22 SDG&E history and the continued strong trend in slightly less negative net salvage than in past
23 periods, negative 25 percent net salvage is recommended for this account.

24 **5. Account E364.0 Poles, Towers & Fixtures**

25 This account contains poles, towers, and fixtures for distribution plant. As of January 1,
26 2025, there was approximately \$1.4 billion in this account. The approved life is 47 R0.5.

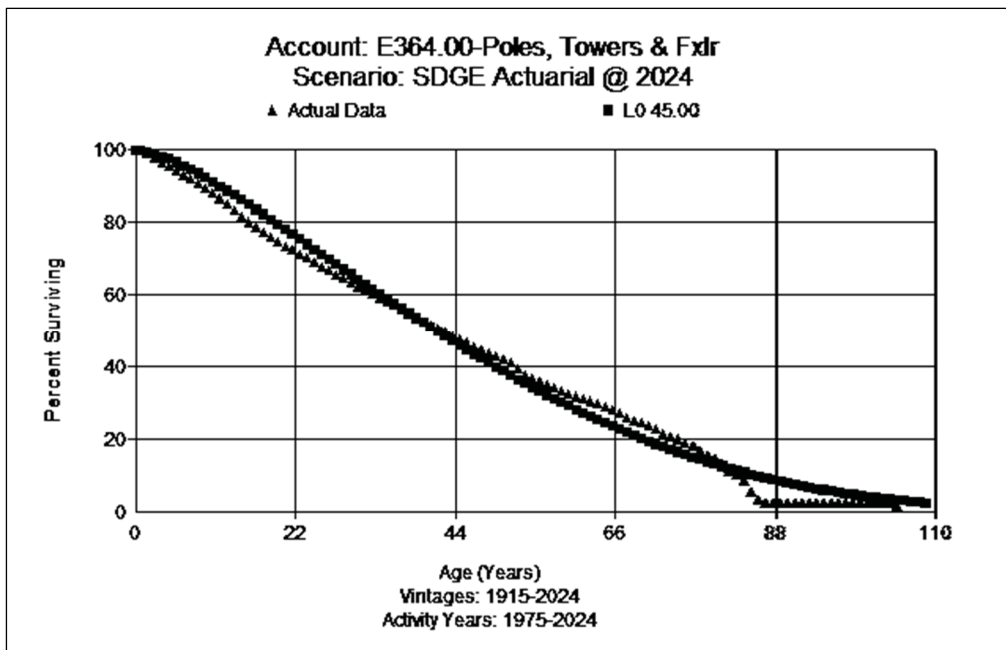
27 The Company uses poles made of wood, steel, and concrete. For the past 30 years, the
28 Company has gradually been moving from wood poles to steel and concrete. The wood poles
29 being replaced are likely 50+ years old at retirement. Company experts state that steel poles
30 have a 50+ year life per the manufacturer, which is also support by operations experience.

Concrete poles installed over the past 20-30 years have issues with spalling corrosion. Fiberglass poles have a life of 30 or more years.

Company experts report that they are proactively undergrounding in certain fire hardening areas. The largest hardening effort is focused on areas with wood poles. Some areas that may have had wood changed out to steel in the past would now, based on risk assessment, move to undergrounding or replacement with covered wire. And some portions of the steel poles in areas that have already been hardened may need to be reworked.

The undergrounding effort will install only 880 miles of underground to convert 587 miles of overhead. Shorter-term actuarial analysis would support a much shorter life and the longer-term actuarial analysis supports a small decrease in life. Based on the analysis, Company input, and judgment, this study recommends moving to a 45-year life with the L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-11.

Figure DW-D-11
Account 364- Poles, Towers and Fixtures



The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 100 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 83 percent and negative 87 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Given the slight decrease in experienced net salvage, the study recommends an incremental movement to a negative 90 percent net salvage estimate.

6. Account E365.0 Overhead Conductor & Devices

This account consists of overhead (OH) conductor of various thickness, as well as various switches and reclosers. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$1.6 billion in the account. The approved life is 55 R0.5.

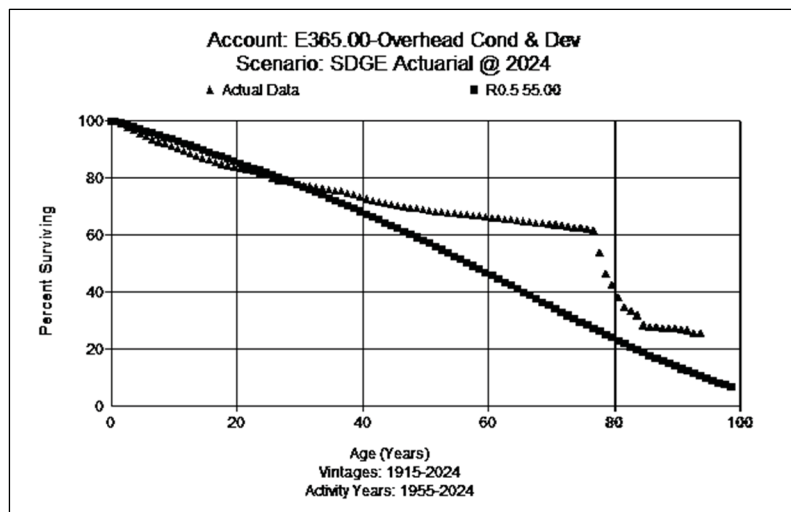
From an operations perspective, Company experts expect that overhead wire would have a longer life than poles. The Company has an active reconductoring program and will, in some cases, replace conductor when hardening the system. Specifically, the Company is replacing single strand with multistrand steel conductor.

With the 10-year plan, SDG&E is expecting over 800 miles of covered conductor to be installed, of which about 40% could be rework. There will be some early retirements with the rework. The Company has no current plans to replace conductor with covered conductor outside of the HFTD area.

Covered conductor is a newer technology for the Company. Based on engineering analysis and history from other companies, Company experts expect the covered conductor to last as long as the bare wire. There will be areas where the conductor has been hardened but will now be replaced with covered conductor, but the steel poles will not be replaced.

Based on the actuarial analysis, Company input, the type of assets, and judgment, this study recommends retaining the current 55-year life with an R0.5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-12.

Figure DW-D-12
Account 365- Overhead Conductor



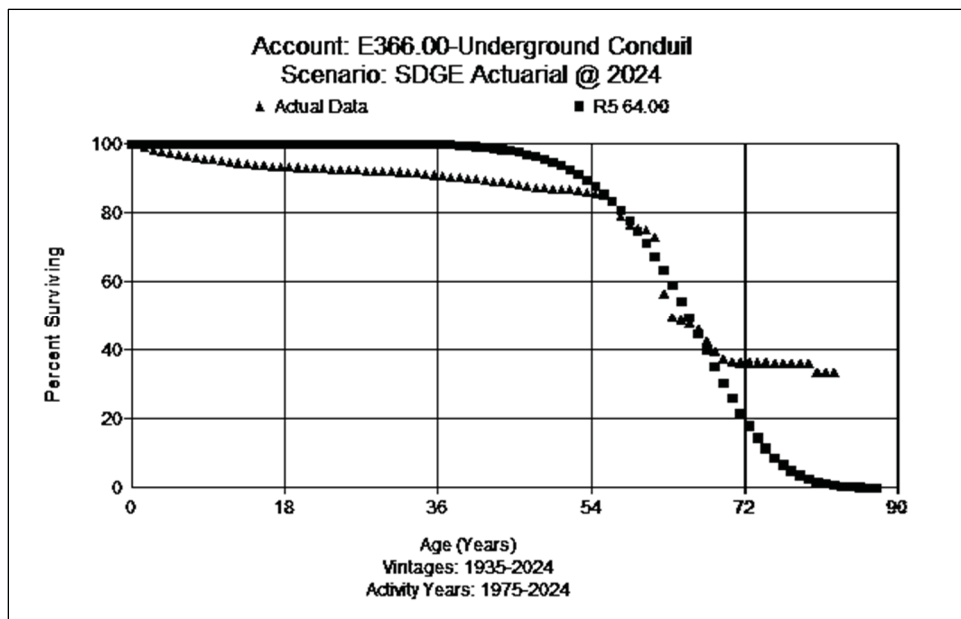
The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 90 and negative 95 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. As with the substation accounts, following the CPUC precedent on gradualism, this study recommends moving toward those indications with a negative 90 percent net salvage estimate.

7. Account E366.0 Underground Conduit

This account consists of underground conduit, duct banks, vaults, and ventilating system equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$2.2 billion in this account. The approved life is 57 years with an R3 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs state that they have moved away from soil compacted back fill, and since the 1970s/80s have used a slurry mix, which better protects conductors. Based on indications from the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, this study recommends increasing to a 64-year life and moving to a R5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-13 below.

Figure DW-D-13
Account 366- Underground Conduit



The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 50 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 90 and negative 106 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To incrementally model net salvage in the future and give recognition to the higher negative net salvage indications, as with the previous accounts, this

study, consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, recommends a negative 75 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

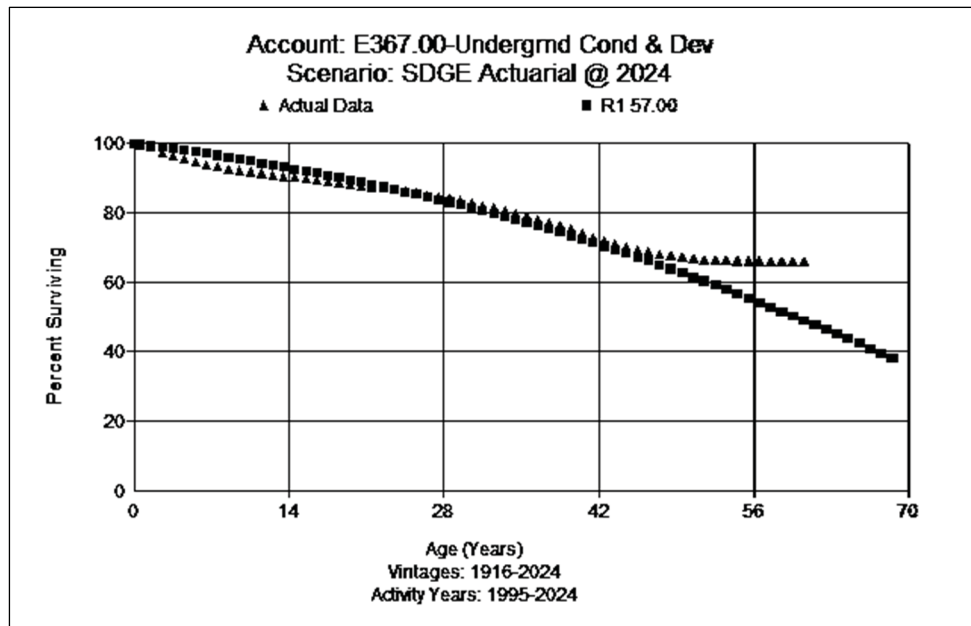
8. Account E367.0 Underground Conductors & Devices

This account consists of underground conductor, switches, and switchgear for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$2.5 billion in this account. The currently approved life estimate is 45 years with the R3 dispersion curve.

Company experts report connectors and related materials have improved compared to historical standards. Cable technology has improved over time. The HFTD areas are generally not in coastal areas and thus face less water issues overall.

Analytics from actuarial analysis demonstrates a longer life. Company experts agree that from an operations perspective, moving the life of this account longer is reasonable. Based on the analysis, Company input, the types of assets, and judgment, this study recommends an increase in life to 57 years while moving to the R1 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-14.

Figure DW-D-14
Account 367 Underground Conductor and Devices



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 65 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 62 percent and negative 75 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Based on current trends to higher negative net

salvage, this study recommends negative 75 percent net salvage estimate for this account at this time.

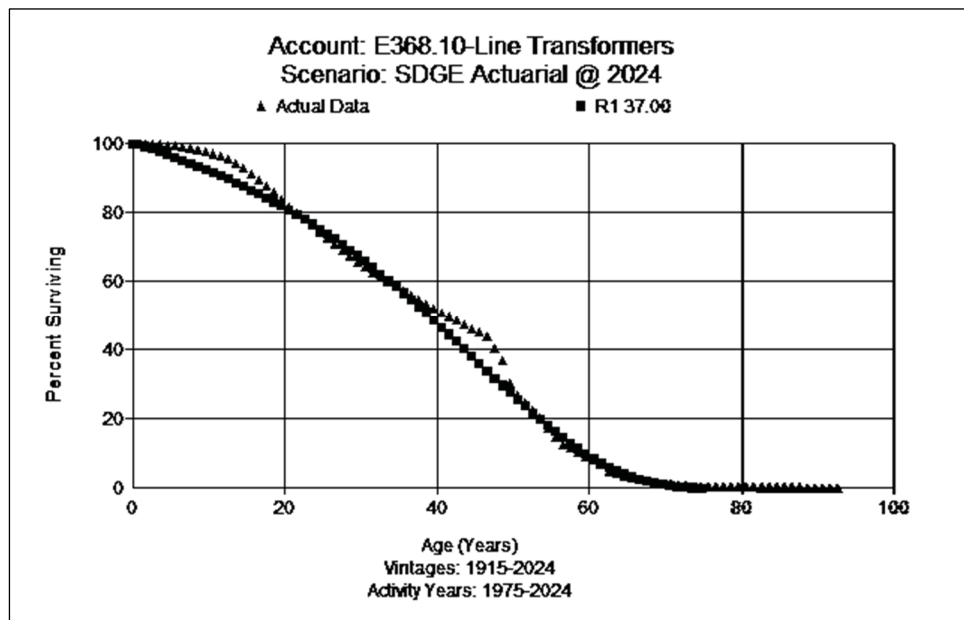
9. Account E368.1 Line Transformers

This account consists of line transformers, regulators, and capacitors. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$991.0 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 years with an L0.5 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs report that they have better protection and better lightning arrestors than in the past. The Company has reduced the amount of repairing of old transformers, and newer transformers are more robust. When a line is hardened, the transformers and capacitors would also be changed out, as well as the lightning arresters, fuses, etc. These assets would be changed out in HFTD areas as necessary even if the pole or conductor was not replaced.

Actuarial analysis shows a slightly longer life in the 36 to 37 year range. Company SMEs state that, given the better materials and upgrades, a slightly longer life makes sense operationally. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends an increase in the life to 37-years while moving to an R1 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-15.

Figure DW-D-15
Account 368.1- Line Transformers



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 170 and negative 167 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Based on current trends to higher negative net salvage, this study recommends negative 95 percent net salvage estimate for this account at this time.

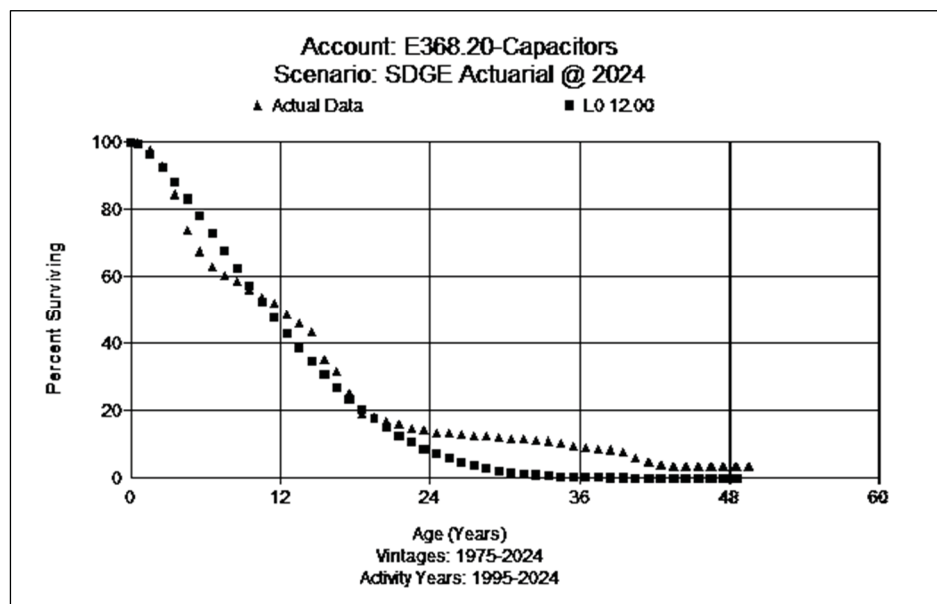
10. Account E368.2 Capacitor Banks

This account consists of capacitor banks installed around line transformers. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$48.2 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 12 years with an L0 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs are not aware of any material changes in this account that would affect the life of capacitors. Some future activities (such as better communication) may shorten the life as the reliability of the equipment can be better understood.

The current life is 12 years, which appears to remain unchanged in the analysis. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends retention of the existing 12-year life with an L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-16.

Figure DW-D-16
Account 368.2- Capacitors



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 47 percent and negative 55 percent exists

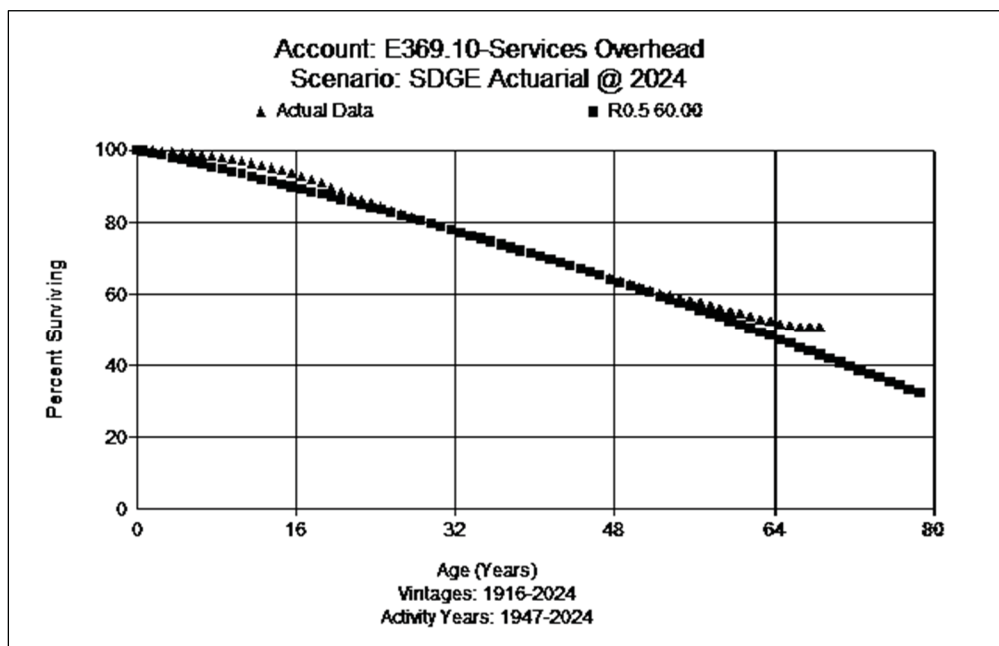
for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. If one examines the period ending in 2019, a moving average of negative 71 percent and negative 110 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively, indicated a movement toward less negative salvage in more recent history. To model net salvage toward the indications while being consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, a negative 60 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

11. Account E369.1 Overhead Services

This account includes overhead electric services. As of January 1, 2025, the balance in this account was approximately \$454.0 million. The current approved life for this account is 55 years with the R0.5 dispersion curve. Company SMEs state that equipment in this account would be similar to Account E365 Overhead Conductor (where the approved life is the same for both accounts).

There are no drivers for a material life change from an operations perspective. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 60-year life with an R0.5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-17.

Figure DW-D-17
Account 369.1- Overhead Services



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 110 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 2443 percent and negative 935 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while being consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, a negative 135 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

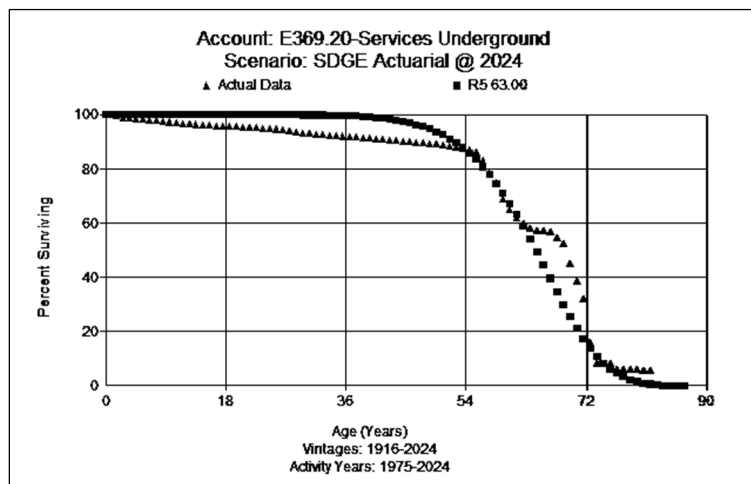
12. Account E369.2 Underground Services

This account includes underground electric services. As of January 1, 2025, the balance in this account was approximately \$487.1 million. The current approved life for this account is 53 years with the L4 dispersion curve.

Company SMEs report that they are installing increasing levels of underground services. The Company is also installing better hardware that would tend to increase the life from an operations perspective. Company SMEs report that they have updated their cable to better-quality material.

SDG&E no longer uses paper lead (1920-1960) and will replace those services when found. In the early 1960s they moved to in-conduit services, which is more reliable with fewer outages. Around the time of changing to conduit, the Company also started using XLPE. From an operations perspective, Company SMEs believe it is reasonable to move the life of this account out. Based on the analysis, type of assets, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 63-year life and move to the R5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown in Figure DW-D-18.

Figure DW-D-18
Account 369.2- Underground Services



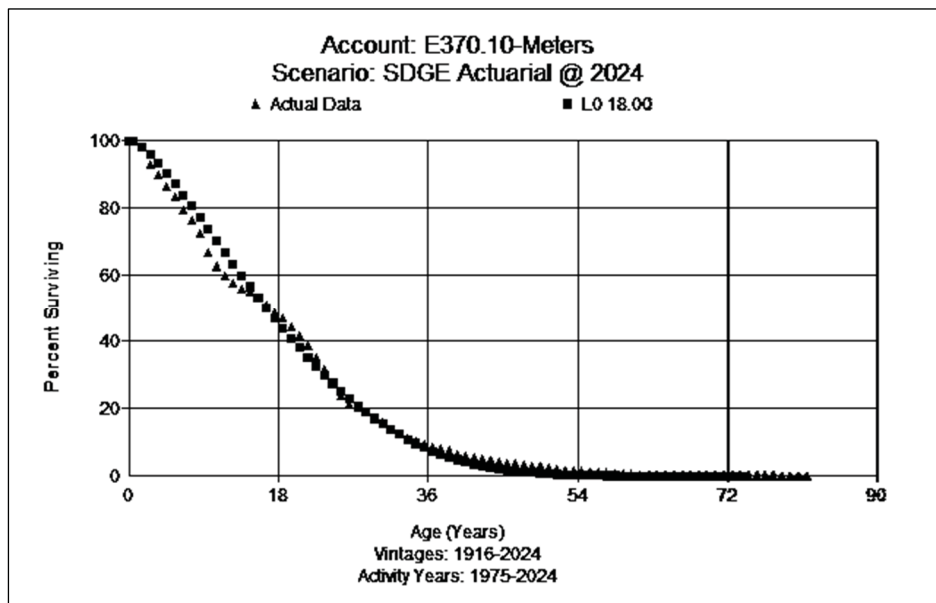
The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 75 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 1306 percent and negative 603 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while being consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, a negative 100 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

13. Account E370.10 Meters

This account includes all distribution meters, excluding Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) Meters. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$12.2 million in this account. The current approved life is 48 years with an R0.5 dispersion curve.

There are very few electromechanical meters left on the system. There are proactive measures to replace old meters. The remaining electromechanical meters are mostly used for opting out customers. There are about 2,000-3,000 opt out meters. The Company has been moving to solid state meters (non-communicating) for opt out meters. Analytics show a large drop in life for these assets based on the change from electromechanical to electronic meters. Based on the analysis, type of assets, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 18-year life and move to the L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown Figure DW-D-19.

Figure DW-D-19
Account 370.1- Meters



1 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
2 recent period, there is a moving average of 0 percent for the five-year and 3 percent for the 10-
3 year bands. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this
4 account.

5 **14. Account E370.11 Meters Electronic**

6 This account includes AMR equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately
7 \$223.3 million in this account. Company SMEs report that some AMR meters have had early
8 failures due to internal capacitors failing.

9 There was also a batch in 2009-2010 that had manufacturing issues (specific to the
10 displays). The existing infrastructure is only lasting 10-12 years in some cases. Although there
11 are some advanced failures, a 15-year life is still generally reasonable from an operations
12 perspective. Based on input from Company SMEs, this study recommends retention of the
13 existing 15-year life with an SQ dispersion.

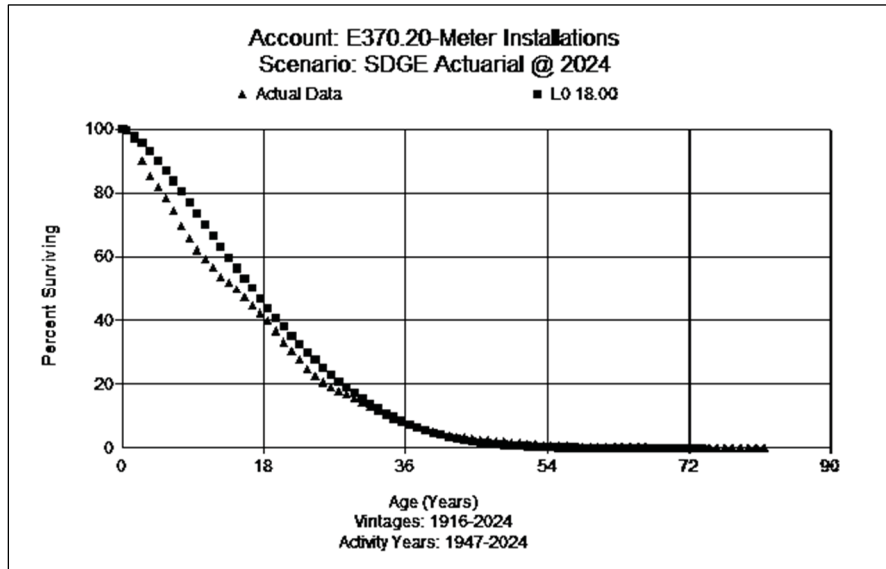
14 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
15 recent period, a moving average of 0 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. To
16 model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

17 **15. Account E370.20 Meter Installations**

18 This account includes meter installations for meters booked in account E370.10, non-
19 AMR equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$17.2 million in the account.
20 The current approved life is 48 years with the R0.5 dispersion curve.

21 Analytics show a reduction in life similar to Account E370.10. Meter installations are
22 capitalized when service is established and retired when the location goes away. The analysis
23 would suggest a shorter life and given the relationship between this account and Account
24 E370.10, this study recommends moving to a 18-year life and L0 dispersion. A graph of the
25 observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown Figure DW-D-20.

Figure DW-D-20
Account 370.2- Meter Installations



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 2 percent exists for the five-year and 0 percent for the 10-year bands. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

16. Account E370.21 Meter Installations Electronic Meters

This account includes meter installations for Smart meters, AMRs. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$82.1 million in the account. The current approved life is 15 years with the SQ dispersion curve. From an operations perspective, the life of this account will be tied to Account E370.11 Electronic Meters. Based on the recommendation for Account E370.11, this study recommends retention of the existing 15-year life with an SQ dispersion.

The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of 0 percent exists for the five-year and ten-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

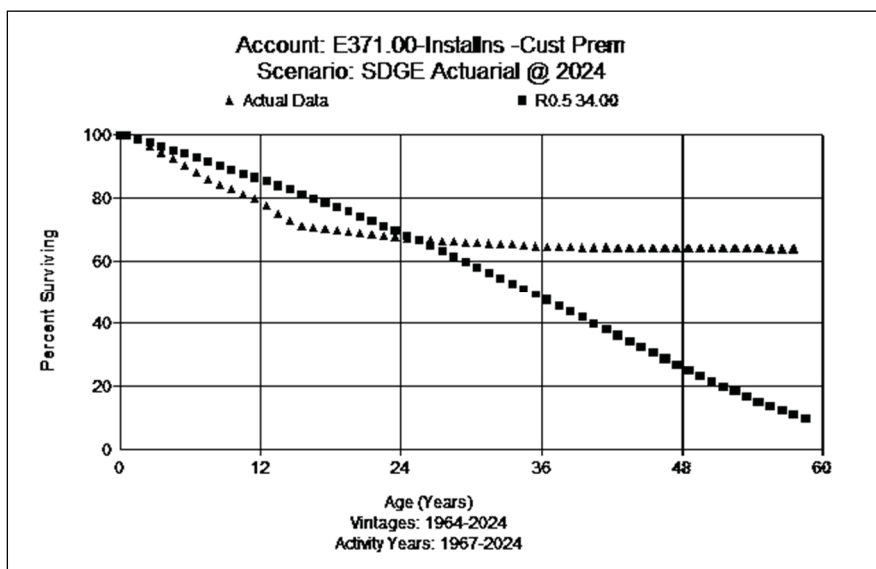
17. Account E371.0 Installation on Customer Premises

This account consists of luminaire, pedestals, and poles. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$13.0 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 years with the R0.5 dispersion pattern. Company SMEs report that they are migrating to LED

bulbs for this account as current lighting fails. Operationally, Company SMEs feel that a life of about 30 years is appropriate. They would expect the life to shorten as bulbs burn out and the heads are retired and replaced with LED (instead of replacing the bulbs under O&M).

Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, the current study recommendation is to retain the approved 34 R0.5. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown Figure DW-D-21.

Figure DW-D-21
Account 371- Installations on Customer Premises



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 90 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 3049 percent and negative 1100 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while following the CPUC's gradualism precedent, a negative 115 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

18. Account E371.10 EV Charging Units

This account includes the charger, the pedestal mount and integrated charging unit for electric vehicles charging on customers' premises. There is \$76.2 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, this account is being depreciated with a 10-year life and SQ retirement dispersion.

In SDG&E's 2019 GRC, SDG&E conducted a study and requested a 5-year life. The Commission moved the life to 10 years. The first chargers were put into service in 2017. There have been a few sites where chargers had to be removed, mostly due to lease issues.

1 The Company has not had any non-warranty failures or repairs since the chargers have
2 been in operation. The warranty period is 2 years for parts and 1 year for service. The only
3 assets in the account are the charger itself: the pedestal mount and integrated charging unit. The
4 communication devices inside the charger may need replacement over the 10-year time frame
5 due to technology changes. The Company did not install any Level 1 chargers. When they must
6 transfer the charger to the customer, the period used in the calculation is between 8 – 10 years (as
7 specified by the Commission). Based on current operations and input from the Company as to
8 how these assets are used, this study recommends retention of the current 10-year life with an SQ
9 dispersion.

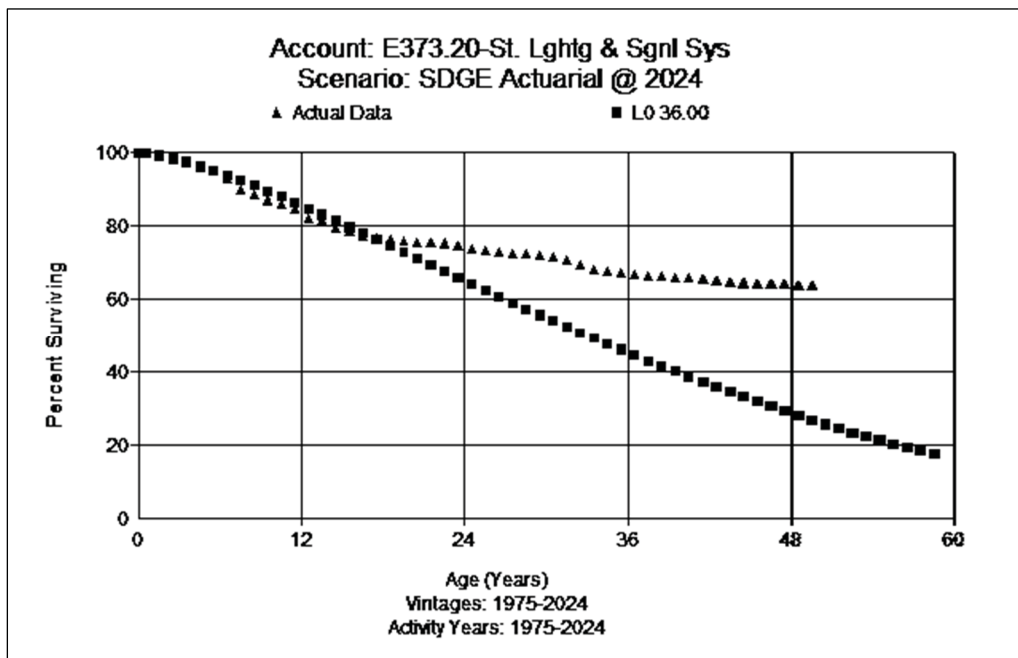
10 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. So far, no
11 removal cost has been experienced for this account. The Company had Sargent & Lundy
12 perform a decommissioning study on EV charging units. The estimate assumes that there will be
13 small amounts of removal cost in the future. Based on information from the decommissioning
14 study and judgment, and considering escalation of removal costs since the time the study was
15 performed a negative 32.89 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

16 **19. Account E373.2 Street Lighting & Signal Systems**

17 This account includes all distribution streetlights, conductor, conduit, luminaire, and
18 standards. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$43.6 million in this account. The
19 current approved life for this account is 36 years with the L0 dispersion curve.

20 Company SMEs report that they are migrating to LED lights for this account as current
21 lighting fails. On burnout, they replace the bulb with LED, but there is no active program to
22 convert from HPS to LED. Company experts believe that the life of this account will shorten in
23 the future as bulbs burn out and the heads are retired and replaced with LED (instead of
24 replacing the bulbs under O&M). Historically, some of the components would fail and be
25 replaced under O&M. With the conversion to LEDs, the company will replace the whole head
26 (which would be a capital item). From an operations perspective, Company SMEs think the
27 current life of 36 years would still be reasonable. Based on the type of assets in this account,
28 input from Company personnel, and judgment, the current study recommendation is to retain the
29 36-year life and L0 dispersion curve. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed
30 curve is shown below in Figure DW-D-22.

Figure DW-D-22
Account 373- Street Lighting



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 85 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 127 percent and negative 177 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To be consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, this study recommends moving toward the indications with a negative 110 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

D. Energy Storage

The balance for Energy Storage plant as of January 1, 2025, was \$768.7 million. The accumulated reserve was \$206.3 million.

1. Account E387.10 Communication Equipment

This new account includes fiber optic cable, remote terminal units, microwave towers, global positioning system equipment, servers, workstations, and telephones at energy storage facilities. As of January 1, 2025, there is no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$1.4 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account consistent with other communication equipment accounts.

1 The currently authorized net salvage estimate for this account is -50%. Based on SME
2 input this level of negative net salvage is being reached with the retirement of this equipment.
3 Therefore, based on input and my judgment, a net salvage estimate of -25% is more appropriate
4 for this account.

5 **2. Account E387.11 Misc. Energy Storage Equipment**

6 This new account includes miscellaneous energy storage equipment devoted to general
7 station use. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025,
8 the plant balance was \$828 thousand. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future
9 additions.

10 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
11 around 10-15 years. Based on the mix of assets, a 15-year life makes sense from an operations
12 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
13 a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

14 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
15 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
16 account.

17 **3. Account E387.20 Structures and Equipment**

18 This new account includes energy storage structures such buildings. As of January 1,
19 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025 the plant balance was \$40.8
20 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

21 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
22 around 30 years. Based on the mix of assets a 30-year life makes sense from an operations
23 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
24 a 30-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

25 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
26 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
27 account.

28 **4. Account E387.3 Energy Storage Equipment**

29 This account includes energy storage equipment such as batteries and miscellaneous
30 equipment. There is \$768.7 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

1 The current life of this account is 10 years with an SQ dispersion. Company SMEs report
2 that some battery projects will reach their end of life at around 10-15 years (Li Ion). The Tesla
3 time frame is 10 years. Miramar and Fallbrook have 20-year LTSAs. Newer (Iron Phosphate)
4 chemistry would allow less degradation and more cycling. Due to the mix of lives expected for
5 batteries, moving from a 10 year to a 15-year life makes sense from an operations perspective.
6 Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life
7 with SQ dispersion for this account.

8 Dismantling studies were performed on battery facilities and assets. The studies resulted
9 in a net salvage estimate of negative 4.19% for this account. Therefore, the -4.19% net salvage
10 estimate was applied in the development of an accrual rate for this account.

11 **5. Account E387.50 Collector System**

12 This new account includes guys, armored conductors, brackets, circuit breakers, conduit,
13 cross arms & braces, fireproofing, foundations, ground wires, guards, insulators, and lightning
14 arrestors. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025,
15 the plant balance was \$26.1 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future
16 additions.

17 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
18 around 7 years. Based on the mix of assets a 7-year life makes sense from an operations
19 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
20 a 7-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

21 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
22 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
23 account.

24 **6. Account E387.60 Generation Step-Up Transformer**

25 This new account includes generation step-up transformers. As of January 1, 2025, there
26 was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$8.7 million. A
27 dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

28 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
29 around 30 years. Based on the mix of assets a 30-year life makes sense from an operations
30 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
31 a 30-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

1 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
2 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
3 account.

4 **7. Account E387.70 Inverters**

5 This new account includes inverters. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this
6 account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$8.5 million. A dispersion curve and
7 life was estimated for future additions.

8 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
9 around 10 years. Based on the mix of assets a 10-year life makes sense from an operations
10 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
11 a 10-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

12 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
13 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
14 account.

15 **8. Account E387.80 Computer Hardware**

16 This new account includes personal computers, servers, workstations, energy
17 management system hardware, SCADA system hardware, peripheral equipment, and networking
18 components. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31,
19 2025, the plant balance was \$659.8 thousand. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for
20 future additions.

21 Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at
22 around 5 years. Based on the mix of assets a 5-year life makes sense from an operations
23 perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends
24 a 5-year life with SQ dispersion for this account.

25 It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their
26 useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this
27 account.

28 **E. Electric General Plant**

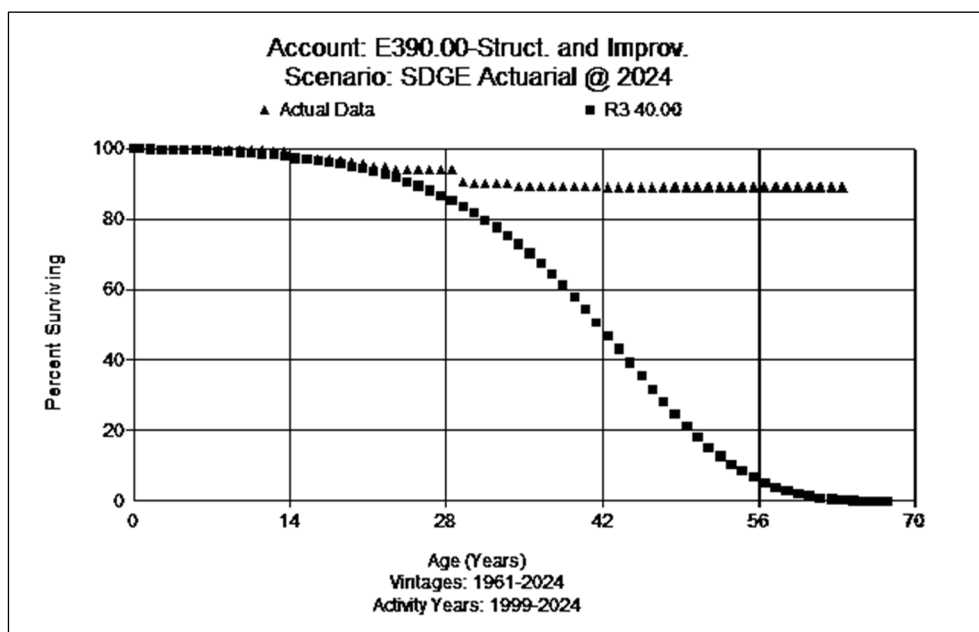
29 The balance for Electric General plant as of January 1, 2025, was \$292.4 million. The
30 accumulated reserve was \$171.9 million.

1. Account E390 All Structures & Improvements

This account includes the cost of buildings, yard improvements, and partitions used for utility service. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$45.3 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 S4.

There have been limited retirements in this account to this point in time. Based on the recommendation for Account C390 (which has had more retirement activity), this study recommends a 40-year life with an R3 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table compared to the proposed curve is shown Figure DW-D-23.

Figure DW-D-23
Account 390- Structures and Improvements



The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 10 percent. There has been limited retirement activity in recent years. Based on experience with Common Account C390 Structures and Improvements (with more transactional experience), this study recommends negative 5 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

2. Account E392.2 Trailers

This account consists of trailers and other transportation equipment used for general utility service. There is approximately \$58 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 27 L5. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's fleet operations, this

1 life is still reasonable. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study
2 recommends an amortization period of 27 years with an SQ dispersion.

3 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. There has been
4 no retirement or net salvage activity for this account. Based on judgment, this study
5 recommends retention of a 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

6 **3. Account E393.10 Stores Equipment**

7 This account consists of stores equipment used for general utility service. There is
8 approximately \$46 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 25 S5. Based
9 on the practices and expectations of the Company operations, this life is still reasonable. In order
10 to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of
11 25 years with an SQ dispersion.

12 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
13 recent period, a moving average of negative 0 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands.
14 This study recommends retention of the existing 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

15 **4. Account E394.11 Portable Tools**

16 This account consists of portable tools such as mobile computer, test equipment, and
17 pumps. There is approximately \$44.0 million in this account. This account currently has a life
18 of 27 S6.

19 Equipment in this account is similar to Common Account C394.11, with the newer
20 equipment being more technology-based than prior equipment. Company SMEs suggest a life of
21 10 years for this account based on the asset mix and short lives for the small portable tools in this
22 account. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an
23 amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

24 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
25 recent period, a moving average of 0 exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. This study
26 recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

27 **5. Account E394.20 Shop Equipment**

28 This account consists of shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners.
29 There is approximately \$35 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 26 L4.
30 Based on the practices and expectations of the Company operations, this life is still reasonable.

1 In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization
2 period of 26 years with an SQ dispersion.

3 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
4 recent period, there is a moving average of 0 percent for the five-year and 10-year bands. This
5 study recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this
6 account.

7 **6. Account E395.1 Laboratory Equipment**

8 This account consists of laboratory equipment used in general utility service. There is
9 approximately \$5.6 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 22 L3. Similar
10 to Common Account C395.1, Company SMEs report that the items used for laboratory
11 equipment are increasingly technology driven. They recommend shortening the life of this
12 account to 10 years. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study
13 recommends an amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

14 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. Normally these
15 assets have no residual value. This study recommends retaining the existing 0 percent net
16 salvage estimate for this account.

17 **7. Account E397.1 Computer Hardware**

18 This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account
19 consists of computer hardware such as servers and switches used in general utility service. There
20 were no dollars in this account at January 1, 2025. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance
21 was \$2.6 million. A dispersion curve and life estimate were performed for future additions. This
22 account had a life of 5 S6. Given the changes in technology for these assets, Company SMEs
23 recommend the life for this account, in the 5-year range. In order to continue using vintage
24 group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 5 years with an SQ
25 dispersion.

26 The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred
27 from is 0 percent. It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end
28 of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate
29 for this account.

1 **8. Account E397.2 Computer Software**

2 This account includes software. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC
3 Order 898. There was \$29.6 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

4 The current life of this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to
5 use besides the current life. The Company requests approval to add software periods of 2, 3, 4,
6 and 10 years

7 The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred
8 from is 0 percent. It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end
9 of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate
10 for this account.

11 **9. Account E397.3 Communication Equipment**

12 This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account
13 consists of miscellaneous communication equipment used in general utility service. There was
14 approximately \$164.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. There is no currently
15 authorized curve and life for this account. Given the technology for these assets, Company
16 SMEs recommend a life for this account, in the 15-year range. In order to continue use of
17 vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 15 years with an
18 SQ dispersion.

19 The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred
20 from is negative 50 percent. Therefore, based on judgement my study conservatively
21 recommends moving toward the recent trends with a negative 25 percent net salvage estimate for
22 this account.

23 **10. Account E398.1 Miscellaneous Equipment**

24 This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. There
25 was approximately \$3.1 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. The currently approved
26 life for this account is 16 L4. Based on Company input and judgement, this study recommends
27 retaining the 16 year life but moving to vintage group amortization by recommending an
28 amortization period of 16 years with an SQ dispersion.

29 The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most
30 recent period, a moving average of 0 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. This

1 study recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this
2 account.

3 **F. Natural Gas Operations**

4 Both SDG&E and its sister Company, Southern California Gas Company (SoCalGas)
5 provide natural gas services. The SDG&E system is much smaller. After reviewing operations
6 with subject matter experts from both companies, many assets common to both companies such
7 as transmission and distribution plant have similar characteristics. In some cases, there may be
8 insufficient SDG&E actuarial data to detect a solid trend. In such cases, input from experts is
9 crucial (as well as consideration of characteristics of similar SoCalGas assets) in making life
10 selection for each plant account.

11 **G. Natural Gas Storage and Transmission Plant**

12 SDG&E has no underground natural gas storage plant. But it has some Liquefied Natural
13 Gas (LNG) assets. Storage and Transmission natural gas plant balance as of January 1, 2025,
14 was \$1.170 billion. The accumulated reserve was \$281.4 million.

15 **1. Account G363.60 LNG Distribution Storage Equipment**

16 This account includes liquid natural gas storage equipment. There was \$2.2 million in
17 plant in this account as of January 1, 2025, and the current authorized life parameter is 20 years
18 with an S4 dispersion. SDG&E owns a small facility that was originally installed in 1956.

19 The average age of investment in this account is 17.49 years. Tanks and vaporizers are
20 original equipment. Cryogenic components, alarms/controls, and valves have been replaced.
21 The alarms/controls would have a 10–15-year life. There are two small cryogenic tanks, as well
22 as storage and vaporization equipment. There was an upgrade to the system a couple of years
23 ago. Much of the cost is alarms and instrumentation. Company personnel believe that the life of
24 this equipment would be somewhere around that of compressed natural gas (CNG) assets, about
25 20 years. Therefore, this study recommends retaining the approved 20-year life with an S4
26 dispersion for this account.

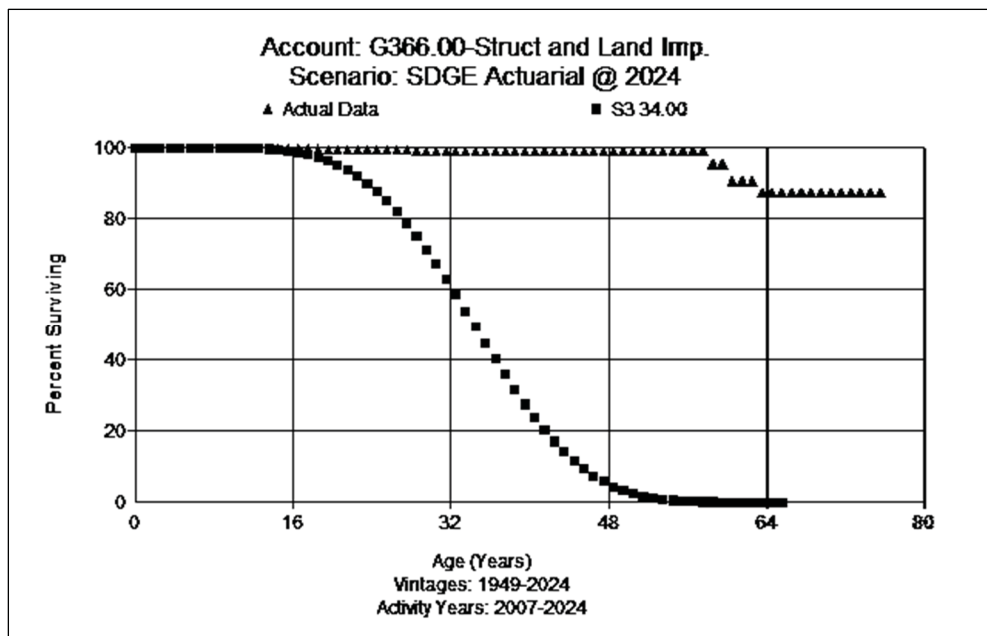
27 The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. Generally, no salvage is
28 received at the retirement of these assets. Based on judgement, this study recommends negative
29 5 percent net salvage for this account.

2. Account G366 Structures and Improvements

This account includes the cost of structures and improvements such as buildings, property improvements, fencing, and security used in connection with transmission operations. There was approximately \$24.0 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 34 years with an S3 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 19.64 years.

The life for this account between SDG&E and SoCalGas is significantly different. Company experts report that operating rules, maintenance practices, and other forces of retirement impacting this account have been the same for the past several years between the two entities. The current life for these assets is shorter than Company experts support from an operations perspective. Based on the larger statistical sample from SoCalGas and input from Company experts, this study recommends retaining a life of 34 years with an S3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve in Figure DW-D-24.

Figure DW-D-24
Account 366- Gas Structures and Improvements



The authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. There have been no retirements since 2016, but removal costs have continued until 2020. Based on judgment, this study recommends a slight change by moving to negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

3. Account G367 Mains

This account includes the cost of transmission mains, primarily coated and wrapped steel. The current approved life for this account is 45 years with an S4 dispersion. There was approximately \$966.1 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

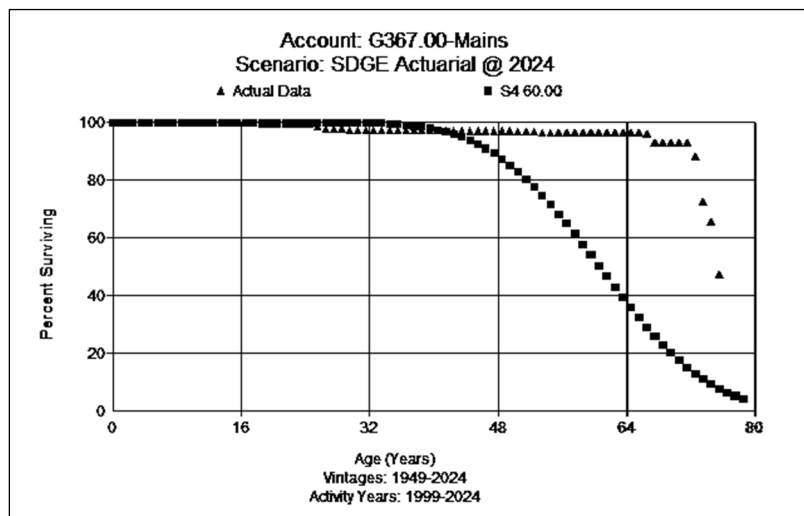
The average age of survivors in this account is 7.06 years. Operations personnel report that there has been more replacement of SDG&E than SoCalGas based on percentage of the overall system at SDG&E since SDG&E has a much smaller system. There is less mileage on SDG&E than SoCalGas, and the mains are newer. Operations personnel believe the life characteristics should be similar between SoCalGas and SDG&E.

The Company is also seeing some class changes as the population densities increase. The Integrity Management Program (IMP) forced the retirement of some valves. SDG&E has been adding more instrumentation and automation (remote control) in recent years. For the most part, automation could be added to existing assets (such as valves) in the majority of instances. But in maybe 40% of the cases, they would have to replace the full valve assembly.

My study recommends moving to a 60-year life and S4 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve in Figure DW-D-25.

The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 25 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 226 and negative 336 percent respectively. Based on higher activity in recent years and judgement, the percentage net salvage for this account is increased to negative 50 percent.

Figure DW-D-25
Account 367- Mains



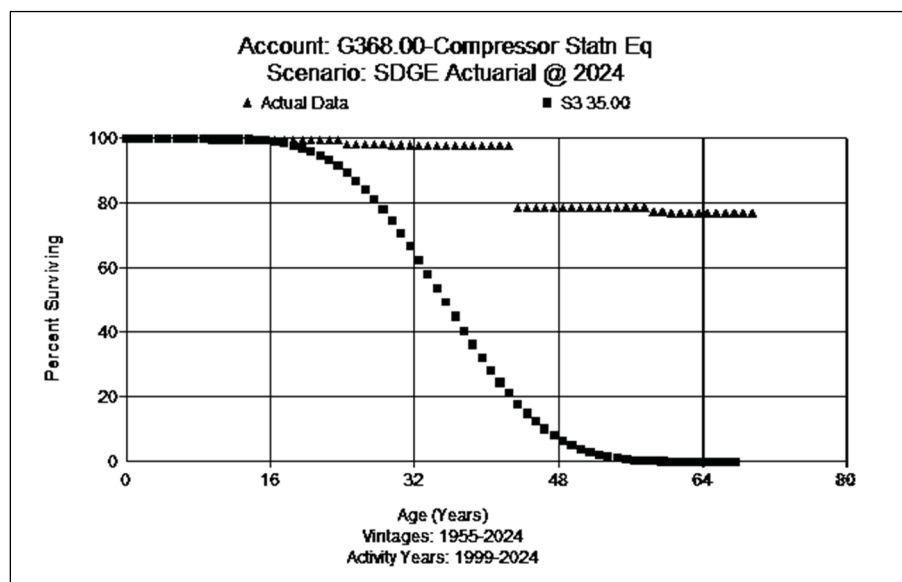
4. Account G368 Compressor Station Equipment

This account includes the cost of compressor station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There was approximately \$144.0 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 35 years with an S3 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 17.01 years. Company personnel report that the Company has a modernization program driven by emissions compliance and decarbonization initiatives. The Company relies heavily on turbine compressors. The regulations for stations have changed more than the regulations for mains and services. They have been upgrading stations. After examining the various assets in this account, this study recommends retaining the current 35-year life with a S3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve in Figure DW-D-26.

The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 10 percent. The 10-year moving average shows negative 151 percent. Since retirements in 2016 have been much smaller than removal cost from 2016-2024, we recommend a movement in net salvage. Based on judgment and Company history, this study recommends moving to negative 35 percent net salvage limited by gradualism for this account.

Figure DW-D-26
Account 368- Compressor Station Equipment



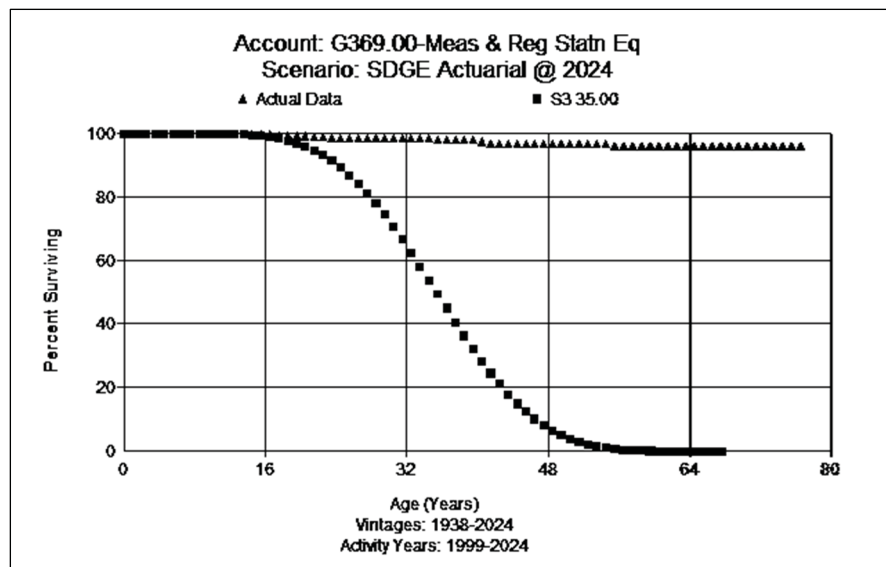
5. Account G369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment

This account includes the cost of measuring and regulating station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There was approximately \$30.9 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 31 years with an S3 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 19.15 years. Company SMEs report that there has been a lot of investment related to IMP to retrofit for pigging. They have been adding more instrumentation and automation (remote control) in recent years. For the most part, automation could be added to existing assets (such as valves) in the majority of instances. But in maybe 40% of the cases, the Company would have to replace the full valve assembly. There have been activities to change out actuating equipment that might release methane. As communities become more developed, class location changes as population density increases the need for accurate regulating equipment. Based on input from Company personnel and experience with SoCalGas, this study recommends moving to a 35-year life while retaining the S3 dispersion.

Below in Figure DW-D-27 is a graph of the limited actuarial results and recommended curve. The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 5 percent. There has been no retirement since 2015, but removal cost has been experienced. Since the retirements are lagging the removal cost, this study recommends retention of the existing negative 5 net salvage parameter for this account.

Figure DW-D-27
Account 369- Measuring and Regulating Equipment



6. Account G371 Other Equipment

This account includes the cost of other equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There was approximately \$2.8 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 27 years with an SQ dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 6.69 years. There have been no retirements to date. And Company SMEs do not expect a change from the current life parameter. Based on input from Company personnel and judgment, this study recommends retention of the existing 27-year life and SQ dispersion.

The authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. There has not been any retirement or net salvage received in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

H. Natural Gas Distribution Plant

SDG&E's distribution natural gas plant balance as of January 1, 2025, was \$3.1 billion. The accumulated reserve as of January 1, 2025 was \$1.1 billion.

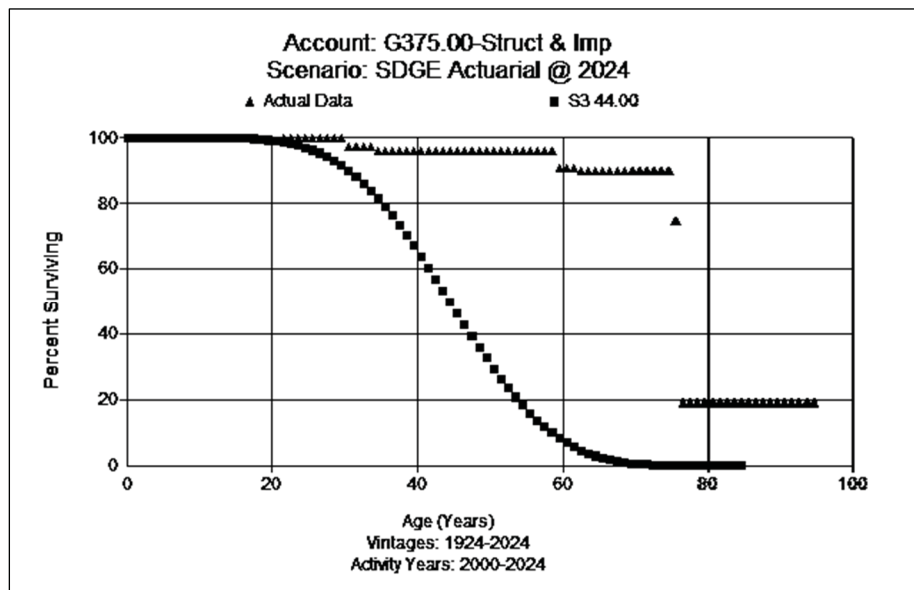
1. Account G375 Structures and Improvements

This account includes the cost of structures and improvements used in connection with distribution operations. There was approximately \$43.4 thousand in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 44 years with an S3 dispersion.

Operations personnel state that there are no obvious changes in the usage or characteristics of these assets that would suggest a material change in life. There are a number of shorter life assets within the group: roofs, HVAC, Generators, parking lot replacements, etc. that would moderate the building lives. Analytics is holding in the 40-year range. There has been little activity in this account for SDG&E in recent years. Operations personnel believe a life in the 40–45-year range is reasonable from an operations perspective. Based on actuarial analysis and input from Company experts, this study recommends retaining the 44-year life and S3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve in Figure DW-D-28.

The Commission has authorized a 0 percent net salvage rate for this account. There have been no retirements over the period from 2002-2024, with a small amount of removal cost. There is expected to be a small amount of removal cost when those assets are retired. Based on judgment, this study recommends moving to negative 5 percent net salvage.

Figure DW-D-28
Account 375- Gas Structures and Improvements



2. Account G376 Mains

This account includes the cost of mains used in connection with distribution operations. There was approximately \$1.9 billion in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, the approved life for this account is 69 years with an R3 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 13.46 years. Company operations personnel report that the Integrity Program is targeting replacing plastic prior to 1986 for both mains and services. About 1,600 miles of Aldyl-A remain in the system.

SDG&E is replacing over 50 miles per year, and there are over 15,000 miles of total distribution miles for mains/services for SDG&E (steel and plastic). There are 3 separate steel programs (pre-34, 34-65 and 65 and over) that are not part of DIMP. There are only 150 miles left in the system of pre-34 pipe.

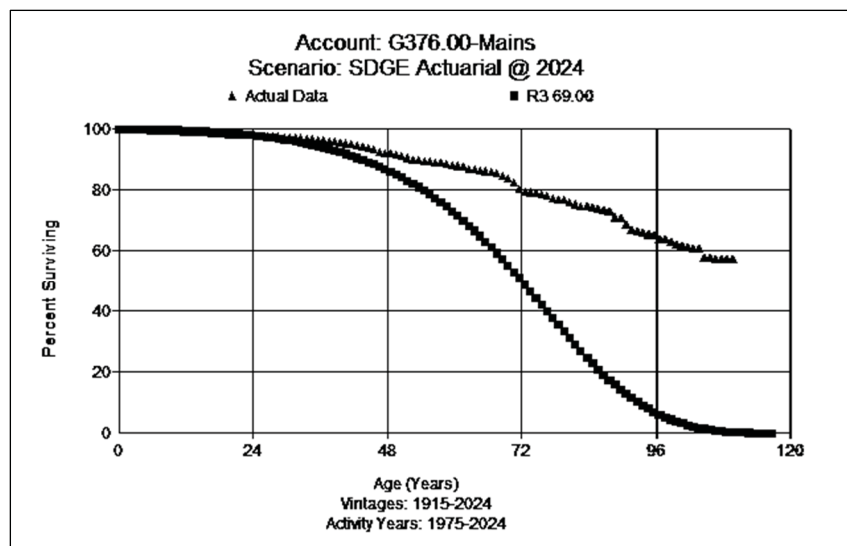
Most of the SDG&E system is from later than the 1950s, with most pipe having been added in the “boom” in the 1970s and 1980s. The steel programs did not start until late 2019 and ramped up in 2024. Some of the older steel pipe that is catholically protected is being focused on but is not part of DIMP.

Evaluation and prioritization under RAMP is leading to the replacement of more pipe. This is in addition to normal replacements. The planned replacement programs that are ranked by risk would signal that the pipe will be replaced sooner than in the past. Company SMEs feel

from an operations perspective that life should decrease (at least in the short term) with the level of retirements that are occurring. The average life of 88 years indicated in some of the actuarial analyses is significantly longer than the expectations from the SMEs since most replacements are closer to a 70-year life. Given the uncertain future with regulation and input from operations personnel, this study recommends retaining the 69-year life and the R3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve in Figure DW-D-29.

The Commission has authorized a negative 55 percent net salvage rate for this account. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show negative 644, negative 730, and negative 518 percent, respectively. To move in the direction of this trend, a higher (more negative) net salvage is recommended. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends moving to negative 80 percent net salvage, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent.

Figure DW-D-29
Account 376- Gas Distribution Mains



3. Account G376.6 Hydro Test Costs

This account is used as the Company complies new Pipeline Hazardous Materials and Safety Administration (PHMSA)²⁰ regulations, effective July 1, 2020, that will impact pipelines

²⁰ NDT Global, *PHMSA's Final Ruling – What's Next for Pipeline Operators?* (November 14, 2020), available at: <https://dynamicrisk.net/2020/11/14/phmsa-mega-rule-in-practice/#:~:text=PHMSA's%20Mega%20Rule%20is%20now,management%20programs%20and%20operating%20practices>

1 of vintage 1970 and older. The rule, known as the Mega Rule²¹, seeks to improve pipeline safety
2 by combining previous regulations for onshore gas transmission addressing pipeline safety and
3 environmental risk. There was no plant balance as of January 1, 2025. The plant balance as of
4 December 31, 2025 was \$55.1 million. This study recommends depreciation of these assets over
5 the average remaining life of Mains of about 56 years, assuming the proposed life and curve for
6 Account G376. The testing costs are proposed to be depreciated over 56 years with an SQ curve.
7 Since these costs are not directly tied to specific mains, auto retirement is recommended. These
8 costs will have no residual value, therefore, 0 percent net salvage estimate is recommended for
9 this account.

10 **4. Account G378 Measuring and Regulating (M&R) Equipment**

11 This account consists of measuring and regulating equipment used in distribution
12 operations. There was approximately \$21.6 million of investment in this account as of January
13 1, 2025. The current approved life for this account is 47 years with an R2 dispersion. The
14 average age of survivors in this account is 18.90 years.

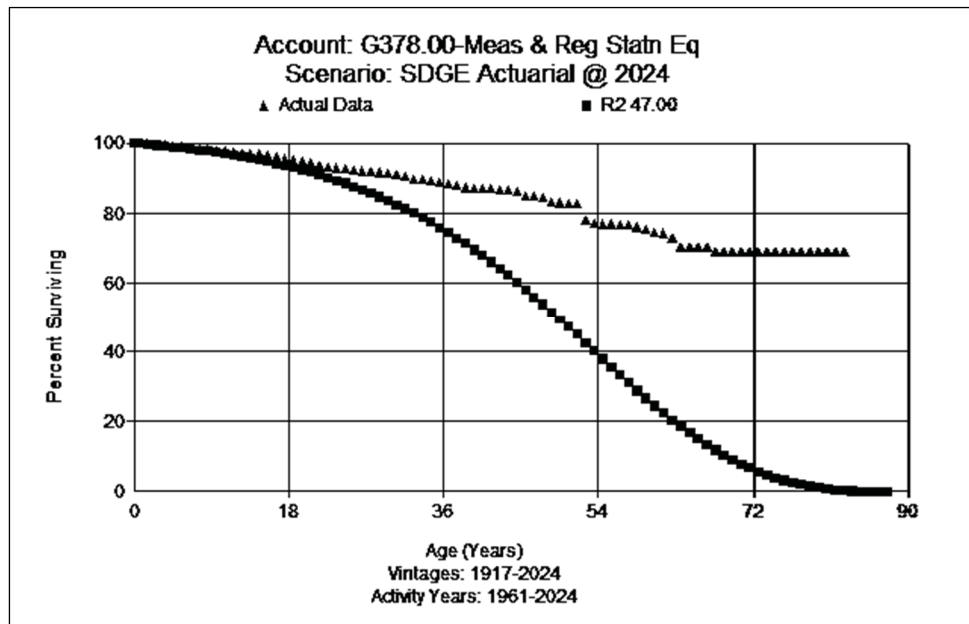
15 There are around 500 stations. Stations would retire based on capacity, the type of
16 equipment (outdated), in an unsafe area, etc. There is a parts and inspection program that can
17 extend the life. Some older stations will have components that are not easy to replace, and
18 SDG&E would replace the entire station instead of replacing the regulator. The older
19 components were from the 1950s-1970s.

20 Higher risk regulating stations are being targeted for replacement. The regulations for
21 regulating stations have changed more than the regulations for mains and services. The
22 Company has been upgrading stations. They are also more aggressively targeting regulating
23 stations than they have in the past. Operationally, there is no reason that the life should increase.
24 There are drivers that would decrease the life, such as RAMP and Control Center Modernization
25 programs. This study recommends retaining the 47-year life with an R2 dispersion for this
26 account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve in Figure
27 DW-D-30.

²¹ *Id.*

The current authorized net salvage is negative 25 percent. Since 2012, there have been no retirements in this account with small amounts of removal cost in 2016-2024. Based on judgment, this study recommends retention of negative 25 percent net salvage for this account.

Figure DW-D-30
Account 378- Measuring and Regulating Equipment



5. Account G380 Services

This account consists of services used in distribution operations. There was approximately \$812.6 million of investment in this account as of January 1, 2025. The current approved life for this account is 65 years with an R2.5 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 12.77 years. The service rises above the ground for a portion of its length. According to Company SMEs, the above ground portion is vulnerable to weed eaters, fertilizer, dig-ins by customers, houses abandoned, etc.

It is more likely that the Company would change services than mains. If the main is Aldyl-A, they would normally replace the service. If there is a cut, Company personnel report that they generally repair the service. If a service had a leak in the past, they would likely replace. If a steel main is replaced with plastic, the service would be replaced with steel.

Company operations personnel believe that the life of services should have a shorter life than mains, since there are many factors that would retire a service earlier. The higher focus on not stranding steel services would also be a factor in shortening the life of services. In some of

1 the actuarial analysis, the average life indications are much longer than the approved or
2 expectations across the industry. Company SMEs state that services have a life closer to 50-60
3 years from an operations perspective. Operationally, a longer life does not seem consistent with
4 expectations. Given the uncertain future with regulations and input from operations personnel,
5 this study recommends retaining the existing 65-year life with an R2.5 dispersion for this
6 account.

7 The current authorized net salvage is negative 70 percent. The three-year, five year, and
8 10 year moving averages shows negative 79, negative 97, and negative 164 percent respectively.
9 Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends moving to negative 95
10 percent net salvage for this account, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent.

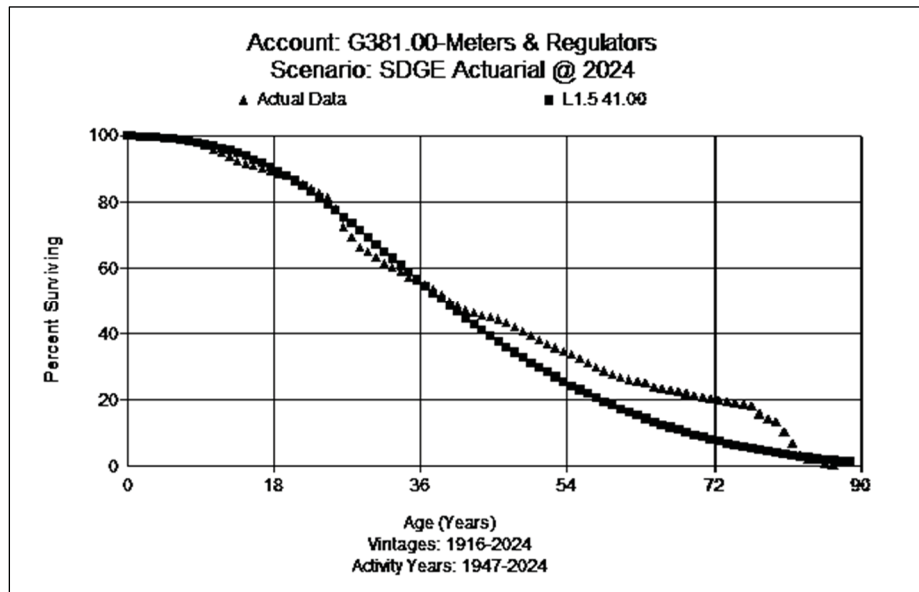
11 **6. Account G381 Meters and Regulators**

12 This account includes the cost of meters and regulators used in measuring gas to
13 residential customers. There was approximately \$103.2 million in plant in this account as of
14 January 1, 2025. The current approved life of the meter account is 41 years with an L1.5
15 dispersion.

16 The average age of survivors in this account is 18.90 years. Historically, meters lasted
17 longer than now seen according to Company operations personnel. SDG&E used three different
18 manufacturers. Company operations personnel report that they still repair meters, but now
19 expense that repair. Meter costs have escalated, and there are only two meter manufacturers in
20 the United States now. Based on the visual matching and input from operations personnel, this
21 study recommends retaining the 41-year life and the L1.5 dispersion curve for this account. An
22 observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve in Figure DW-D-31
23 below. This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of
24 meters and regulators used in measuring gas to residential customers.

25 The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The three-year and five-year moving
26 averages shows 0 percent for both periods. Based on judgment and Company experience, this
27 study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Figure DW-D-31
Account 381- Meters



7. Account G381.01 Meters/Regulators- Modules

This account includes the cost of modules used on gas smart meters. The current approved life for this account is 15 years with an SQ dispersion. There was approximately \$113.4 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

The average age of survivors in this account is 9.45 years. These assets have only been in service since 2012, and there is insufficient history to analyze the data. Operations personnel believe the currently approved life of this account is still reasonable. Based on input from Company personnel, this study recommends retention of the 15-year life with an SQ dispersion.

The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The three-year and five-year moving averages shows 0 percent for both periods. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

8. Account G382.00 Meter and Regulator Installations

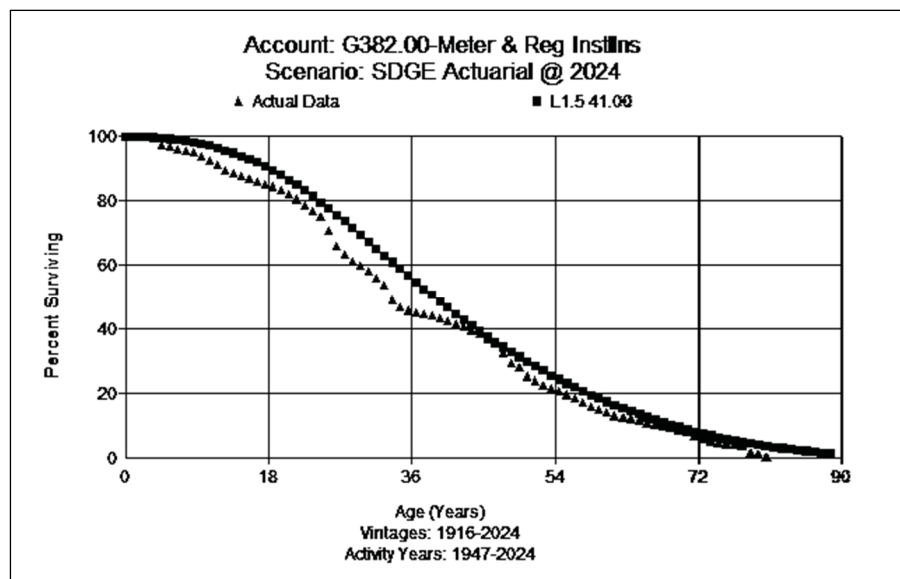
This account includes the cost of domestic meter installations (excluding meters) and regulator installations. The current approved life for this account is 35 years with an L2 dispersion. There was approximately \$155.4 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

The average age of survivors in this account is 10.58 years. SDG&E does not use pre-manufactured loops for residential. If there is no overpressure protection on the regulator,

Company SMEs report that they will replace the asset. For every two meters they replace, they will replace one regulator. Typically, the meter set assembly (MSA) would not be replaced before the meter (unless customer needed more gas, in which case both would be replaced at the same time), but the MSA is typically not replaced at the same time as a meter but would be replaced as necessary. Actuarial analysis shows a similar life with a slightly flatter dispersion. Based on actuarial analysis and judgment, this study recommends moving to a 41-year life and an L1.5 dispersion for this account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve in Figure DW-D-32.

The current authorized net salvage is negative 30 percent. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show 0, negative 3, and negative 3 percent respectively. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends reducing the negative net salvage to a negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

Figure DW-D-32
Account 382- Meter Installations



9. Account G382.01 Meter Installations Modules

This account includes the cost of module installations for smart meters. The current approved life for this account is 15 years with an SQ dispersion. There was approximately \$27.3 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025. The average age of survivors in this account is 13.64 years.

1 There is insufficient retirement history to analyze the data. Operations personnel believe
2 the currently approved life of this account is still reasonable. Based on input from Company
3 personnel, this study recommends retention of the 15-year life with an SQ dispersion.

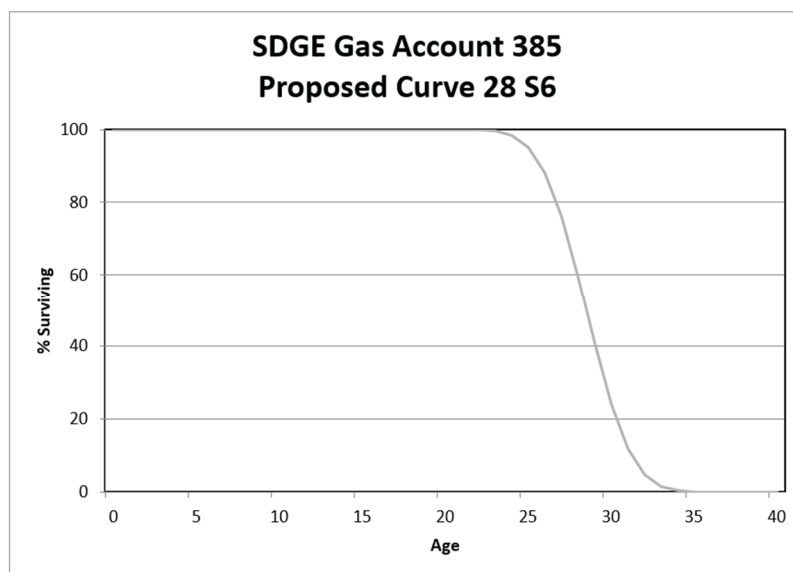
4 The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. Since these assets have not been in
5 service long, there is little historical data to project from. Based on judgment and Company
6 experience, this study recommends retaining 0 percent net salvage for this account.

7 **10. Account G385 Measuring and Regulating Equipment**

8 This account includes the measuring and regulating station equipment such as regulators,
9 electrical equipment, and other devices. There was approximately \$1.5 million of plant in this
10 account as of January 1, 2025. The current approved life for this account is 28 years with an S6
11 dispersion.

12 The average age of survivors in this account is 26.31 years. Company personnel report
13 that they have used premanufactured loops for many years. Industrial station lives in this
14 account would likely be less than M & R stations in account G378 due to being governed by the
15 requirements of businesses using the station. Based on the recommended 47-year life for
16 Account G378, retention of the existing life is reasonable. This study recommends retaining the
17 28-year life with an S6 dispersion. A generic curve shape is shown in Figure DW-D-33 below.
18 The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. Over the available history there has been no net
19 salvage experience. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends
20 retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

21 **Figure DW-D-33**
22 **Account 385- Measuring and Regulating Equipment**

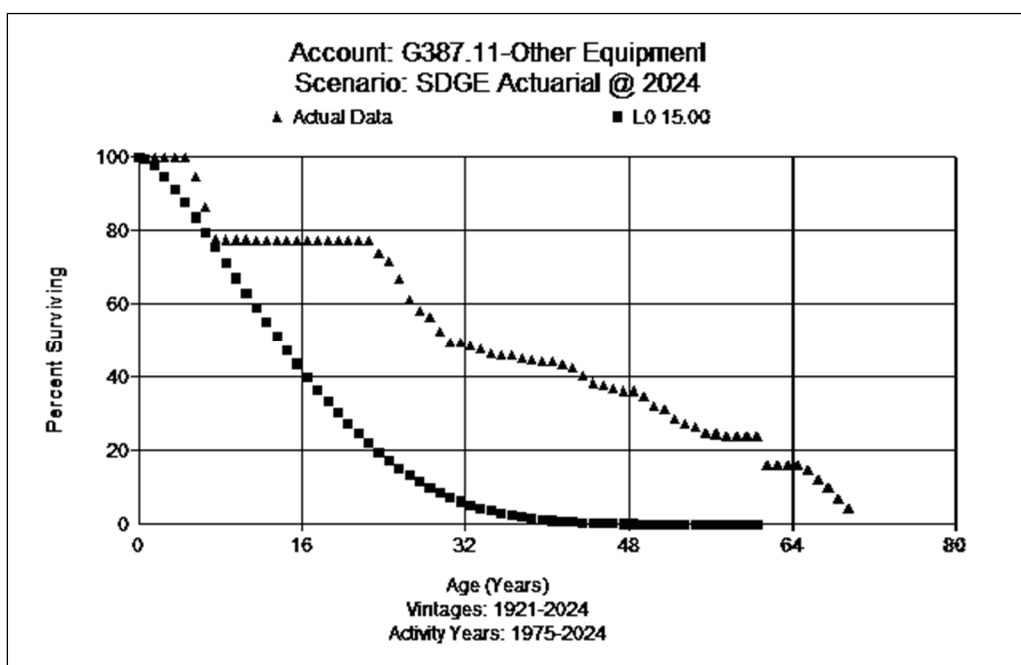


11. Account 387.11 Other Equipment

This account includes the cost of other miscellaneous equipment such as measurement systems, recording gauges, rectifiers, and other equipment. There was approximately \$994 thousand of plant in this account as of January 1, 2025. The current approved life for this account is 16 years with an L0 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 18.98 years. This study recommends revising to a 15-year life with an L0 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion shown in Figure DW-D-34.

The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The 10-year moving average shows 0 percent. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retaining 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Figure DW-D-34
Account 387- Other Equipment



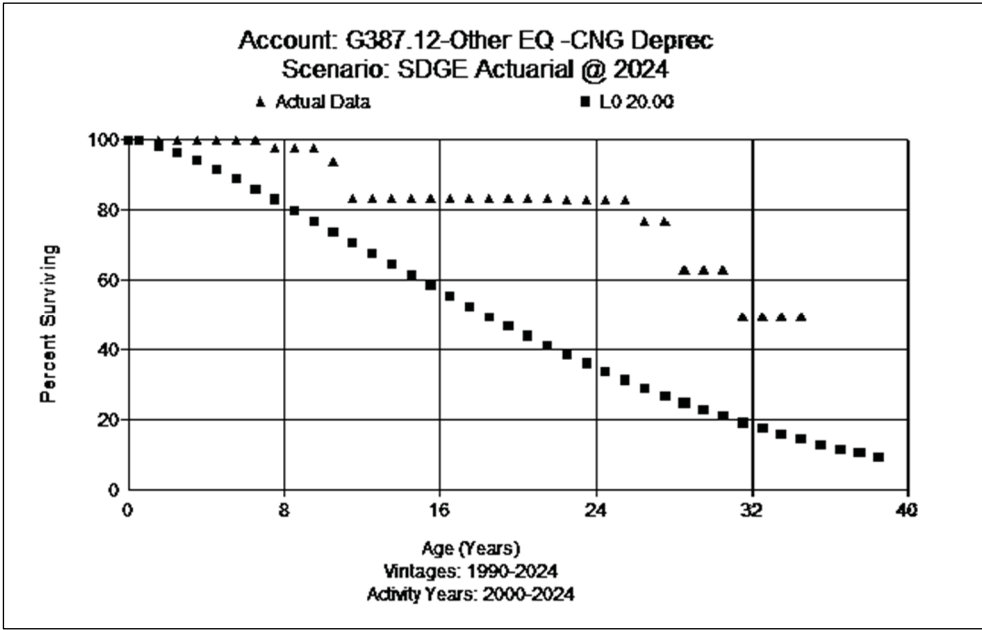
12. Account G387.12 CNG Equipment

This account includes the cost of natural gas vehicle charging stations and related equipment. There was approximately \$8.9 million of plant in this account as of January 1, 2025. The current approved life for this account is 16 years with an L0 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 14.24 years.

Company SMEs report that they have five CNG stations, and three have been refurbished in the last couple years. The first were installed in the 1990s. Most of the original assets have been retired and replaced. Of the remaining, the latest two were installed in 2014 and 2017. Company SMEs suggest their expectations for the life of this account to be closer to that recommended for SoCalGas in this account. This study recommends moving from the 16-year life to a 20-year life with an L0 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion shown in Figure DW-D-35.

The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. There has been little retirement or net salvage received over the available history. It is estimated there will be a small amount of removal cost associated with these facilities as they are used. Based on judgment, this study recommends moving to negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

Figure DW-D-35
Account 387.12 CNG Equipment



I. Natural Gas General Plant

SDG&E'S general natural gas plant balance as of January 1, 2025 was \$32.3 million. The accumulated reserve was \$9.4 million.

1 **1. Account G394.1 Portable Tools**

2 This account consists of various items or portable tools used in shop and garages such as
3 air compressors, grinders, and mixers. There was approximately \$28.6 million in this account as
4 of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a life of 24 years with an L5 dispersion.

5 Operationally, the existing life is longer than would be expected for most assets in this
6 account. Given the short-lived, small and portable nature of these assets, this study recommends
7 a shorter life for this account. Since the Company plans to continue using vintage group
8 amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the
9 Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends a 10-year life with an SQ
10 dispersion for this account.

11 The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-
12 year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 for all periods. Based on recent experience and
13 judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

14 **2. Account G394.20 Shop Equipment**

15 This account consists of large items or tools used in shops and garages such as hoists and
16 cranes. There was approximately \$18.5 thousand in this account as of January 1, 2025. The
17 only asset currently in this account is a cabinet. This account currently has a life of 24 years with
18 an R1.5 dispersion.

19 This account currently has a fixed life of 24 years for amortization. Since the Company
20 plans to continue using vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts,
21 the same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends a 10-
22 year life with an SQ dispersion for this account.

23 The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-
24 year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 percent for all periods. Based on recent experience and
25 judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

26 **3. Account G397.0 Communication Equipment**

27 This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment such as fiber optics,
28 SCADA equipment, and various upgrades used in general utility service. There was
29 approximately \$2.6 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has a
30 fixed life for amortization of 15 years with an S6 dispersion. Since the Company plans to
31 continue using vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the

1 same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends retaining
2 the 15-year life and moving to an SQ dispersion for this account.

3 The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-
4 year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 percent for each period. Based on recent experience
5 and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

6 **4. Account G398.0 Miscellaneous Equipment**

7 This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. There
8 was approximately \$1.2 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This account currently has
9 a life of 19 years with an R2.5 dispersion. Since the Company plans to continue using vintage
10 group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the
11 Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends moving to a 15-year life and a SQ
12 dispersion for this account.

13 The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. No gross salvage or
14 cost of removal has been received in this account over the available history. Based on historic
15 activity and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

16 **J. Other FERC Order 898 Accounts**

17 In compliance with FERC Order 898, the following accounts were established but as of
18 December 31, 2025, there are no plant or accumulated depreciation balances residing in these
19 newly formed accounts. Other Renewable will be associated with Geothermal, Biomass, and Tide
20 Swell projects that are anticipated in the future. There is no retirement history or net salvage
21 activity to perform traditional depreciation analysis on for these newly formed accounts. However,
22 SDG&E desired to establish accrual rates for these accounts to be applied to any project additions
23 in future periods. Lives were established for these accounts based on company personnel input
24 and judgement. Those lives were translated into whole life accrual rates. The new accounts, life
25 estimates, and associated accrual rates are presented in the table below.

Table SDGE-DW-9
Other FERC Order 898 Accounts

Other FERC 898 Accounts		
Description	Proposed Life (Yrs)	Annual Accrual %
Steam		
315.10-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
315.30Communication Equipment	15	6.67%
Solar Production		
E338.20-Structures and Improvements	30	3.33%
E338.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU)	30	3.33%
E338.90-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
Other Renewable Plant		
E339.11-Communication Equipment	15	6.67%
E339.12-Misc Power Plant Equip	10	10.00%
E339.20-Structures and Improvements	30	3.33%
E339.30-Fuel Holders	20	5.00%
E339.40-Boilers	10	10.00%
E339.60-Generators	10	10.00%
E339.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip	25	4.00%
E339.90-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%

VI. CONCLUSION

SDG&E's proposed service lives and net salvage rates for electric plant, natural gas plant, and common plant which were developed in accordance with CPUC Standard Practice U-4, are reasonable and should be adopted. The resulting depreciation expense set forth in Table SDGE-DW-1 above, should be approved by the CPUC for use in TY 2028 for determination of SDG&E's revenue requirement.

I conducted a complete depreciation study using standard depreciation processes and methodologies that resulted in the recommended parameters and depreciation rates. My recommended life and net salvage parameters are reasonable and specific to SDG&E's unique circumstances. My depreciation rates, when applied to SDG&E's plant in service balances, would provide fair and reasonable recovery to both the Company and its customers.

1 Account-level detail workpapers (historical data, statistical tables, and charts) are
2 submitted separately with this testimony in support of the proposed underlying depreciation
3 rates. This concludes my prepared direct testimony.

1 **VII. WITNESS QUALIFICATIONS**

2 My name is Dane A. Watson. My business address is 101 E. Park Blvd, Suite 220,
3 Plano, TX 75074. I am Managing Partner of Alliance Consulting Group. Alliance Consulting
4 Group provides consulting and expert services to the utility industry. In this proceeding I am
5 testifying on behalf of San Diego Gas and Electric (SDG&E).

6 I hold a Bachelor of Science degree in Electrical Engineering from the University of
7 Arkansas at Fayetteville and a Master's degree in Business Administration from Amberton
8 University.

9 Since graduation from college in 1985, I have worked in the area of depreciation and
10 valuation. I founded Alliance Consulting Group in 2004 and am responsible for conducting
11 depreciation, valuation, and certain accounting-related studies for clients in various industries.
12 My duties related to depreciation studies include the assembly and analysis of historical and
13 simulated data, conducting field reviews, determining service life and net salvage estimates,
14 calculating annual depreciation, presenting recommended depreciation rates to utility
15 management for its consideration, and supporting such rates before regulatory bodies.

16 I have twice been Chair of the Edison Electric Institute (EEI) Property Accounting and
17 Valuation Committee and have been Chairman of EEI's Depreciation and Economic Issues
18 Subcommittee. I am a Registered Professional Engineer in the State of Texas and a Certified
19 Depreciation Professional. I am a Senior Member of the Institute of Electrical and Electronics
20 Engineers (IEEE) and served for several years as an officer of the Executive Board of the Dallas
21 Section of IEEE as well as national and worldwide offices. I have served as President of the
22 Society of Depreciation Professionals twice.

23 I am qualified as Certified Depreciation Professional as recognized by the Society of
24 Depreciation Professionals. The Society administers an examination and has certain required
25 qualifications to become and remain certified in this field. I meet and maintain all those
26 requirements.

27 I have presented testimony and or depreciation studies in nearly 300 depreciation studies
28 over the course of my career. I have testified before the California Public Utilities Commission
29 in nine cases: on behalf of Southwest Gas – Northern California and Southwest Gas- Southern
30 California both in proceeding Application (A.)19-08-015; San Diego Gas and Electric Company
31 in proceeding A.17-10-007 and A.22-05-016; on behalf of Golden State Water Company in

1 proceeding A.14-07-006; California American Water Company in proceedings A.16-07-002 and
2 A.10-07-007, and Southern California Edison Company in proceedings A.10-11-015 and A.13-
3 11-003. I have appeared before the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission, more than 35
4 United States state commissions, and in three international proceedings.

5 I train people who want to learn more about utility depreciation by serving on the training
6 faculty of the Society of Depreciation Professionals, teaching classes in utility seminars at
7 Michigan State University and for the EEI and AGA.

APPENDIX A
GLOSSARY OF TERMS

APPENDIX A

GLOSSARY OF TERMS

ACRONYM	DEFINITION
A.	Application
AGA	American Gas Association
AMI	Advanced Metering Infrastructure
Amort	Amortization
ASL	Average Service Life
CFR	Code of Federal Regulations
CPUC	California Public Utilities Commission
CSF	Customer Services Field
D.	Decision
EEI	Edison Electric Institute
FERC	Federal Energy Regulatory Commission
GCT	Gas Company Tower
GEMS	Gas Energy Measurement Systems
GRC	General Rate Case
MDTs	Mobile Data Terminal
NARUC	National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners
PACER	Portable Automated Centralized Electronic Retrieval system
SCADA	Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition
SDG&E	San Diego Gas & Electric Company
S&L	Sargent & Lundy
SPR	Simulated Plant Record
SQ	Square
TY	Test Year
USofA	Uniform System of Accounts

APPENDIX B

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY COMPARISON OF AUTHORIZED VS PROPOSED DEPRECIATION PARAMETERS

Depreciation Account	Current			Proposed			Change	
	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
Common Plant								
C390.10-Structures & Imprv.	30	S1	-15	45	L0	-10	15	5
C391.10-Furniture & Equip.	18	S6	0	18	SQ	0	0	0
C391.20-Computers & Equip.	5	S6	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
C392.10-Automotive Equip.	10	SQ	0	10	SQ	0	0	0
C392.20-Trailers	20	L0	0	20	SQ	0	0	0
C392.30-Aviation	10	SQ	0	40	SQ	10	30	10
C393.10-Stores Equip.	19	L0	0	25	SQ	0	6	0
C394.11-Portable Tools	23	R2.5	0	10	SQ	0	-13	0
C394.21-Shop Equip.	35	L1.5	0	15	SQ	0	-20	0
C394.31-Garage Equip.	19	R3	0	19	SQ	0	0	0
C395.10-Laboratory Equip.	25	R5	0	15	SQ	0	-10	0
C397.30-Commun Equip.	13	S6	0	15	SQ	0	2	0
C398.10-Miscellaneous Equip.	13	R0.5	10	15	SQ	0	0	0
Solar Energy Projects								
E338.11-Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	-25
E338.12-Misc Power Plant Equip	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.40-Solar Panels	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.50-Collector System	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.70-Inverters	25	SQ	0	10	S2	-21.57	-15	-21.57
E338.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
Electric Production Plant								
Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant	mid-2027		-3.3	mid-2027		-2.62		0.68
Desert Star Energy Center	Apr-26		-2.57	Feb-44		-4.38		-1.81
Miramar Energy Facility	mid-2032		-1.09	mid-2032		-2.41		-1.32
Palomar Energy Center	mid-2036		-1.24	mid-2036		-2.61		-1.37
E344.2 Generators Other	20	SQ	0	20	R1	0	0	0
Electric Distribution Plant								
E361.00-Structures & Imprv.	63	R2.5	-125	61	R1	-150	-1	-25
E362.10-Sta. Equip.	51	R1.5	-125	58	R2	-125	7	0
E363.20 Computer Software	5	SQ	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E363.30 Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	25
E364.00-Poles, Towers, & Fxtr.	47	R0.5	-100	45	L0	-90	-2	10
E365.00-OH Conductor & Dev.	55	R0.5	-70	55	R0.5	-90	0	-20
E366.00-UG Conduit	57	R3	-50	64	R5	-75	7	-25
E367.00-UG Conductor & Dev.	45	R3	-65	57	R1	-75	12	-10
E368.10-Line Transformers	34	L0.5	-70	37	R1	-95	3	-25
E368.20-Capacitors	12	L0	-70	12	L0	-60	0	10
E369.10-OH Services	55	R0.5	-110	60	R0.5	-135	5	-25
E369.20-UG Services	53	L4	-75	63	R5	-100	10	-25
E370.10-Legacy Meters	48	R0.5	0	18	L0	0	-30	0
E370.11- "Smart" Meters	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
E370.20-Legacy Meter Install.	48	R0.5	0	18	L0	0	-30	0

Depreciation Account	Current			Proposed			Change	
	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
E370.21- "Smart" Meter Install.	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
E371.00-Install. on Cust. Prem.	34	R0.5	-90	34	R0.5	-115	0	-25
E371.10 EV Charging Units Total	10	SQ	0	10	SQ	-32.89	0	-32.89
E373.20-Street Light. & Signals	36	L0	-85	36	L0	-110	0	-25
Energy Storage Equipment								
E387.10-Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	25
E387.11-Misc Energy Storage Equip				15	SQ	0		
E387.20-Structures and Improvements				30	SQ	0		
E387.30-Energy Storage Equipment	10	SQ	0	15	SQ	-4.19	5	-4.19
E387.50-Collector System				7	SQ	0		
E387.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU)				30	SQ	0		
E387.70-Inverters				10	SQ	0		
E387.80-Computer Hardware				5	SQ	0		
Electric General Plant								
E390.00- Structures & Imprv.	34	S4	-10	40	R3	-5	6	5
E392.20-Trailers	27	L5	0	27	SQ	0	0	0
E393.10-Stores Equip.	25	S5	0	25	SQ	0	0	0
E394.11-Portable Tools	27	S6	0	10	SQ	0	-17	0
E394.20-Shop Equip.	26	L4	0	26	SQ	0	0	0
E395.10-Laboratory Equip.	22	L3	0	10	SQ	0	-12	0
E397.10-Computer Hardware	5	S6	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E397.20- Computer Software	5	SQ	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E397.21- Computer Software (2 Yr)				2	SQ			
E397.22- Computer Software (3 Yr)				3	SQ			
E397.23- Computer Software (4 Yr)				4	SQ			
E397.24- Computer Software (10 Yr)				10	SQ			
E397.30-Communication Equipment				15	SQ	-25		
E398.10-Miscellaneous Equip.	16	L4	0	16	SQ	0	0	0
Gas Storage and Transmission Plant								
G363.60-LNG DI Strg. Equip.	20	S4	0	20	S4	-5	0	-5
G366.00-Struct and Land Imp.	34	S3	0	34	S3	-5	0	-5
G367.00-Mains	45	S4	-25	60	S4	-50	15	-25
G368.00-Compressor Sta. Equip.	35	S3	-10	35	S3	-35	0	-25
G369.00-Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip.	31	S3	-5	35	S3	-5	4	0
G371.00-Other Equipment	27	SQ	0	27	SQ	0	0	0
Gas Distribution Plant								
G375.00-Struct & Imp	44	S3	0	44	S3	-5	0	-5
G376.00-Mains	69	R3	-55	69	R3	-80	0	-25
G376.60 GTSR Hydro Test				56	SQ	0		
G378.00-Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip.	47	R2	-25	47	R2	-25	0	0
G380.00-Services	65	R2.5	-70	65	R2.5	-95	0	-25
G381.00-Meters & Reg.	41	L1.5	0	41	L1.5	0	0	0
G381.01-Meter Modules	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0

	Current			Proposed			Change	
Depreciation Account	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
G382.00-Meter & Reg. Install.	35	L2	-30	41	L1.5	-5	6	25
G382.01-Meter Module Install.	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
G385.00-Ind. Meas. & Reg. Equip.	28	S6	0	28	S6	0	0	0
G387.11-Other Equipment	16	L0	0	15	L0	0	-1	0
G387.12- CNG	16	L0	0	20	L0	-5	4	-5
Gas General Plant								
G394.10-Portable Tools	24	L5	0	10	SQ	0	-14	0
G394.20-Shop Equip.	24	R1.5	0	10	SQ	0	-14	0
G397.00-Com. Equip.	15	S6	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
G398.00-Miscellaneous Equip.	19	R2.5	0	15	SQ	0	-4	0

APPENDIX C

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY DEPRECIATION RATE STUDY

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY

**COMMON, ELECTRIC, AND
NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS
DEPRECIATION RATE STUDY
AS OF December 31, 2025**



<http://www.utilityalliance.com>

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY
COMMON, ELECTRIC, AND
NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS
DEPRECIATION RATE STUDY
EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

San Diego Gas and Electric Company (“SDG&E” or “Company”) engaged Alliance Consulting Group to conduct a depreciation study of the Company’s common, electric, and natural gas operations depreciable assets as of December 31, 2025. This study was conducted under the traditional depreciation study approach.

Overall, there was a balance of lives of the accounts that are moving longer and shorter. Based on the Company’s experience, there are 16 accounts that have increasing lives and 17 accounts that have decreasing lives. The Company’s experience also indicates that net salvage has also moved more negative in many accounts. 28 accounts had decreasing (i.e., more negative) net salvage and 9 accounts increasing (i.e., less negative) net salvage. Please see Appendix C for a listing of the various changes in lives and net salvage.

This study analyzed life and net salvage characteristics for SDG&E through year end 2024. Due to time constraints based on a June 2026 filing, the study was not able to incorporate 2025 activity in the life and net salvage analysis but did incorporate 2025 balances for purposes of calculating depreciation rates. Using the life and net salvage parameters developed from the 2024 analysis, this study used actual plant asset balances and depreciation reserves as of December 31, 2025, to compute the proposed depreciation rates in this study.

Based on plant as of December 31, 2025, this study recommends a decrease of \$21.7 million in annual depreciation expense compared to the depreciation rates currently in effect. Appendix B to this study provides the change in depreciation expense.

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMMON, ELECTRIC, AND NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS
DEPRECIATION RATE STUDY
AS OF DECEMBER 31, 2025
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PURPOSE

The purpose of this study is to develop depreciation rates for the depreciable property as recorded on SDG&E's books as of December 31, 2025. The account-based depreciation rates were designed with the concept of recovering the total remaining undepreciated investment, adjusted for net salvage, over the remaining life of SDG&E's property on a straight-line basis.

SDG&E is a regulated public utility that provides energy service to 3.7 million people through 1.5 million electric meters and 905,000 natural gas meters in San Diego and southern Orange counties. The Company's service area spans 4,100 square miles. SDG&E has 900,000 natural gas customers and 3 million electric customers, and supplies energy to a population of 1.4 million business and residential accounts in a 4,100 square-mile service area spanning 2 counties and 25 communities.



STUDY RESULTS

Overall depreciation rates for all SDG&E depreciable property are shown in Appendix A. The Electric, Gas, and Common Plant depreciation and amortization expense as calculated at year end 2025 is also found in Appendix B and is shown in Table 1 below.

TABLE 1 SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPARISON OF CURRENT AND PROPOSED DEPRECIATION EXPENSE				
Function	Plant in Service (12/31/2025)	Current Accrual Expense	Proposed Accrual Expense	Difference
Common	1,502,227,440	96,598,474	74,374,438	(22,224,036)
Electric Production	576,710,025	26,484,367	18,544,914	(7,939,453)
Electric Other Production	545,282,929	27,279,992	22,709,873	(4,570,118)
Electric Solar Production	89,850,710	3,672,172	7,563,489	3,891,317
Electric Distribution	11,926,219,766	487,944,240	490,496,037	2,551,797
Electric Energy Storage	1,085,886,948	109,682,872	69,069,380	(40,613,492)
Electric General	313,097,727	21,289,557	59,257,896	37,968,339
Gas Storage	2,168,803	73,306	97,615	24,309
Gas Transmission	1,192,750,499	33,045,131	31,574,026	(1,147,105)

Function	Plant in Service (12/31/2025)	Current Accrual Expense	Proposed Accrual Expense	Difference
Gas Distribution	3,318,029,474	85,926,195	93,893,079	7,966,884
Gas General	32,275,366	1,342,587	4,082,778	2,740,190
Total	20,584,499,686	893,338,891	871,663,525	(21,675,367)
Excludes amortized land rights and intangible plant				

Appendix A to this study demonstrates the development of the annual depreciation rates and accruals. Appendix B to this study presents a comparison of approved rates versus proposed rates by account. Appendix C presents a comparison of mortality and net salvage estimates by account. Appendix D shows net salvage experience for the Company's depreciable assets from 2002 through 2024. Removal cost from projects where retirements were not booked through calendar year 2024 were removed from the analysis.

GENERAL DISCUSSION

Definition

The term "depreciation" as used in this study is considered in the accounting sense; that is, a system of accounting that distributes the cost of assets, less net salvage (if any), over the estimated useful life of the assets in a systematic and rational manner. It is a process of allocation, not valuation. This expense is systematically allocated to accounting periods over the life of the properties. The amount allocated to any one accounting period does not necessarily represent the loss or decrease in value that will occur during that particular period. The Company accrues depreciation on the basis of the original cost of all depreciable property included in each functional property group. On retirement, the full cost of depreciable property, less the net salvage value, is charged to the depreciation reserve.

Basis of Depreciation Estimates

The straight-line, broad (average) life group, remaining-life depreciation system was employed to calculate annual and accrued depreciation in this study. In this system, the annual depreciation expense for each group is computed by dividing the original cost of the asset less allocated depreciation reserve less estimated net salvage by its respective average life group remaining life. The resulting annual accrual amounts of all depreciable property within a function were accumulated, and the total was divided by the original cost of all functional depreciable property to determine the depreciation rate. The calculated remaining lives and annual depreciation accrual rates were based on attained ages of plant in service and the estimated service life and salvage characteristics of each depreciable group. The computations of the annual functional depreciation rates are shown in Appendix A and remaining life calculations are shown in Work Papers.

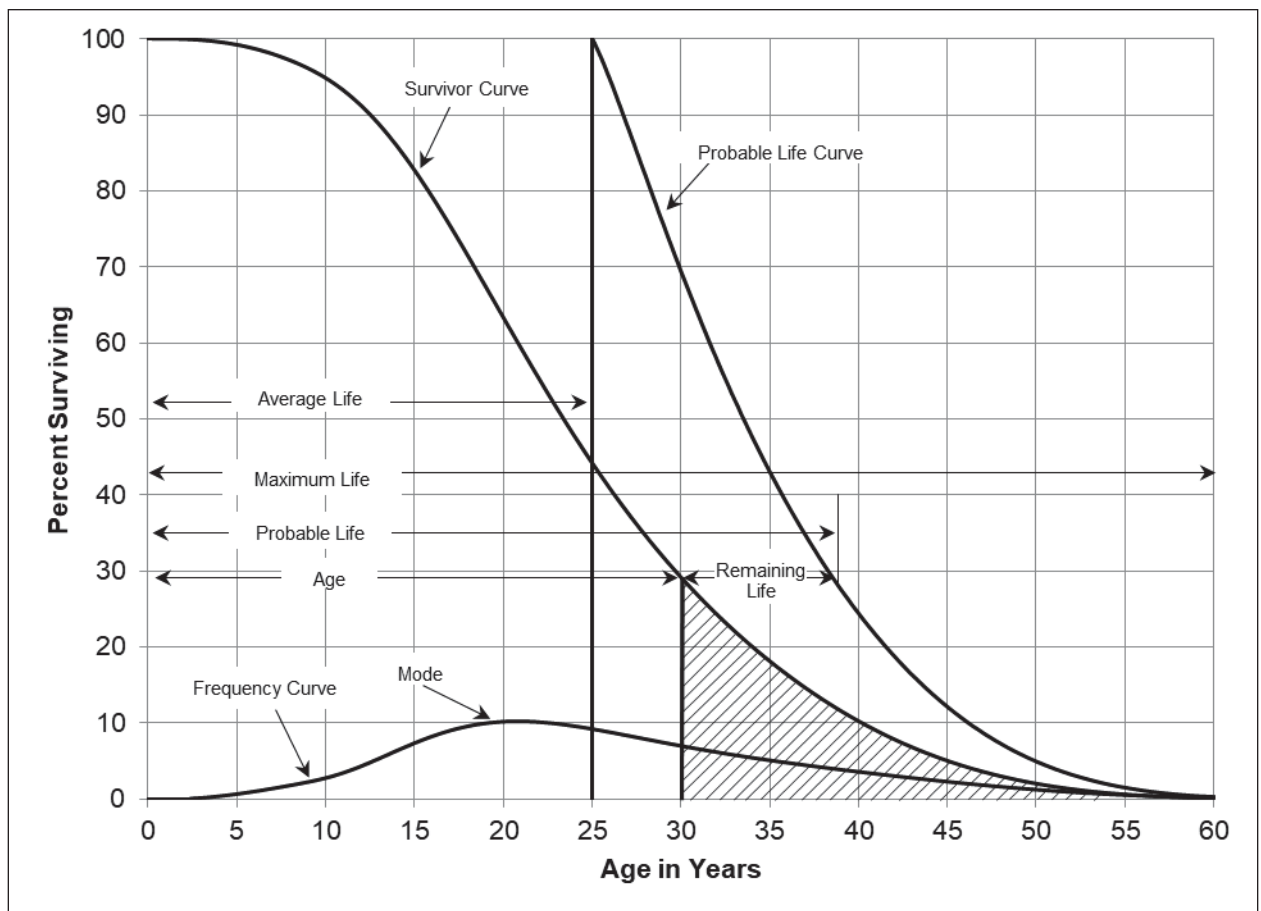
Actuarial analysis was used with each account within a function where sufficient data was available, and judgment was used to some degree on all

accounts.

Survivor Curves

To fully understand depreciation projections in a regulated utility setting, there must be a basic understanding of survivor curves. Individual property units within a group do not normally have identical lives or investment amounts. The average life of a group can be determined by first constructing a survivor curve, which is plotted as a percentage of the units surviving at each age. A survivor curve represents the percentage of property remaining in service at various age intervals. The chart below shows a typical generalized survivor curve as well as some of the life characteristics that can be derived from the survivor curve.

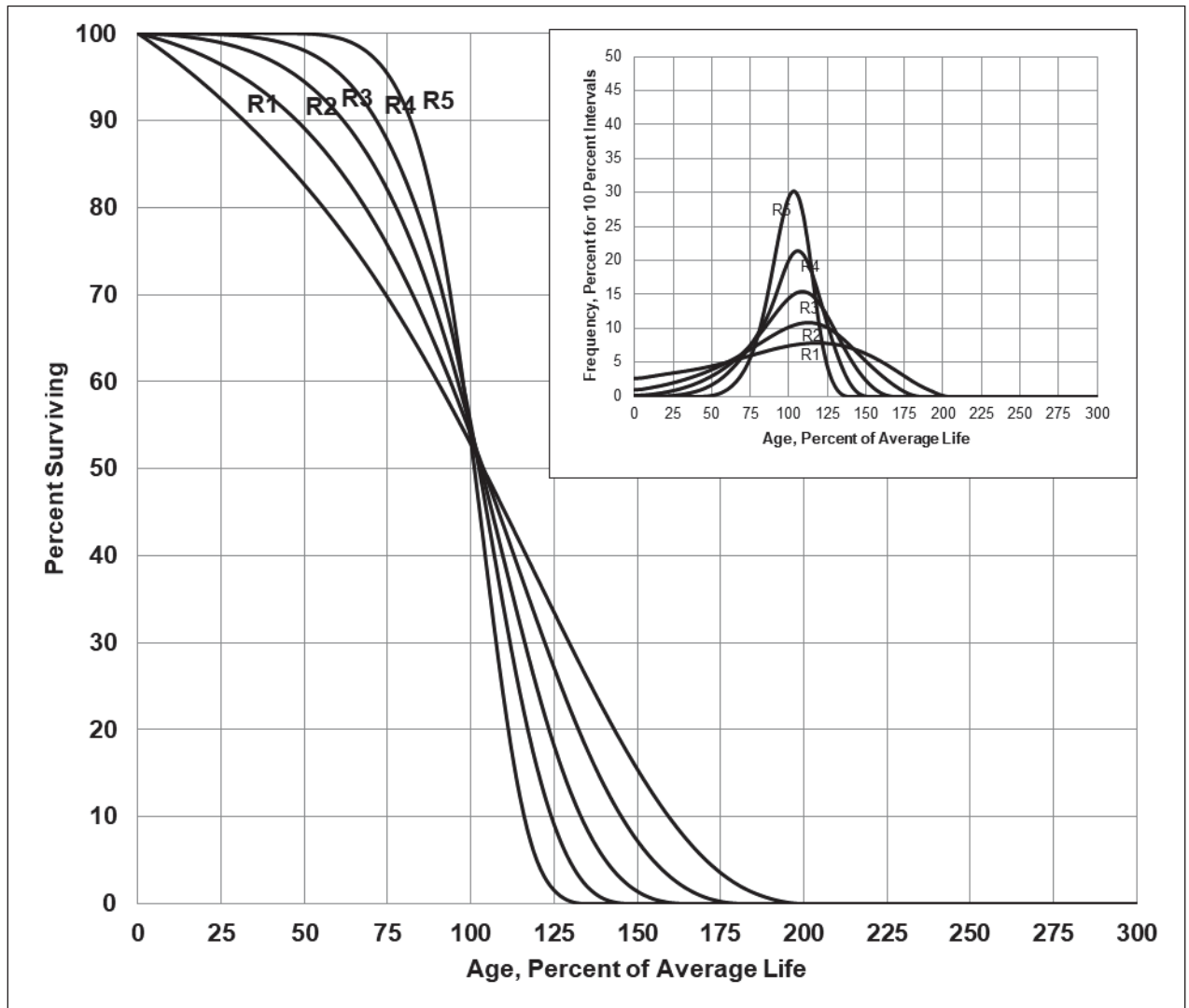
GENERALIZED SURVIVOR CURVE



The Iowa Curves are the result of an extensive investigation of life characteristics of physical property made at Iowa State College Engineering Experiment Station in the first half of the twentieth century. Through common usage, revalidation and regulatory acceptance, these curves have become a descriptive standard for the life characteristics of industrial property.

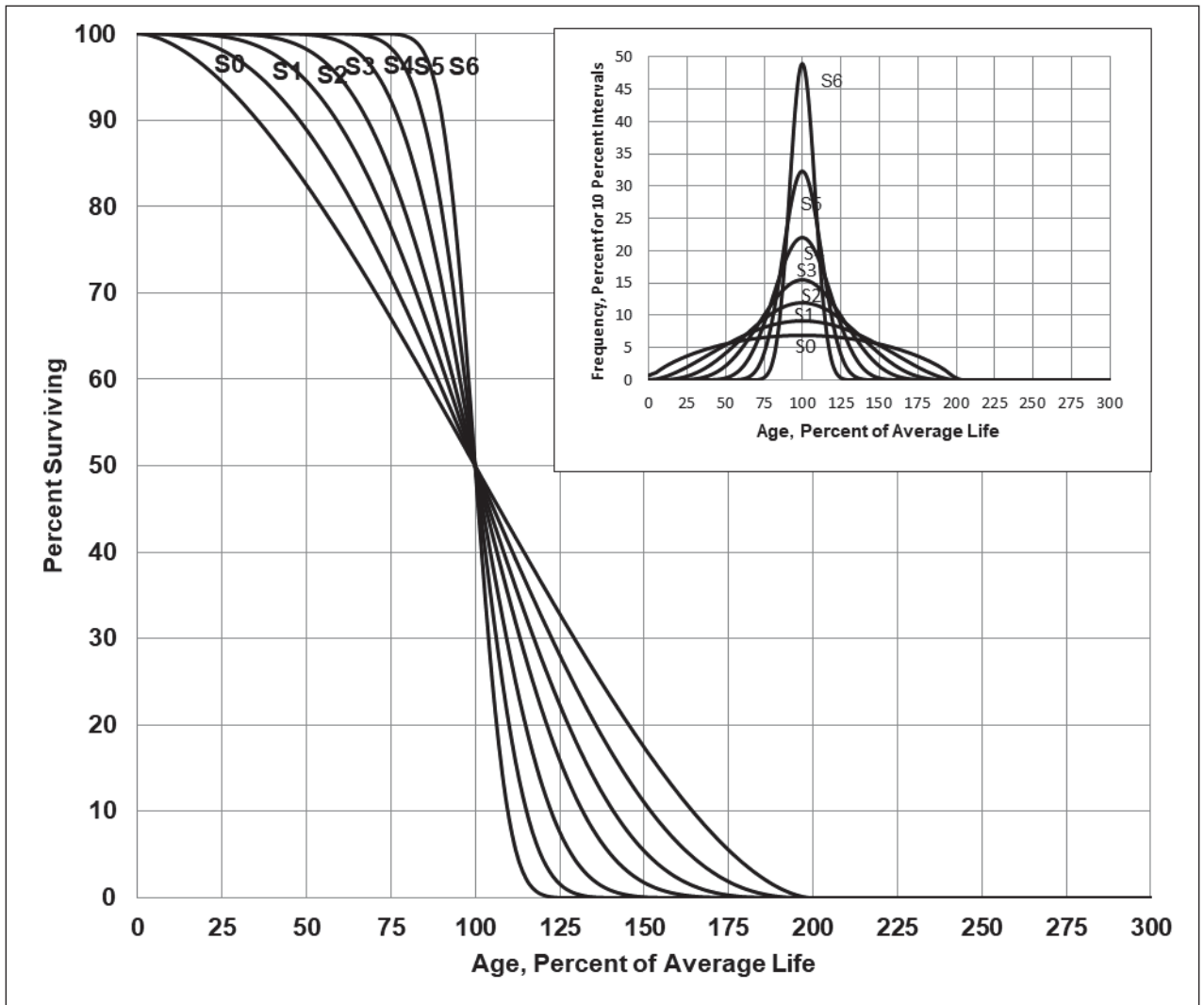
There are four families in the Iowa Curves that are distinguished by the relation of the age at the retirement mode (largest annual retirement frequency) and the average life. For distributions with the mode age greater than the average life, an "R" designation (i.e., Right modal) is used. The family of "R" moded curves is shown below.

R-TYPE IOWA SURVIVOR CURVES



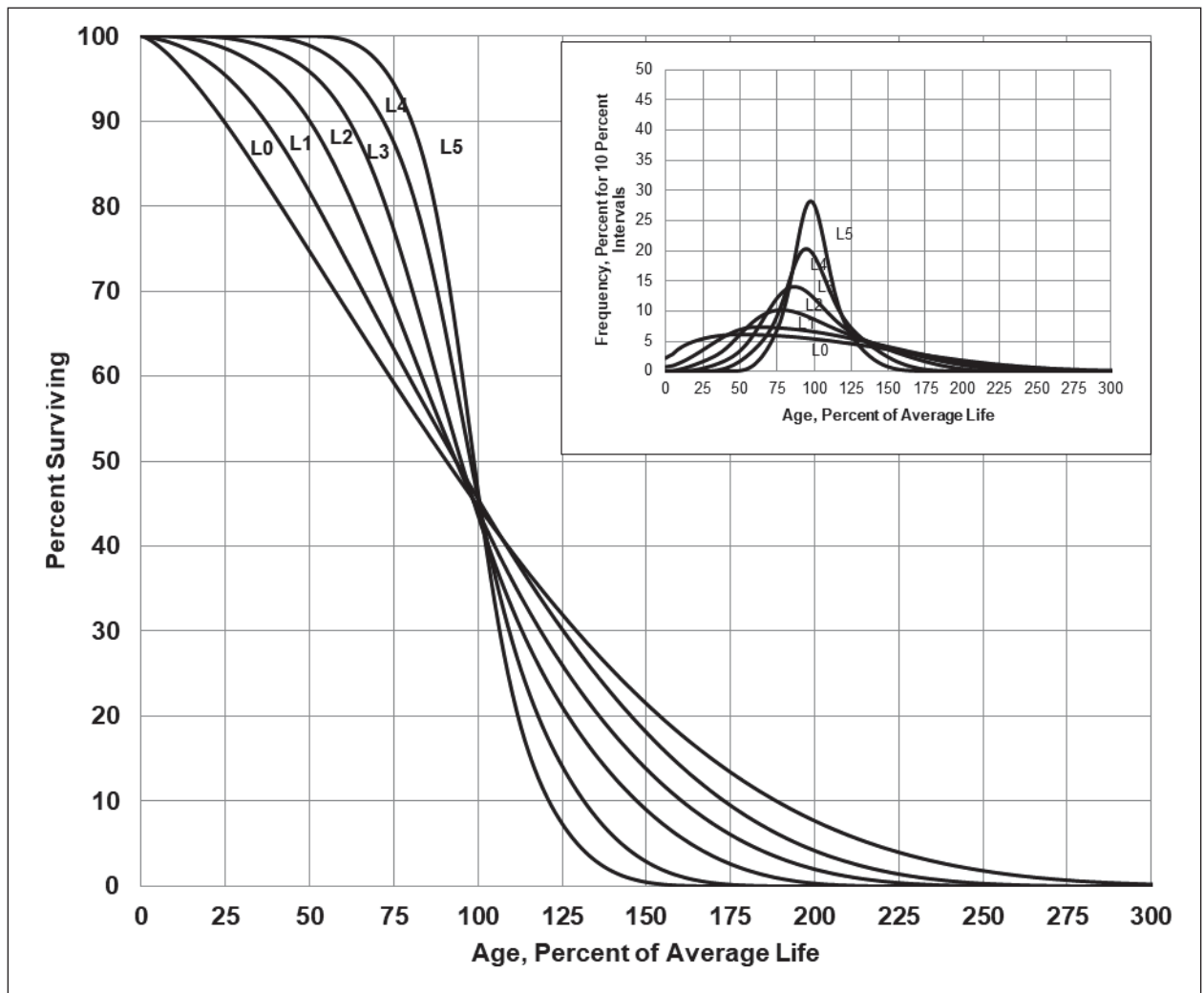
Similarly, an "S" designation (i.e., Symmetric modal) is used for the family whose mode age is symmetric about the average life. The higher the number of the curve, the greater the peak. A graph showing the S curves is shown below.

S-TYPE IOWA SURVIVOR CURVES



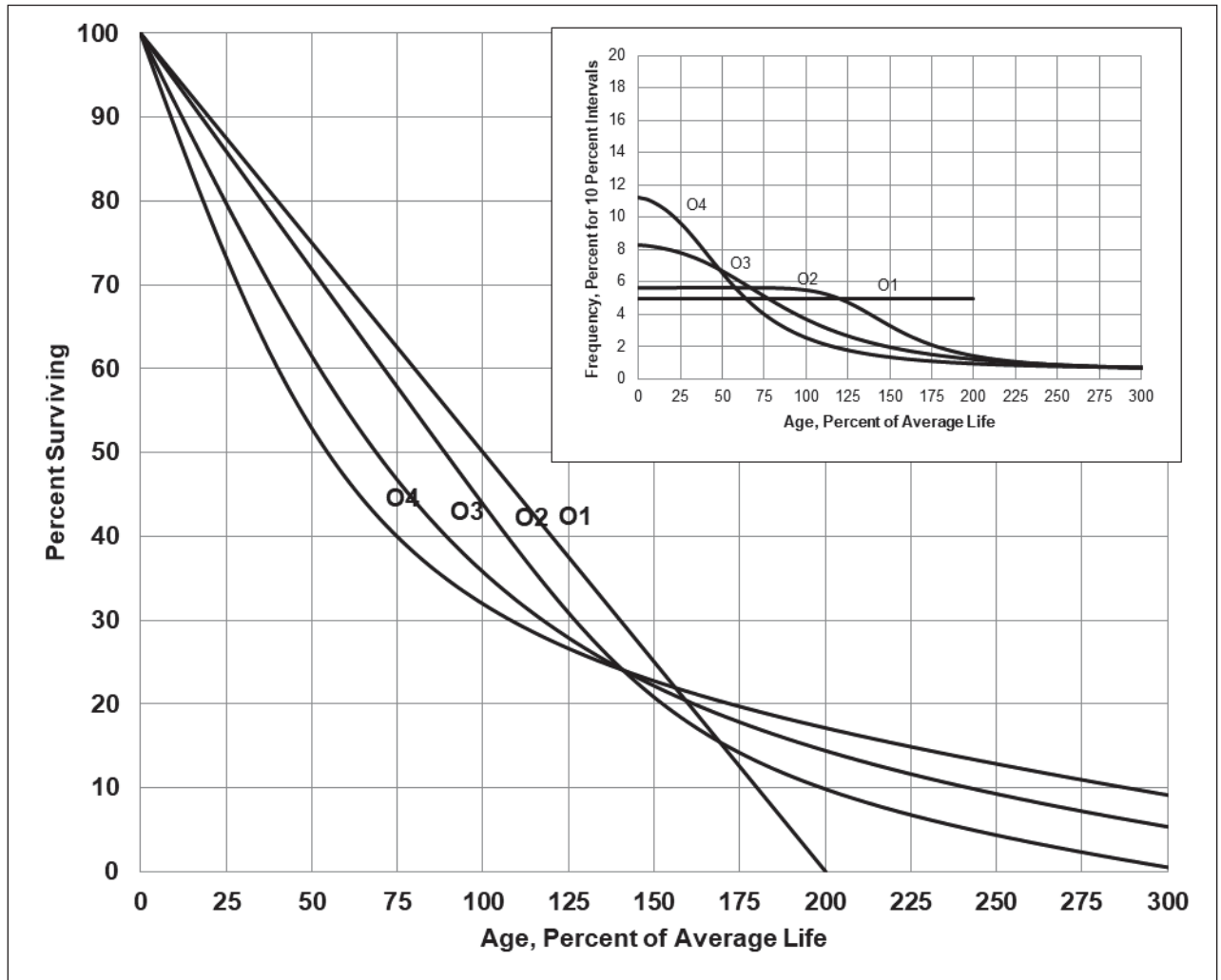
For distributions with the mode age less than the average life, an "L" designation (i.e., Left modal) is used. The family of "L" moded curves is shown below.

L-TYPE IOWA SURVIVOR CURVES



A special case of left modal dispersion is the "O" or origin modal curve family, which was developed in the 1950s.

O-TYPE IOWA SURVIVOR CURVES



Given how long the O curves live, the O curves are seldom used in analyzing utility property in the Alliance Consulting Group's experience, other than with intellectual property.

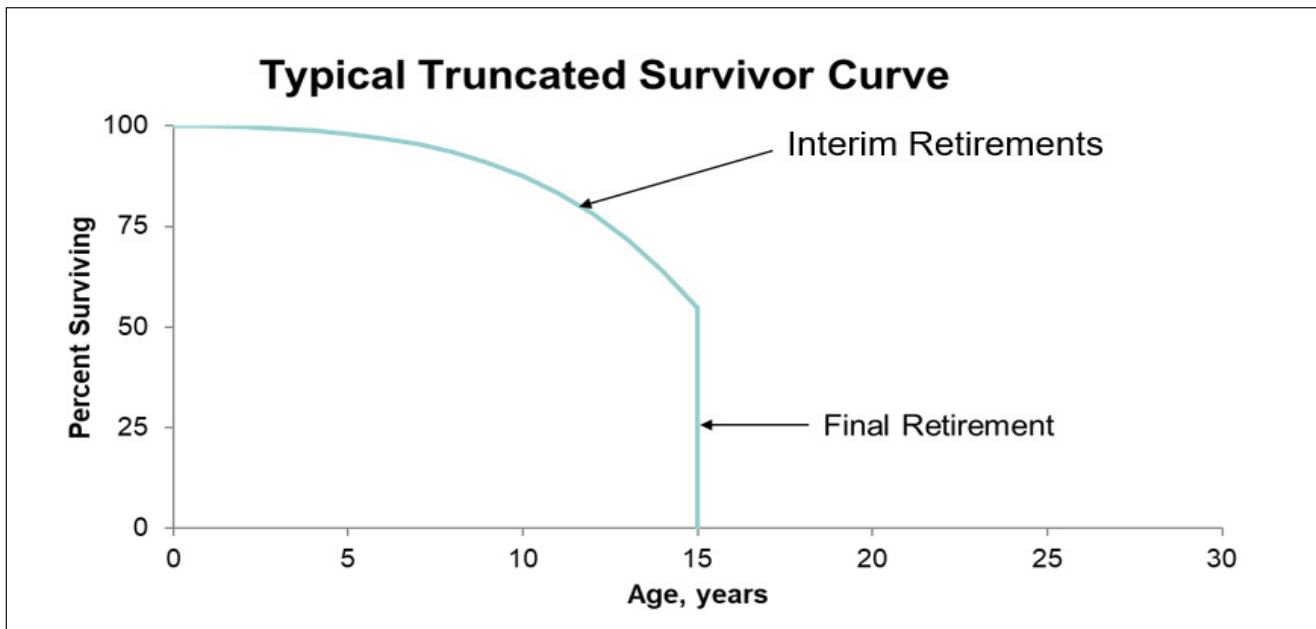
Within each curve family, numerical designations are used to describe the relative magnitude of the retirement frequencies at the mode. A "6" indicates that the retirements are a small dispersion from the mode (i.e., high mode frequency), while a "1" indicates a large dispersion about the mode (i.e., low mode frequency). For example, a curve with an average life of 30 years and an "L3" dispersion is a moderately dispersed, left modal curve that can be designated as a 30 L3 Curve. An SQ, or square, survivor curve occurs where no dispersion is present (i.e., units of common age retire simultaneously).

Most property groups can be closely fitted to one Iowa Curve with a unique average service life. The blending of judgment concerning current conditions and future trends, along with the matching of historical data, permits the depreciation analyst to make an informed selection of an account's average life and retirement dispersion pattern.

Life Span Procedure

The life span procedure is used for production facilities for which most components are expected to have a retirement date concurrent with the planned retirement date of the generating unit. The terminal retirement date refers to the year that each unit will cease operations. The terminal retirement date, along with the interim retirement characteristics of the assets that will retire prior to the facility ceasing operation, describe the pattern of retirement of the assets that comprise a generating unit. Retirement dates for Production and Other Production generating units was provided to Alliance by the Company.

An example of a life span and interim retirement application is shown below.



In the case of SDG&E, production and other production facilities have experienced very few retirements over the life of assets. The last depreciation study as well as this study do not model interim retirements. And assets are assumed to remain in service for the life of each generating unit.

Judgment

Any depreciation study requires informed judgment by the analyst conducting the study. A knowledge of the property being studied, company policies and procedures, general trends in technology and industry practice, and a sound basis of understanding in depreciation theory are needed to apply this informed judgment. Judgment was used in areas such as survivor curve modeling and selection, depreciation method selection, simulated plant record method analysis, and actuarial analysis.

Judgment is not defined as being used in cases where there are specific,

significant pieces of information that influence the choice of a life or curve. Those cases would simply be a reflection of specific facts in the analysis. Where there are multiple factors, activities, actions, property characteristics, statistical inconsistencies, implications of applying certain curves, property mix in accounts or a multitude of other considerations that impact the analysis (potentially in various directions), judgment is used to take all of these factors and synthesize them into a general direction or understanding of the characteristics of the property.

Individually, no one factor in these cases may have a substantial impact on the analysis. But overall, they may shed light on the utilization and characteristics of assets. Judgment may also be defined as deduction, inference, wisdom, common sense, or the ability to make sensible decisions. There is no single correct result from statistical analysis; hence, there is no answer absent judgment. At the very least for example, any analysis requires choosing which bands to place more emphasis on.

The establishment of appropriate lives, interim retirement dispersions, and interim net salvage for SDG&E's generation accounts requires judgment to incorporate the understanding of the operation of the system with the available accounting information. The appropriateness of lives and curves depends not only on statistical analyses, but also on how well future retirement patterns will match past retirements.

Current applications and trends in use of the equipment also need to be factored into life and survivor curve choices to allow appropriate mortality characteristics to be chosen.

Actuarial Analysis

Actuarial analysis (retirement rate method) was used in evaluating historical asset retirement experience where vintage data were available and sufficient retirement activity was present. In actuarial analysis, interval exposures (total

property subject to retirement at the beginning of the age interval, regardless of vintage) and age interval retirements are calculated. The complement of the ratio of interval retirements to interval exposures establishes a survivor ratio. The survivor ratio is the fraction of property surviving to the end of the selected age interval, given that it has survived to the beginning of that age interval. Survivor ratios for all of the available age intervals were chained by successive multiplications to establish a series of survivor factors, collectively known as an observed life table. The observed life table shows the experienced mortality characteristic of the account and may be compared to standard mortality curves such as the Iowa Curves. Where data was available, accounts were analyzed using this method. Placement bands were used to illustrate the composite history over a specific era, and experience bands were used to focus on retirement history for all vintages during a set period. The results from these analyses for those accounts which had sufficient data to be analyzed using this method are shown in the Life Analysis section of this report.

Average Life Group Depreciation

SDG&E was authorized to use the average life group (“ALG”) depreciation procedure with the remaining life technique by the California Public Utilities Commission in A.17-10-008. At the request of SDG&E, this study continues to use the ALG depreciation procedure to group the assets within each account. After an average service life and dispersion were selected for each account, those parameters were used to estimate what portion of the surviving investment of each vintage was expected to retire.

The depreciation of the group continues until all investment in the vintage group is retired. ALG groups are defined by their respective account dispersion, life, and salvage estimates. A straight-line rate for each ALG group is calculated by computing a composite remaining life for each group across all vintages within the group, dividing the remaining investment to be recovered by the remaining life

to find the annual depreciation expense and dividing the annual depreciation expense by the surviving investment. The resultant rate for each ALG group is designed to recover all retirements less net salvage when the last unit retires. The ALG procedure recovers net book cost over the life of each account by averaging many components.

Theoretical Depreciation Reserve

The book depreciation reserve was derived from Company records and was reallocated from a functional level to individual accounts level. As a point of comparison, a theoretical depreciation reserve model was computed for each account. This study used a reserve model that relied on a prospective concept relating future retirement and accrual patterns for property, given current life and salvage estimates.

The theoretical reserve of a group is developed from the estimated remaining life, total life of the property group, and estimated net salvage. The theoretical reserve represents the portion of the group cost that would have been accrued if current forecasts were used throughout the life of the group for future depreciation accruals. The computation involves multiplying the vintage balances within the group by the theoretical reserve ratio for each vintage. The average life group method requires an estimate of dispersion and service life to establish how much of each vintage is expected to be retired in each year until all property within the group is retired. Estimated average service lives and dispersion determine the amount within each average life group. The straight-line remaining-life theoretical reserve ratio at any given age (RR) is calculated as:

$$RR = 1 - \frac{(Average\ Remaining\ Life)}{(Average\ Service\ Life)} * (1 - Net\ Salvage\ Ratio)$$

DETAILED DISCUSSION

Depreciation Study Process

This depreciation study encompassed four distinct phases. The first phase concerned data collection and field interviews. The second phase involved initial data analysis. The third phase encompassed information and analysis evaluation. Once the first three stages were complete, the fourth phase began. This phase involved calculating depreciation rates and documenting the corresponding recommendations.

During the Phase 1 data collection process, historical data was compiled from continuing property records and general ledger systems. Data was validated for accuracy by extracting and comparing to multiple financial system sources. An audit of this data was validated against historical data from prior periods, historical general ledger sources, and field personnel discussions.

This data was reviewed extensively to put in the proper format for a depreciation study. Further discussion on data review and adjustment is found in the Salvage Considerations Section of this study. And as part of the Phase 1 data collection process, numerous discussions were conducted with Company engineers and field operations personnel to obtain information that would assist in formulating life and salvage recommendations in this study.

One of the most important elements of performing a proper depreciation study is to understand how the Company utilizes assets and the environment of those assets. Interviews with engineering and operations personnel are important steps to allow the analyst to obtain information that is beneficial when evaluating the output from the life and net salvage programs in relation to the Company's actual asset utilization and environment. Information that was gleaned in these discussions is found both in the Detailed Discussion of this study in the life analysis and salvage analysis sections and in workpapers.

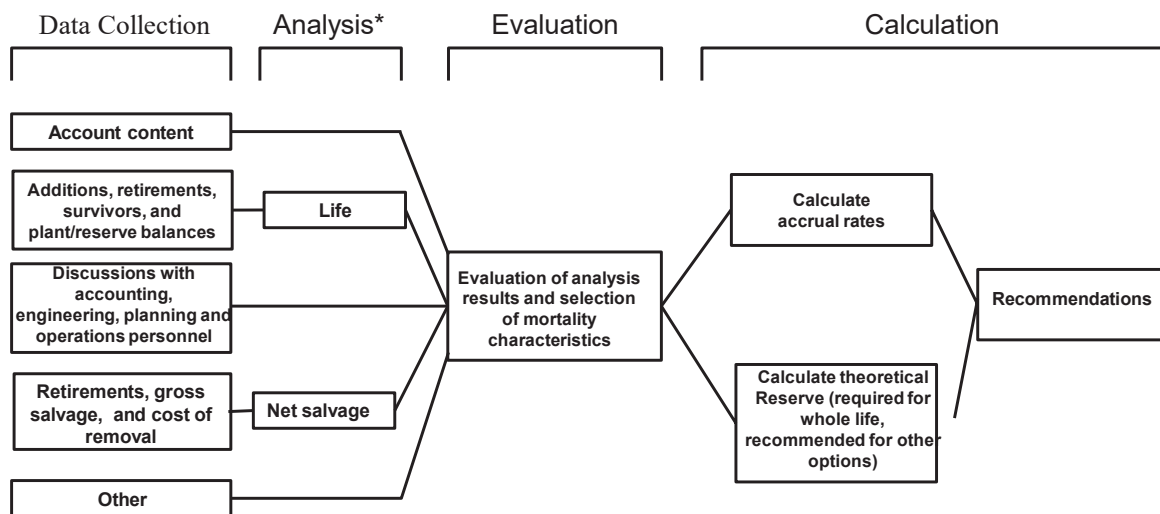
Phase 2 is where the actuarial analysis is performed. Phase 2 and Phase 3 overlap to a significant degree. The detailed property records information is used in Phase 2 to develop observed life tables for life analysis. These tables are visually compared to industry standard tables to determine historical life characteristics. It is possible that the analyst would cycle back to this phase based on the evaluation process performed in Phase 3. Net salvage analysis consists of compiling historical salvage and removal data by functional group to determine values and trends in gross salvage and removal cost. This information is then carried forward into Phase 3 for the evaluation process.

Phase 3 is the evaluation process, which synthesizes analysis, interviews, and operational characteristics into a final selection of asset lives and net salvage parameters. The historical analysis from Phase 2 is further enhanced by the incorporation of recent or future changes in the characteristics or operations of assets that were revealed in Phase 1. Phases 2 and 3 allow the depreciation analyst to validate the asset characteristics as seen in the accounting transactions with actual company operational experience.

Finally, Phase 4 involves the calculation of accrual rates, making recommendations, and documenting the conclusions in the study. The calculation of accrual rates is found in Appendix A to this study. Recommendations for the various accounts are contained within the life and net salvage sections of this study. The depreciation study flow diagram shown as Figure 1¹ below also documents the steps used in conducting this study. DEPRECIATION SYSTEMS², at page 289, documents the same basic processes in performing a depreciation study which are: statistical analysis, evaluation of statistical analysis, discussions with management, forecast assumptions, and document recommendations.

¹INTRODUCTION TO DEPRECIATION FOR PUBLIC UTILITIES & OTHER INDUSTRIES, AGA EEI (2013).

² W. C. Fitch and F.K.Wolf, DEPRECIATION SYSTEMS, Iowa State Press, at page 289 (1994).



Source: Introduction to Depreciation for Public Utilities and Other Industries, AGA EEI , 2013.

*Although not specifically noted, the mathematical analysis may need some level of input from other sources (for example, to determine analysis bands for life and adjustments to data used in all analysis).

Figure 1

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC DEPRECIATION STUDY PROCESS

Depreciation Rate Calculation

Annual depreciation expense amounts for the depreciable accounts of SDG&E were calculated by the straight line, ALG, remaining life procedure. With this approach, remaining lives were calculated according to standard ALG group expectancy techniques, using the Iowa Curves noted in the calculation. For each plant account, the difference between the surviving investment, adjusted for estimated net salvage, and the allocated book depreciation reserve was divided by the average remaining life to yield the annual depreciation expense. These calculations are shown in Appendix A.

Remaining Life Calculation

The establishment of appropriate average service lives and retirement dispersions for each account within a functional group was based on engineering judgment that incorporated available accounting information analyzed using the Retirement Rate actuarial method. After establishing the appropriate average service lives and retirement dispersion, remaining life was computed for each account. Theoretical depreciation reserve with zero net salvage was calculated using theoretical reserve ratios as defined in the theoretical reserve portion of the General Discussion section. The difference between plant balance and theoretical reserve was then spread over the ALG depreciation accruals. Remaining lives for each account are found in Appendix A, and the computations are shown in the workpapers.

Gradualism

In recent proceedings, the California Public Utilities Commission has applied a principle of gradualism in response to expressed concerns about growing cost burdens associated with increasing cost trends for these rates.³ The Commission explained that

³ D-14-08-032 at 597.

[t]he principle of gradualism applies where there is a recognized need to revise estimated parameters, but where the change is allowed to occur incrementally over time rather than all at once. Applying gradualism thus limits the approved increase that would otherwise be warranted, all else being equal and mitigates the short-term impact of large changes in depreciation parameters. Also, it is advisable to be cautious in making large changes in estimates of service lives and net salvage for property that will be in service for many decades, as future experience may show the current estimates to be incorrect.⁴

The Commission gave specificity to this directive in PGE's 2014 general rate case by allowing "no more than 25 percent of the estimated net salvage increase from current [net salvage] rates."⁵ The Commission has then applied this principle to Southern California Edison in D.15-11-021⁶, D.19-05-020⁷, and D.25-09-030.

By contrast, in SDG&E's last GRC, the depreciation rates, lives, and net salvage parameters from the A.14-11-003 GRC were retained.⁸ As such, since the Company's depreciation rates were set in D.16-06-054, no changes in authorized life or net salvage rates have been made. That is, even with the CPUC's guidance for gradualism, the Company was not allowed to gradually increase net salvage estimates (impacted by increased removal costs) or increase lives in the 2019 and 2024 GRCs. In its last proceeding, SDGE only sought recovery of gas assets and retained the parameters for electric.

The deferral of recognition of increasing removal cost requirements broadened the gap between the Company's net salvage experience and the amount authorized by the CPUC in most cases. In certain accounts a lower net salvage estimate is being proposed. However, in those accounts where the 25% change limit was imposed, the Company is getting further and further behind in the

⁴ *Id.*

⁵ *Id.*, at 600.

⁶ *Id.* at 413, 421, 425.

⁷ A19-05-020 at 315 and 329.

⁸ D-19-09-051 020 at 623; and D.24-12-074.

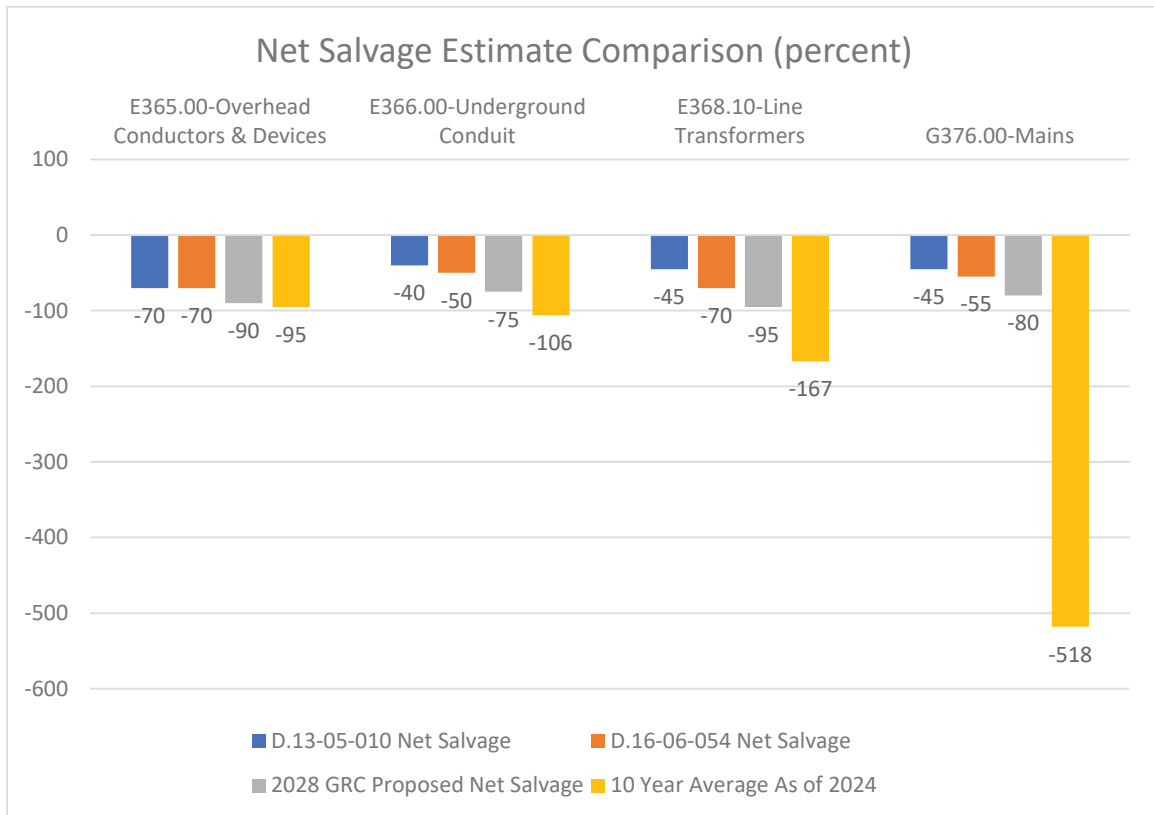
recovery of the removal cost for its investment in property, plant, and equipment. The gradualism principle only exacerbates this issue. Nevertheless, this study follows these directives in the selections for net salvage parameters for SDG&E's depreciable and amortized assets.

In examining parameters for SDG&E's accounts with the largest plant balances, as of January 1, 2025, five of the six plant accounts show an increase in negative net salvage between the depreciation rates set in D.16-06-054, D.19-09-051, and D.24-12-074 and the parameters proposed in this proceeding.

Table 1
SDGE Changes in Net Salvage Largest Accounts

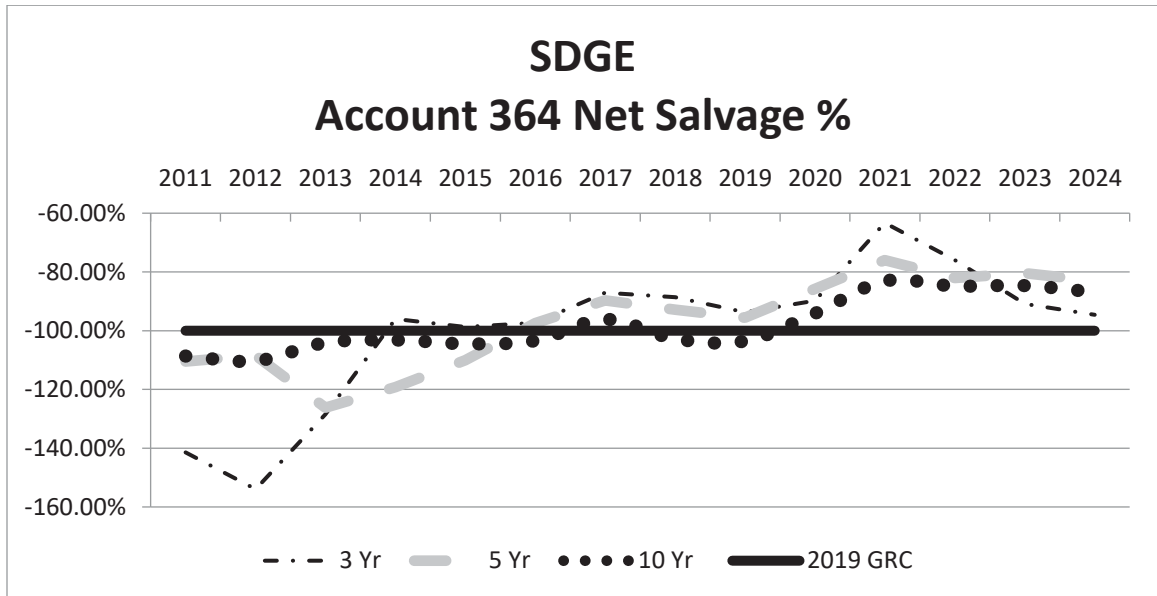
Account	D.13-05-010 Net Salvage	D.16-06-054 & D.19-09-051 Net Salvage	2028 GRC Study Proposed Net Salvage	Net Salvage Change	10 Year Average As of 2024
E364.00-Poles, Towers & Fxtr	-95	-100	-90	10	-87
E365.00-Overhead Cond & Dev	-70	-70	-90	-20	-95
E366.00-Underground Conduit	-40	-50	-75	-25	-106
E367.00-Undergrnd Cond & Dev	-55	-65	-75	-10	-75
E368.10-Line Transformers	-45	-70	-95	-25	-167

G376.00-Mains	-45	-55	-80	-25	-518
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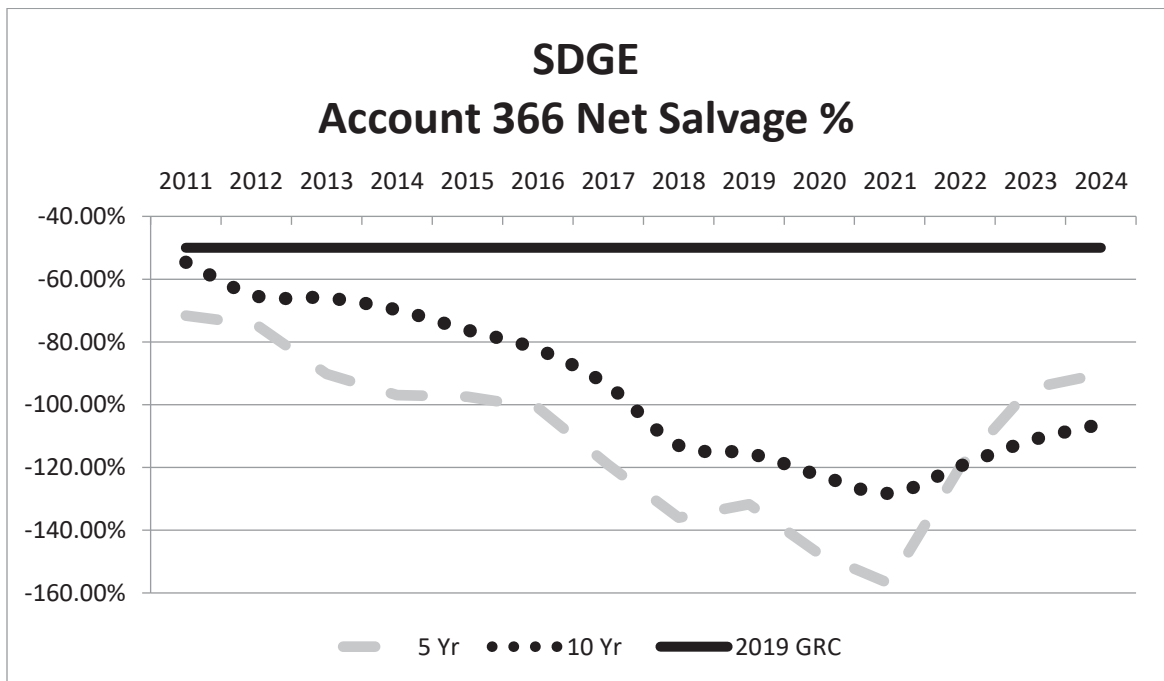


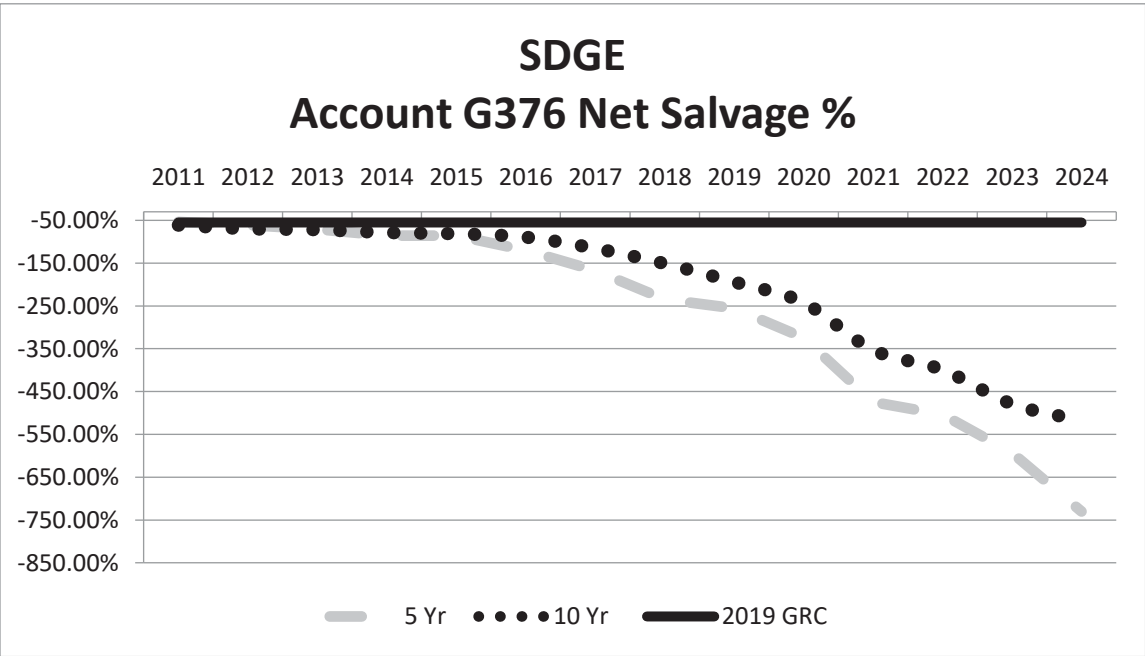
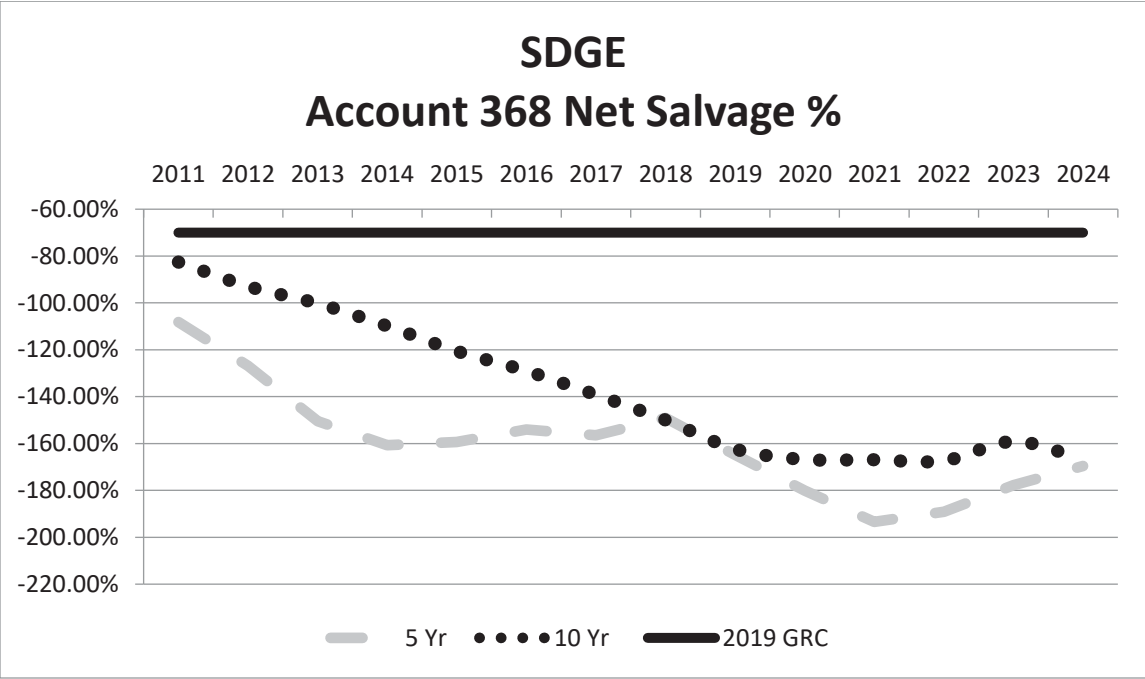
By retaining the same net salvage factors over the past thirteen years, the Company has not been able to recover its increasing net salvage expenditures from customers using those assets. For comparative purposes, we have shown the 10 year average from the net salvage study based on retirement and net salvage activity through 2024 for the six largest dollar accounts in Table 1. This information was provided to illustrate the difference between historical net salvage results and the net salvage estimates proposed under the anchor of gradualism.

In some cases, like Account E364, the net salvage indications have not changed greatly from 2012 GRC levels. The graph below shows that net salvage for this account has remained stable over the past several years.



But other accounts show trend to increasingly higher negative net salvage, as demonstrated in the graphs below.





Programs Impacting Life and Net Salvage of SDG&E Assets

SDG&E has been focused on various programs to improve its electric operations. The Company's energy infrastructure projects help reduce the risk of wildfires, prevent power shutoffs, and enhance power grid resilience. Other benefits include beautification of neighborhoods and easing the need for vegetation management efforts, leaving more of California's trees untouched. This is accomplished by undergrounding overhead electric power lines and replacing wood power poles with fire-resistant steel poles. Other steps the Company is taking are aimed at improving reliability, including through more inspections of the electric system and additional tree trimming.

The Company's other energy infrastructure projects include expanding and modernizing electric substations to help increase system capacity and reduce congestion on the power grid. As the region expands, the demand for energy also grows. The Company's substation enhancement projects help to facilitate the increase of renewable energy by giving the electric system greater capacity. Other efforts include adding renewables to the generation mix, adding battery storage, and continuing wildfire mitigation programs ("WMP"). Each of these efforts will be discussed further in the account-specific sections of this report.

In natural gas operations, SDG&E is focused on its Distribution Integrity Management Program ("DIMP"). DIMP began around 2011-2012. The Pipeline Hazardous Materials and Safety Administration ("PHMSA") is the main driver for this program. There is an active pipeline replacement program for medium pressure (<60 psig), which is replacing around 120 miles (30% steel and 70% plastic). The DIMP is targeting plastic pipe prior to 1986 and steel prior to 1971. Including both mains and services, the Company has roughly 42k miles of "modern" plastic and 24k miles of vintage plastic.

LIFE ANALYSIS

The retirement rate actuarial analysis method was applied to all accounts for SDG&E. For each account, an actuarial retirement rate analysis was made with placement and experience bands of varying width. The historical observed life table was plotted and compared with various Iowa Curves to obtain the most appropriate match. A selected curve for each account is shown in the Life Analysis Section of this report. The observed life tables for all analyzed placement and experience bands are provided in workpapers.

For each account on the overall band (i.e., placement from earliest vintage year, which varied for each account, through 2024), approved survivor curves from A.17-10-008 were used as a starting point. Then using the same average life, various dispersion curves were plotted. Frequently, visual matching would confirm one specific dispersion pattern (e.g., L, S, or R) as an obviously better match than others. The next step would be to determine the most appropriate life using that dispersion pattern. Then, after looking at the overall experience band, different experience bands were plotted and analyzed in increments of approximately ten years, for instance 1991-2000, 1981-1990, etc. Next, placement bands of varying width were plotted with each experience band discussed above. Repeated matching usually pointed to a focus on one dispersion family and small range of service lives. The goal of visual matching was to minimize the differential between the observed life table and Iowa Curve in the top and mid-range of the plots. These results are used in conjunction with all other factors that may influence asset lives.

COMMON PLANT

Some accounts in this function are being amortized. All amortized accounts will use the SQ dispersion pattern, and no graph is provided.

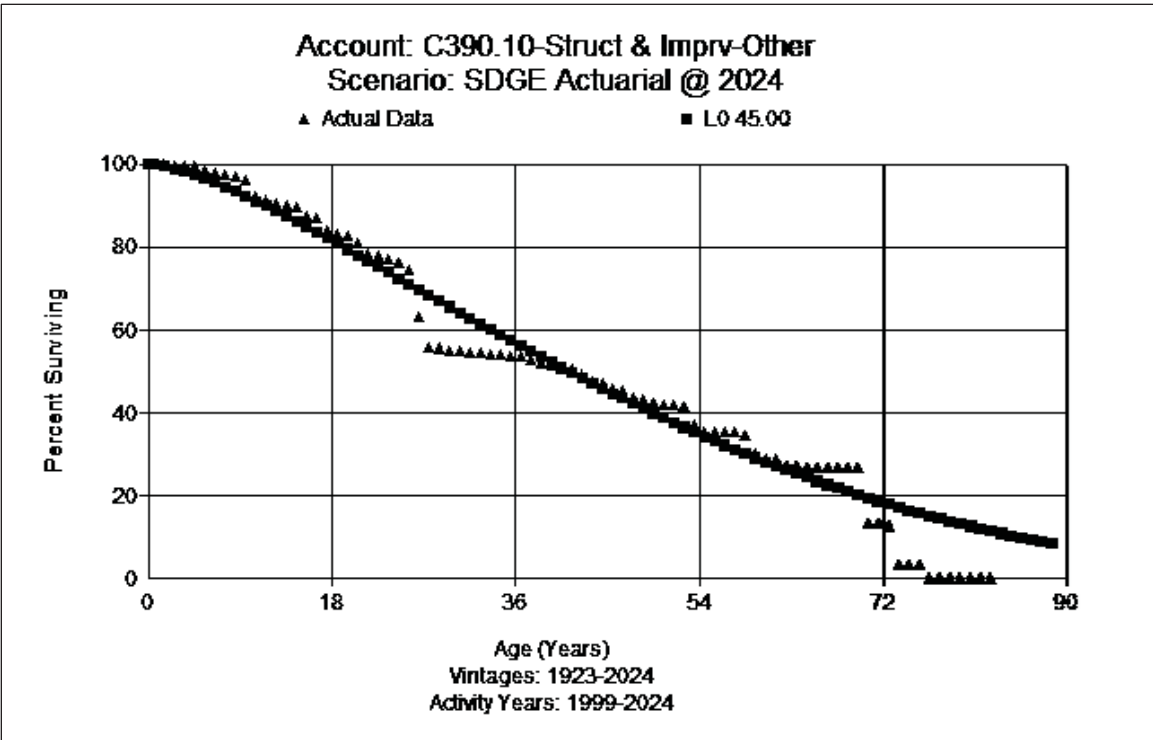
Common General Accounts

Account C390.10 Structures & Improvements 45 L0

This account includes the cost of general structures and improvements used for utility service. There is approximately \$659.7 million in this account. The approved life for this account is 30 years and an S1 dispersion. The Company has made changes to leased facilities much more frequently than to owned facilities. SDG&E has made significant investment in system hardening, generators, security work, HVAC, and landscaping. Improvements range from \$25k to \$30M.

There have been few structural changes to facilities. Over the next few years, there are plans for significant “ground up” projects that may trigger some retirements. There are many buildings that are well past 40 years old. Company subject matter experts (“SMEs”) believe that various components in this account have differing lives from the building structures: generators have a life of 15-25 years, AC systems 15-20 years, roofs 20-25 years, security systems 7-10 years, and carpet about 10 years. Leasehold improvement projects have been suspended due to COVID-19 and the office environment is changing, so many leasehold decisions, changes, and improvements will be considered in the future. Recent replacements of security systems have occurred at the 7-to-10-year age range discussed above.

After evaluating input from Company SMEs, this study recommends increasing the life to 45 years but moving to a slightly flatter dispersion, the L0, which is shown below.



Vintage Group Amortization

This study recommends the continued use of vintage group amortization for certain common plant accounts, specifically for accounts 391-398. FERC adopted Accounting Release 15 in 1997 using the following criteria:

1. The individual classes of assets for which vintage year accounting is followed are high volume, low value items;
2. There is no change in existing retirement unit designations, for purposes of determining when expenditures are capital or expense;
3. The cost of the vintage groups is amortized to depreciation expense over their useful lives and there is no change in depreciation rates resulting from the adoption of the vintage year accounting;
4. Interim retirements are not recognized;
5. Salvage and removal cost relative to items in the vintage categories are included in the accumulated depreciation account and assigned to the oldest vintage first; and
6. Properties are retired from the affected accounts that, at the date of the adoption of vintage year accounting, meet or exceed the average service life of properties in that account.

A vintage year method of accounting for the common plant accounts that meets all of the foregoing requirements may be implemented without obtaining specific authorization from the Commission to do so.

This methodology requires the retirement of assets whose age is longer than the recommended service life for each group. It is not necessary to track the location and retirement of those assets. Those amounts are shown for each account in Appendix A. After those assets are retired, the remaining plant in service for each account will be amortized using the amortization rates shown in Appendix A. Annually, assets that reach the average service life of each account will be retired when the assets reach their average service life.

Account C391.1 Office Furniture and Equipment 18 SQ

This account consists of miscellaneous office furniture such as desks, chairs, filing cabinets, and tables used for common utility service. There is approximately \$47.4 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 18 S6. In the early 2000s, the Company refurbished office furniture at Century Park. They are starting a new refresh cycle. There is also a safety component related to furniture and the Company is moving to more ergonomically friendly designs. Based on Company experience and feedback, the existing 18-year life is reasonable. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 18 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C391.2 Computer Equipment 5 SQ

This account consists of computer equipment used for common utility service. There is approximately \$131.8 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 5 S6. This life continues to match the Company's refresh cycle. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 5 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C392.1 Autos 10 SQ

This account consists of automobiles and similar transportation equipment used for common utility service. There is approximately \$765 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 10 SQ. This account contains trucks, and the 10-year life continues to be appropriate for this account. This study recommends an amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C392.2 Trailers 20 SQ

This account consists of trailers and other transportation equipment used for common utility service. There is approximately \$108 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 20 L0 and the continued use of that life is

warranted. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 20 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C392.3 Aviation Equipment 40 SQ

This account consists of aviation equipment from helicopters to drones. These assets are used for wildfire mitigation and monitoring equipment in areas that are difficult to access. There is approximately \$29.7 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 10 SQ. The Company has purchased a 2017 Airbus H145, and a 2021 Bell 412 EPX. After purchase, the Company operates the helicopters with strict adherence to maintenance schedules, engine warranties, and part replacement at required intervals. The Company plans to operate the helicopters it owns for another 40 years.

The Company buys drones approximately every two years, and those assets are replaced as technology improves with better cameras and security features. Since drones are a small dollar investment in this account, the overall life of the helicopters is recommended for this account. As noted, company SMEs estimate that the current helicopter will be in use for 40 years and see no reason that the crafts purchased will have a different life. This study recommends an amortization period of 40 years with an SQ dispersion based on discussion with Company SMEs who are familiar with these assets.

Account C393.10 Stores Equipment 25 SQ

This account consists of stores equipment used for common utility service. There is approximately \$333 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 19 L0. Assets in this account are racks and shelving. Account E393.10 has a current and proposed 25-year life. Since those assets are similar between electric general and common plant and the characteristics would support a 25 year life, this study recommends moving to a 25 year life. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 25

years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C394.11 Portable Tools 10 SQ

This account consists of portable tools such as mobile computer, test equipment and pumps. There is approximately \$1.5 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 23 R2.5. In common facilities, 2/3 of the total plant are ruggedized laptops (MDTs) used in the field. Company subject matter experts believe that a life of 23 years is not reasonable for laptops and other electronic equipment in this account. Company SMEs and Alliance suggest a life of 10 years for this account based on the account's asset mixture. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C394.21 Shop Equipment 15 SQ

This account consists of shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners worth approximately \$136 thousand. This account currently has a life of 35 L1.5, which is much longer than would be expected for the assets in this account. This study recommends moving to a 15-year life. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C394.31 Garage Equipment 19 SQ

This account consists of various garage equipment such as lathes and other tools. There is approximately \$1.9 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 19 R3. The currently approved 19-year life with a R3 dispersion continues to fit the historic pattern of retirements in this account. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 19 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C395.10 Laboratory Equipment 15 SQ

This account consists of laboratory equipment used in common utility service. There is approximately \$2.5 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 25 R5. Company SMEs report that the items used for laboratory equipment are increasingly technology driven. They recommend shortening the life of this account to 15 years based on the technology-driven life expectations. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account C397.30 Communication Equipment 15 SQ

This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment used in common utility service. Assets in this account include AV equipment, network infrastructure equipment, and telecom equipment. There is approximately \$559.5 million in this account. Company personnel report that these assets are very technology driven and that the current life is reasonable from an operational perspective. This account currently has a life of 13 S6. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends moving to a 15-year life with amortization based on the technology-driven life expectations with an SQ dispersion.

Account C398.10 Miscellaneous Equipment 15 SQ

This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in common utility service. There is approximately \$3.3 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 13 R0.5. Based on the types of assets in this account and expectations of the Company's operating personnel, this life is still appropriate. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends moving to a 15-year life with amortization using an SQ dispersion.

ELECTRIC OPERATIONS

STEAM AND OTHER PRODUCTION

In the steam and other production groups, SDGE has various generation facilities that provide energy to its customers. Each will be discussed further below:

Palomar Energy Center

The Palomar Energy Center is a 588-megawatt gas-fired combined-cycle plant with 2 GE 5 7FA combustion turbines and a GE steam turbine. The plant is equipped with inlet-air chillers and a thermal energy storage tank that allows the plant to produce energy at its capacity during the summer months. Recycled water is used for cooling of the plant equipment.

Desert Star Energy Center (DSEC)

The Desert Star Energy Center, located in Boulder City, NV, is a 480 megawatt gas-fired 5 combined-cycle plant with 2 Siemens 501-FC combustion turbines and a Westinghouse steam 6 turbine. This plant was acquired by SDG&E in October 2011 pursuant to D.07-11-046 and *Sempra Energy Power I, et al.*, 122 FERC ¶ 62,128 (2008). The unit went in service May 2000. Various specifics were provided by Company SMEs: 2 on 1 501FC+, all three modular hydrogen BB3365 Steam Turbine, HRSG, triple pressure Ericson, air cooled.

The current lease agreement was extended to 2045 in February of 2025.

So far there are no major retirements, so no interim retirement curve is planned for this generating station.

Miramar Energy Facility

The Miramar Energy Facility is a peaking plant with two GE LM6000 turbines that together produce 92 megawatts. This site also provides black start services used for restoration of the electric grid. Operations and maintenance personnel based out of the Palomar Energy Center provide all plant services to this facility. Unit 1 came in service in 2005 and Unit 2 came in service in 2009. The control systems have been upgraded. Currently, the estimated retirement date for this facility is 2032. Company SMEs expect the same pattern of interim retirement for Palomar and Miramar.

Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant (CPEP)

The Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant is a peaking plant with a Pratt & Whitney FT8 turbine 16 generator set that produces 45 megawatts. This unit went in service in 2002. The plant also has black start generators. The Company has upgraded the controls for CPEP and is projecting a 2027 retirement date. Operations and maintenance personnel based out of the Palomar Energy Center provide all plant services to this facility.

Ramona Solar Facility

The Ramona solar energy facility spans 18 acres on the outskirts of Ramona. Its 1,600 photovoltaic panels generate nearly 5 megawatts of electricity. That energy is channeled onto the local distribution system and used to power about 1,500 homes and businesses in Ramona.

Account E311.0 Structures and Improvements (Life of Plant)

This account consists of buildings, structures, fences, lighting systems, and other related assets at each power plant. The retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$93.8 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been

minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E312.0 Boiler Plant Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of boiler plant equipment, bag houses, preheaters, and other related equipment. The retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$167.5 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E314.0 Turbogenerator Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of turbogenerator equipment, stationary blades, turbine control systems, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$135.7 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E315.0 Accessory Electric Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of power transformer, regulators, and related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$89.6 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E315.2 Steam Computer Software (5 SQ)

Account 315.20 is a new account that was created in compliance with FERC Order 898 and contains software dedicated to all steam locations. There is \$3.0 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

Similar to other software accounts, the proposed life for this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to use besides this life. The Company requests approval to add software periods of 2, 3, 4, and 10 years.

This study recommends using a proposed net salvage estimate of 0 percent since at the end of its life, software has little to no value.

Account E316.0 Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of tanks, pumps, work equipment, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$80.5 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

OTHER PRODUCTION

Interim Retirement Curve

Historical data for all units was combined by account for accounts 341-346 to analyze historic activity. This combined experience across various generating units was used as a representation of SDGE's retirement history for other production to model future retirement activity. Since interim retirement experience is very limited, no interim curves were selected for this depreciation study.

Account E341.0 Structures and Improvements (Life of Plant)

This account consists of buildings, structures, fences, lighting systems, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$24.9 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E342.0 Fuel Holders and Accessory Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of auxiliary boilers, feedwater systems, pumps, storage tanks, natural gas/fuel oil piping, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$21.7 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E343.0 Prime Movers (Life of Plant)

This account consists of heat recovery steam generators, cooling tower systems, foundations, gas turbines, controls, tack mufflers, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$94.8 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E344.0 Generators (Life of Plant)

This account consists of generators, gas turbines and control systems, circulating water systems, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$272.0 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Account E345.0 Accessory Electric Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of station controls, motor control center, station wiring, fire protection system, power supply, regulators, and related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$30.7 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Accounts E346.0 Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment (Life of Plant)

This account consists of Instruments for air systems, work equipment, test equipment, pumps, fire protection systems, and other related assets at each power plant. Retirement dates for each unit are found in Appendix C. The plant balance in this account is \$90.6 million. Currently there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. There has been minimal retirement activity over the available history. Given those circumstances, no interim retirements are modeled in this depreciation study.

Renewable/Other

The company has broken out its Solar assets in accordance with FERC Order 898 into newly created solar-related accounts. The types of property and associated estimated lives are discussed for each account below.

Account E338.11 Communication Equipment (15 SQ)

This account consists of communication equipment at solar facilities. The plant balance in this account at January 1, 2025 is \$692.6 thousand. Currently, there are no interim retirements used for this account. All solar communication assets will be modeled with a 15-year life and SQ dispersion.

Account E338.12 Miscellaneous Power Plant Equipment (25 SQ)

This account consists of compressed air and vacuum cleaning systems, cranes and hoist equipment, fire extinguishing equipment, foundations and settings, refrigerating systems, station maintenance equipment, and ventilating equipment at each solar facility. The plant balance in this account is \$1.0 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements used for this account. At this point, all solar miscellaneous power plant equipment will be modeled with a 25-year life and SQ dispersion.

Account E338.4 Solar Panels (25 SQ)

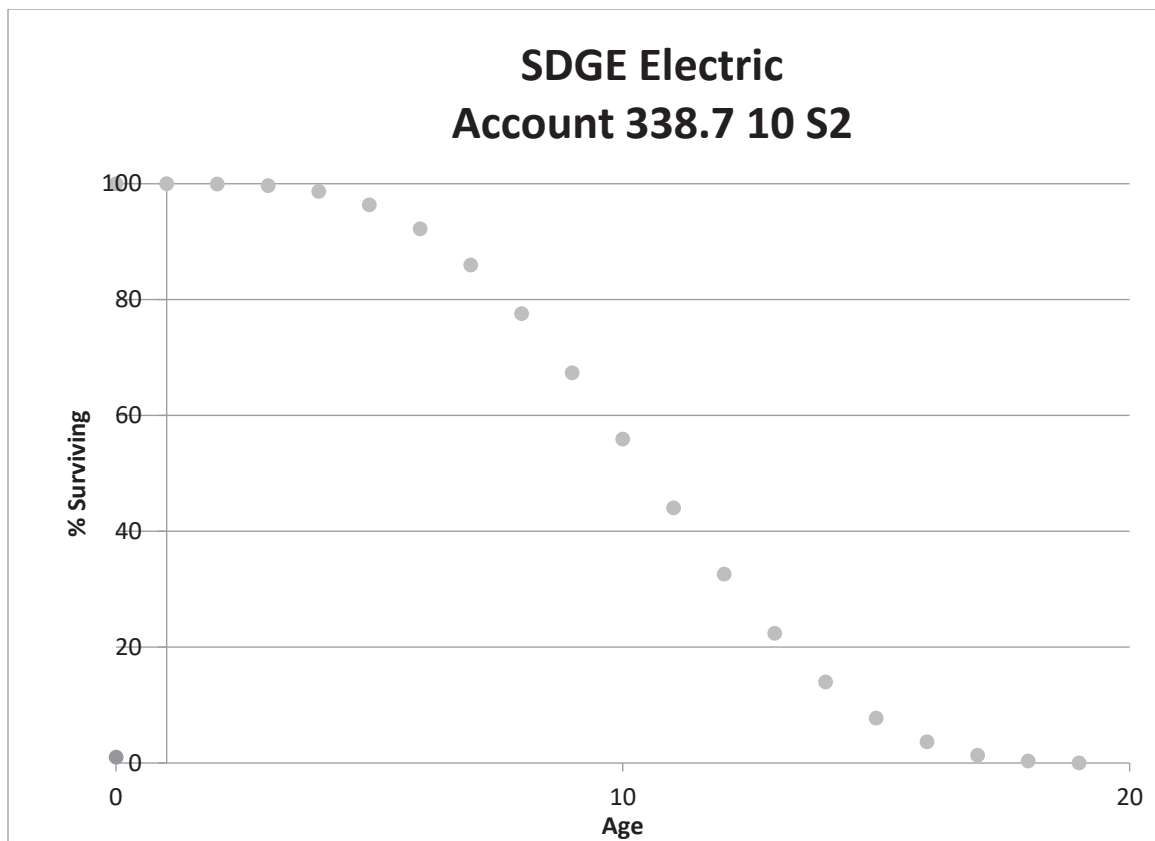
This account consists of solar panels. The plant balance in this account is \$75.5 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. All solar panel assets will be modeled with a 25-year life and SQ dispersion.

Account E338.5 Collector System (25 SQ)

This account consists of collector systems at solar facilities. The plant balance in this account is \$162.8 thousand. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. All solar collector system assets will be modeled with a 25-year life and SQ dispersion.

Account E338.7 Inverters (10 S2)

This account consists of solar inverters. The plant balance in this account is \$4.3 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. All solar inverter assets will be modeled with a 10-year life and S2 dispersion.



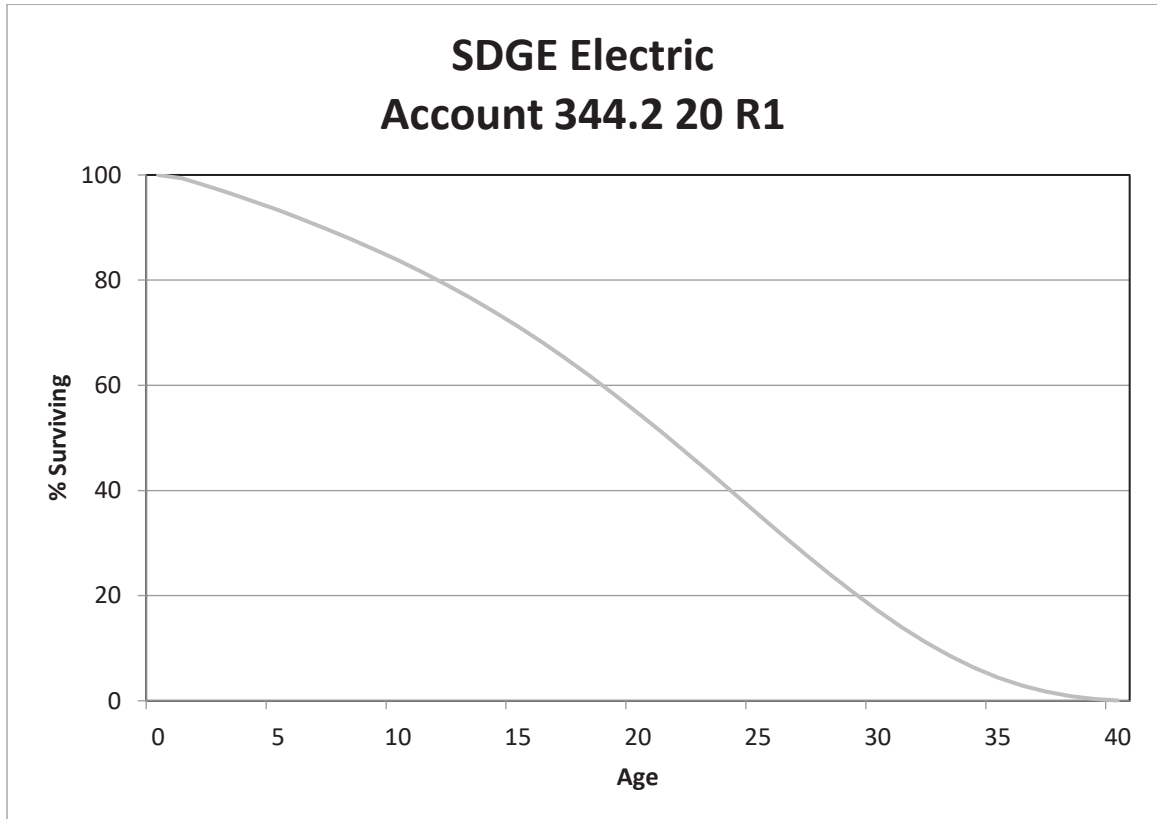
Account E338.8 Other Accessory Electric Equipment (25 SQ)

This account consists of station controls, motor control center, station wiring, fire protection system, power supply, regulators, and related assets at each solar facility. The plant balance in this account is \$1.9 million. Currently, there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. All solar accessory assets will be modeled with a 25-year life and SQ dispersion.

Account E344.2 Generators Other (20 R1)

This account consists of generators, gas turbines and control systems, circulating water systems, and other related assets. The plant balance at January 1, 2025 is \$7.6 million. No specific power plant is mentioned for these assets. The assets are large portable generators that can be used at any location. Currently

there are no interim retirements modeled for generation assets. Since these assets can be used at multiple locations, there will be more wear and tear on the assets. Given those circumstances, this study recommends based on judgment a 20-year life with an R1 dispersion for these assets. A representative curve is shown below.



DISTRIBUTION PLANT

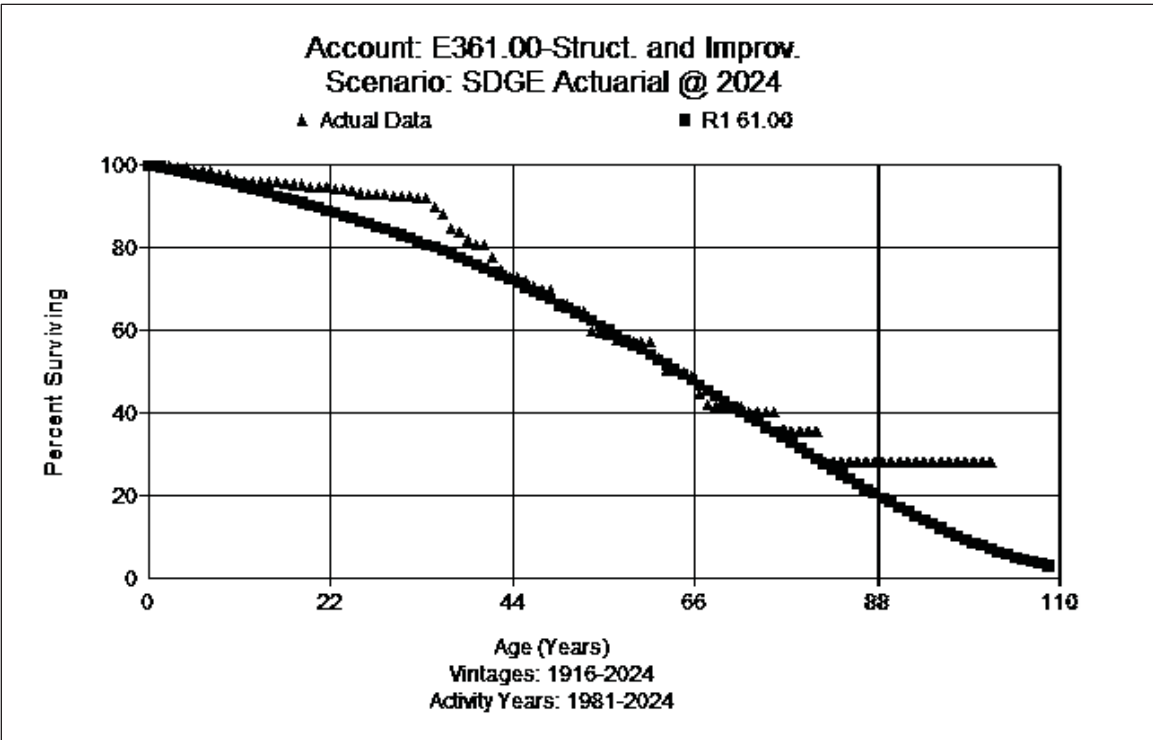
Distribution Accounts

Account E361.0 Structures & Improvements (61 R1)

This grouping contains facilities, such as building station control, fencing, yard improvements, and other structures for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$20.0 million in this account. The approved life and curve is 63 years with an R2.5 dispersion. The Company is removing all its 12kV-4kV stations, averaging 1-2 removals per year over the past few years. Prior to that, SDG&E was removing one every 1-2 years.

There is a diverse mixture of assets in the accounts that have a wide range of lives. Longer lived assets would be site preparation, drainage, and foundations. Shorter lived assets are security system upgrades, which have been added in the past few years. Some of the more recent bands are showing a slight reduction in life to 57 years. To move partway in direction of this trend, this study recommends a slight decrease in average life.

Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, this study recommends moving the life to 61 years and moving to an R1 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



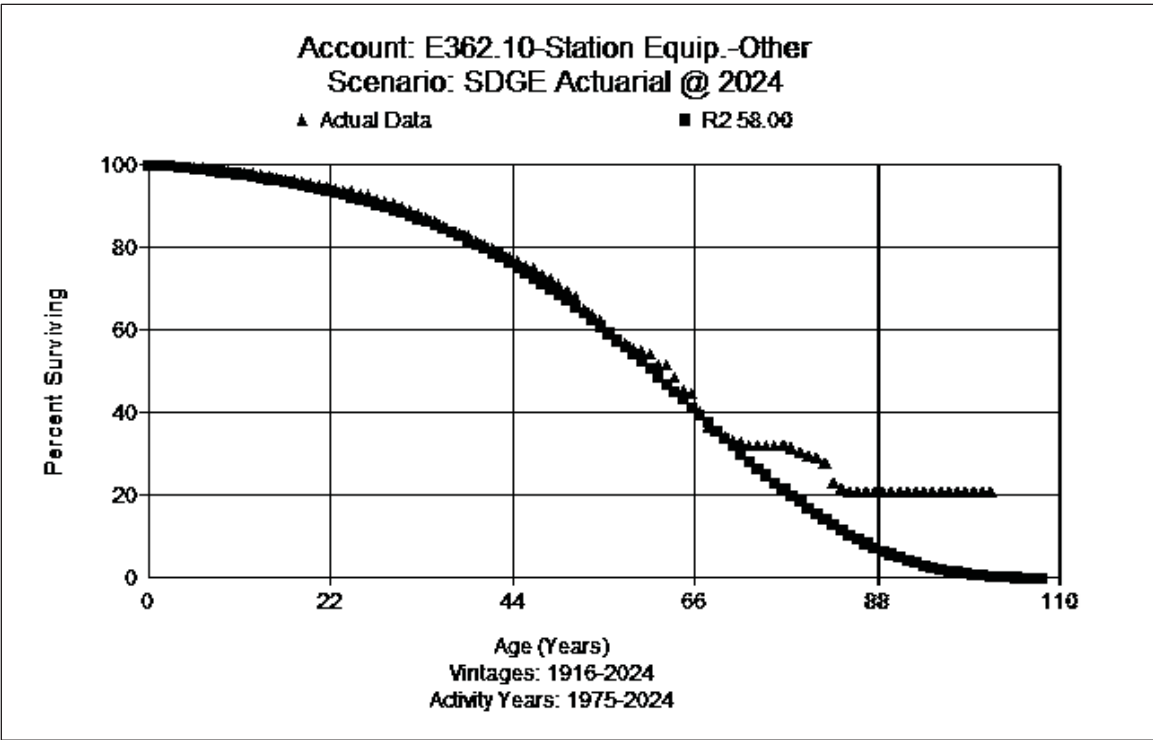
Account E362.1 Station Equipment (58 R2)

This grouping contains switchboards, station wiring, transformers, and a wide variety of other equipment, from circuit breakers to switchgear, for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$742.1 million in this account. The existing approved life is 51 years with an R1.5 dispersion curve.

As stated in Account E361, the Company is planning to remove all 12kV - 4 kV substations over the next 10 years (around 10-20 stations out of around 180-200 stations). CBM (Condition Based Monitoring) monitoring occurs for transformers in this account. Many transformers are older than the 51-year approved life.

Company SMEs expect transformers to have a 40–60-year life. At this point, 30-35 transformers are past the 60-year mark. Breakers are a mix of oil, vacuum, and air. The life expectations for different types of breakers are oil 50 years, vacuum 30 years, and metal clad 30-50 years. There are some electromechanical relays on the system.

But the Company would replace electromechanical relays with solid state relays upon replacement of the relay. Company SMEs state that the ranges of life for relays are 20 years for solid state and 30-40 years for electromechanical. Ground grids are generally maintained rather than having a full-scale replacement. Batteries are estimated to have a life in the range of 10–20 years. From an operations perspective, Company experts support a slight increase in life. Based on the analysis, type of assets, and Company input, this study recommends moving to a 58 R2. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E363.2 Computer Software (2.3.4.5.10 SQ)

This account includes software. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC Order 898. There is \$202.9 million in plant in this account at January 1, 2025.

The current life of this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to use besides the current life. The Company requests approval to retain the 5 year life and add software periods of 2, 3, 4, and 10 years.

Account E363.3 Communication Equipment (15 SQ)

This account includes communication equipment used in electric distribution operations. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC Order 898. There is \$157.8 million in plant in this account at January 1, 2025.

The current life of this account is 30 years with an R2 dispersion. 30 years is well beyond the operational expectation for current communication equipment. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

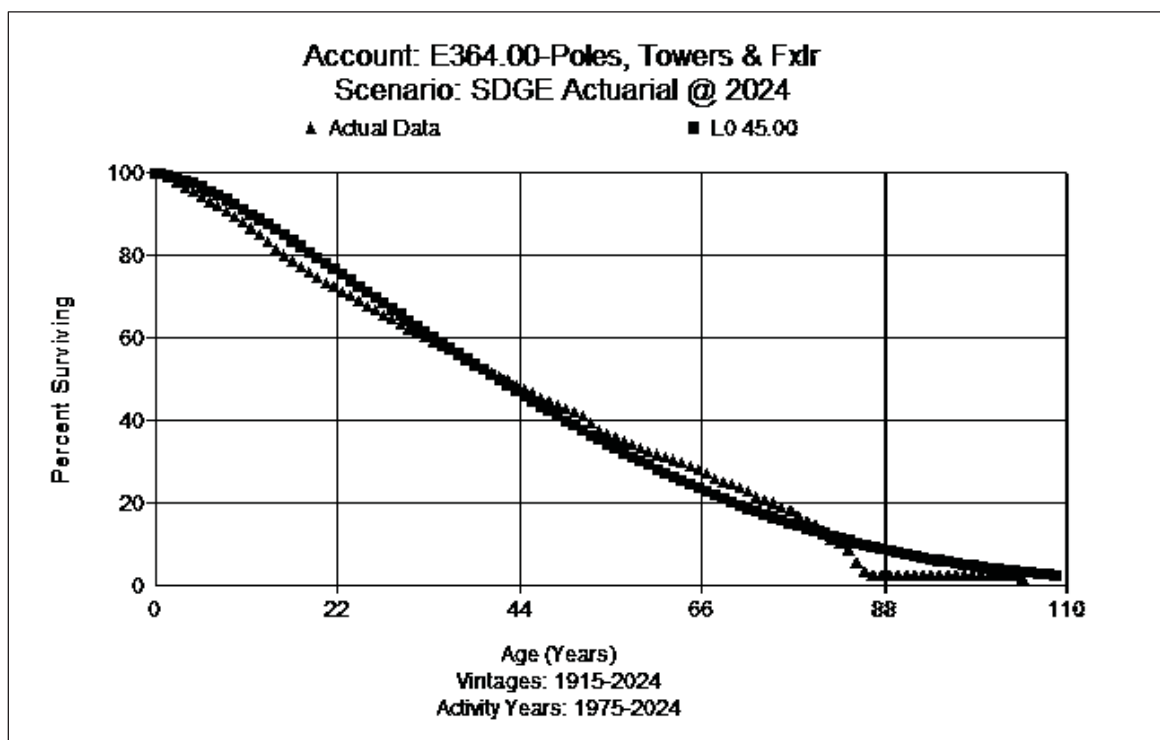
Account E364.0 Poles, Towers & Fixtures (45 L0)

This account contains poles, towers, and fixtures for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$1.4 billion in this account. The approved life is 47 R0.5.

The Company uses poles made of wood, steel, and concrete. For the past 30 years, the Company has gradually been moving from wood poles to steel and concrete. The wood poles being replaced are likely 50+ years old at retirement. Company experts state that steel poles have a 50+ year life per the manufacturer, which is also support by operations experience. Concrete poles installed over the past 20-30 years have issues with spalling corrosion. Fiberglass poles have a life of 30 or more years.

Company experts report that they are proactively undergrounding in certain fire hardening areas. The largest hardening effort is focused on areas with wood poles. Some areas that may have had wood changed out to steel in the past would now, based on risk assessment, move to undergrounding or replacement with covered wire. And some portions of the steel poles in areas that have already been hardened may need to be reworked.

Yet the undergrounding effort will not have a significant impact on the overall account as it will install only 880 miles of underground to convert 587 miles of overhead; a small percentage of the total number of poles. Although shorter-term actuarial analysis would support a shorter life, based on the longer-term actuarial analysis, Company input, and judgment, this study recommends moving to a 45-year life with the L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E365.0 Overhead Conductor & Devices (55 R0.5)

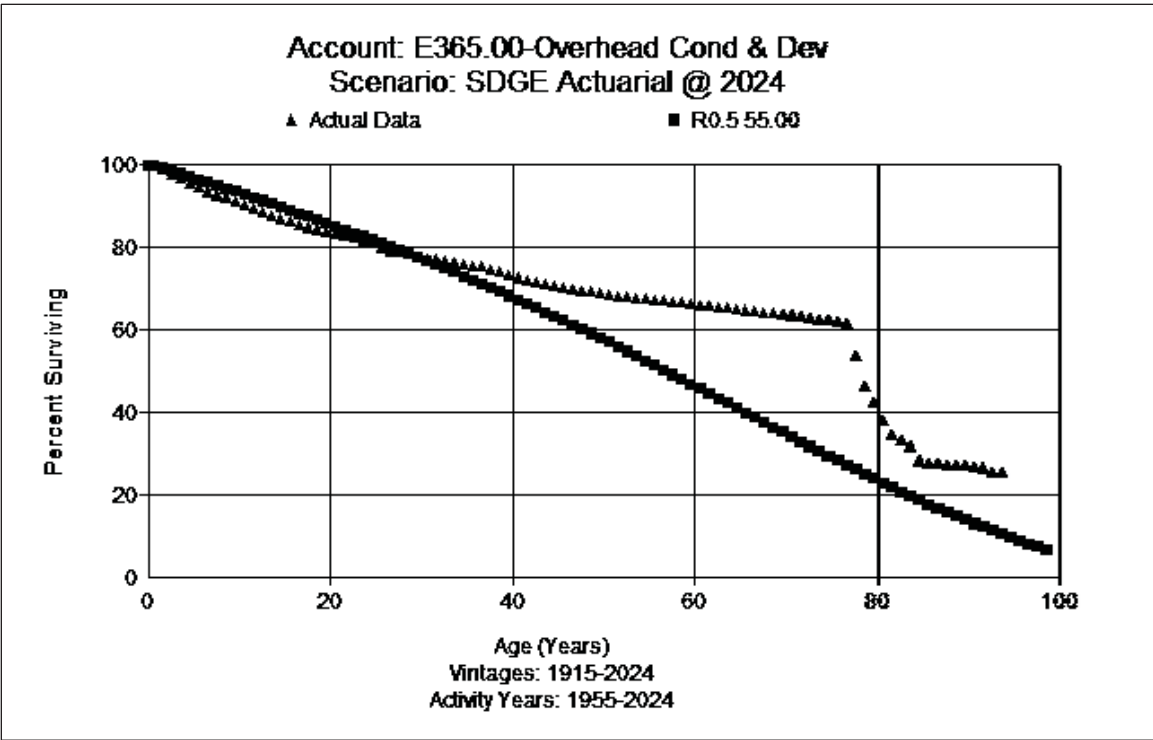
This account consists of overhead (OH) conductor of various thickness, as well as various switches and reclosers. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$1.6 billion in the account. The approved life is 55 R0.5.

From an operations perspective, Company experts expect that overhead wire would have a longer life than poles. The Company has an active reconductoring program and will, in some cases, replace conductor when hardening the system. Specifically, the Company is replacing single strand with multistrand steel conductor.

With the 10-year plan, SDG&E is expecting over 800 miles of covered conductor to be installed, of which about 40% could be rework. There will be some early retirements with the rework. The Company has no current plans to replace conductor with covered conductor outside of the HFTD area.

Covered conductor is a newer technology for the Company. Based on engineering analysis and history from other companies, Company experts expect the covered conductor to last as long as the bare wire. There will be areas where the conductor has been hardened but will now be replaced with covered conductor, but the steel poles will not be replaced.

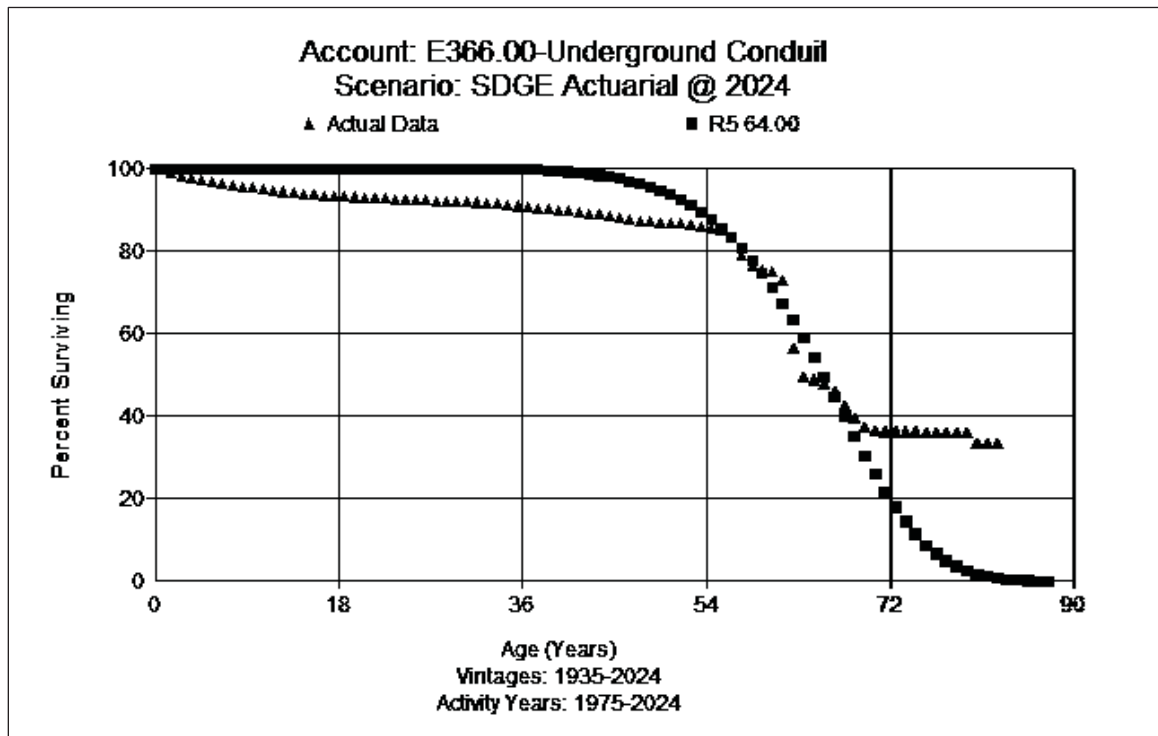
Based on actuarial analysis, Company input, the type of assets, and judgment, this study recommends retaining the current 55-year life with an R0.5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E366.0 Underground Conduit (64 R5)

This account consists of underground conduit, duct banks, vaults, and ventilating system equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$2.2 billion in this account. The approved life is 57 years with an R3 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs state that they have moved away from soil compacted back fill, and since the 1970s/80s have used a slurry mix, which better protects conductors. Based on indications from the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, this study recommends increasing to a 64-year life and moving to a R5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.

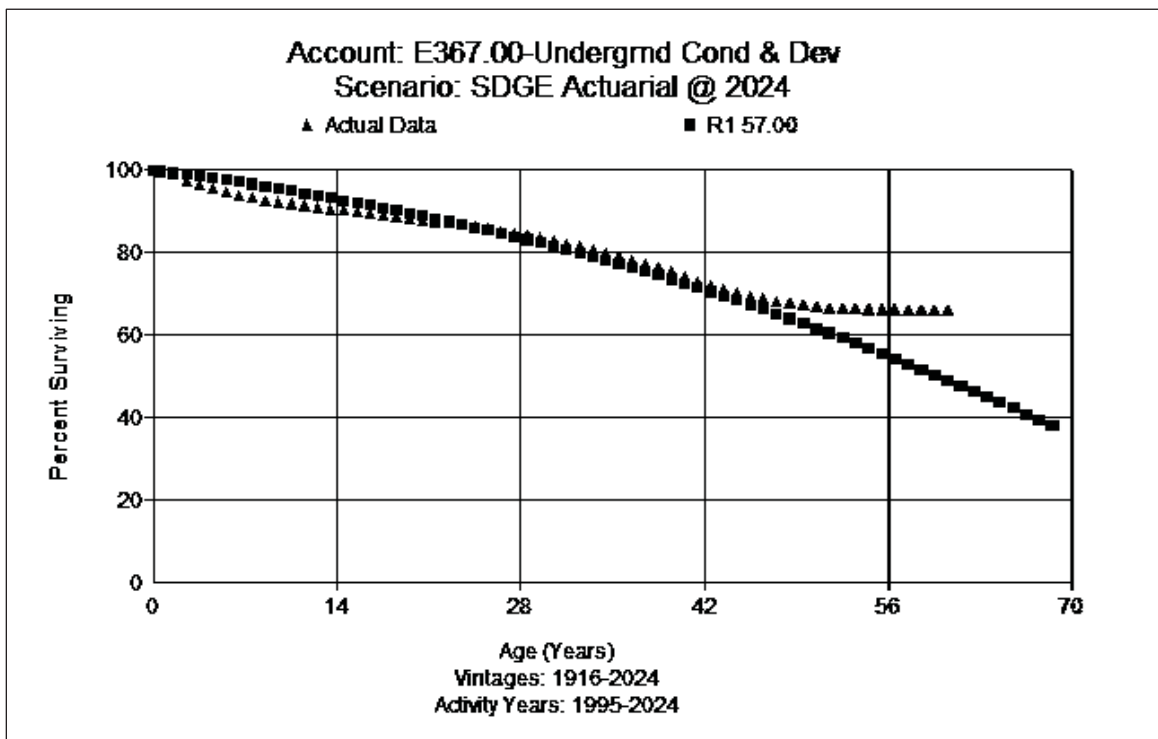


Account E367.0 Underground Conductors & Devices (57 R1)

This account consists of underground conductor, switches, and switchgear for distribution plant. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$2.5 billion in this account. The currently approved life estimate is 45 years with the R3 dispersion curve.

Company experts report connectors and related materials have improved compared to historical standards. Cable technology has improved over time. The HFTD areas are generally not in coastal areas and thus face less water issues overall.

Analytics from actuarial analysis show a longer life. Company experts agree that from an operations perspective moving the life of this account longer is reasonable. Based on the analysis, Company input, the types of assets, and judgment, this study recommends an increase in life to 57 years while moving to the R1 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.

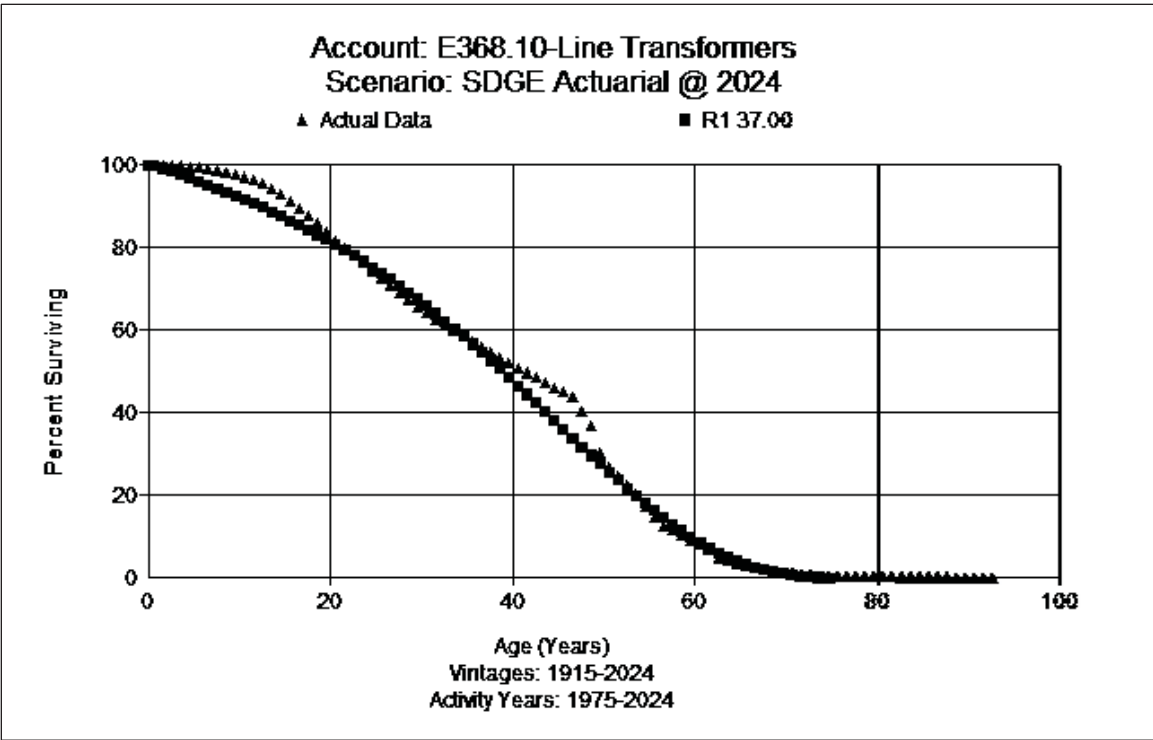


Account E368.10 Line Transformers (37 R1)

This account consists of line transformers, regulators, and capacitors. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$991.0 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 years with an L0.5 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs report that they have better protection and better lightning arrestors than in the past. The Company has reduced the amount of repairing of old transformers, and newer transformers are more robust. When a line is hardened, the transformers and capacitors would also be changed out, as well as the lightning arresters, fuses, etc. These assets would be changed out in HFTD areas as necessary even if the pole or conductor was not replaced.

Actuarial analysis shows a slightly longer life in the 36 to 37 year range. Company SMEs state that, given the better materials and upgrades, a slightly longer life makes sense operationally. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends an increase in the life to 37-years while moving to an R1 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.

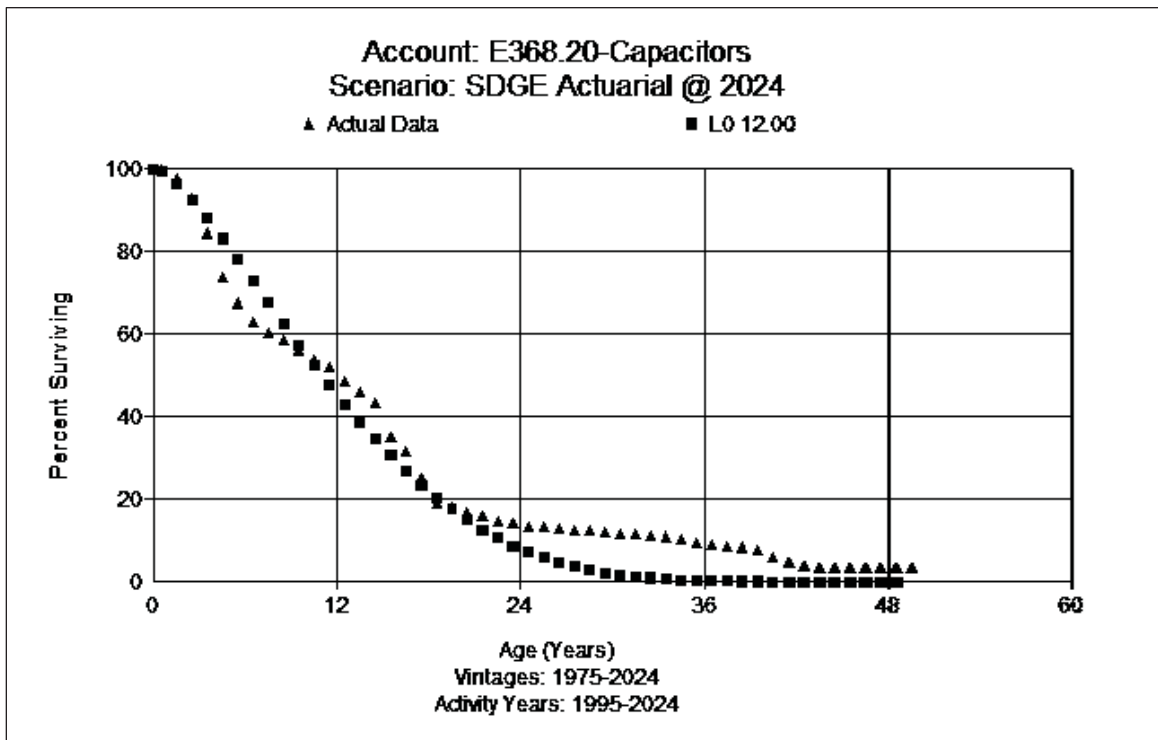


Account E368.2 Capacitor Banks (12 L0)

This account consists of capacitor banks installed around line transformers. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$48.2 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 12 years with an L0 dispersion pattern.

Company SMEs are not aware of any material changes in this account that would affect the life of capacitors. Some future activities (such as better communication) may shorten the life from a reliability standpoint.

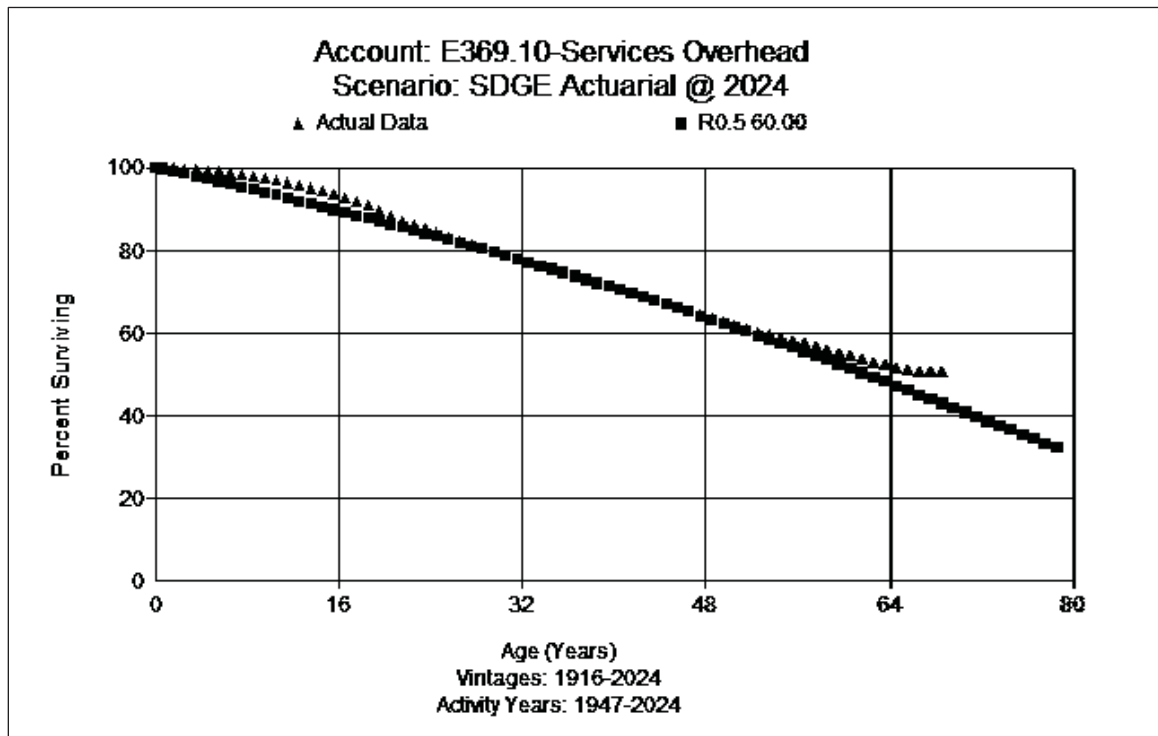
The current life is 12 years, which appears to remain unchanged in the analysis. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends retention of the existing 12-year life with an L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E369.1 Overhead Services (60 R0.5)

This account includes overhead electric services. As of January 1, 2025, the balance in this account was approximately \$454.0 million. The current approved life for this account is 55 years with the R0.5 dispersion curve. Company SMEs state that equipment in this account would be similar to Account E365 Overhead Conductor (where the approved life is the same for both accounts).

There are no material drivers for a life change from an operations perspective. Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 60-year life with an R0.5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.

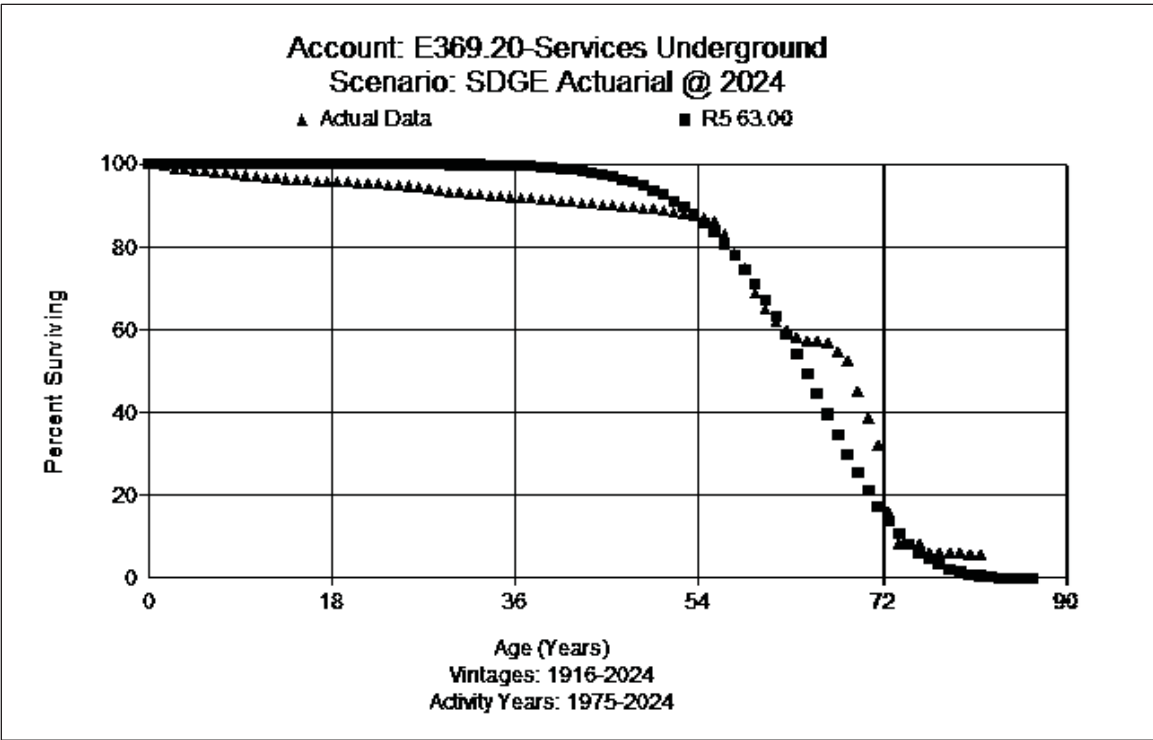


Account E369.2 Underground Services (63 R5)

This account includes underground electric services. As of January 1, 2025, the balance in this account was approximately \$487.1 million. The current approved life for this account is 53 years with the L4 dispersion curve.

Company SMEs report that they are installing increasing levels of underground services. The Company is also installing better hardware that would tend to increase the life from an operations perspective. Company SMEs report that they have updated their cable to a better-quality material.

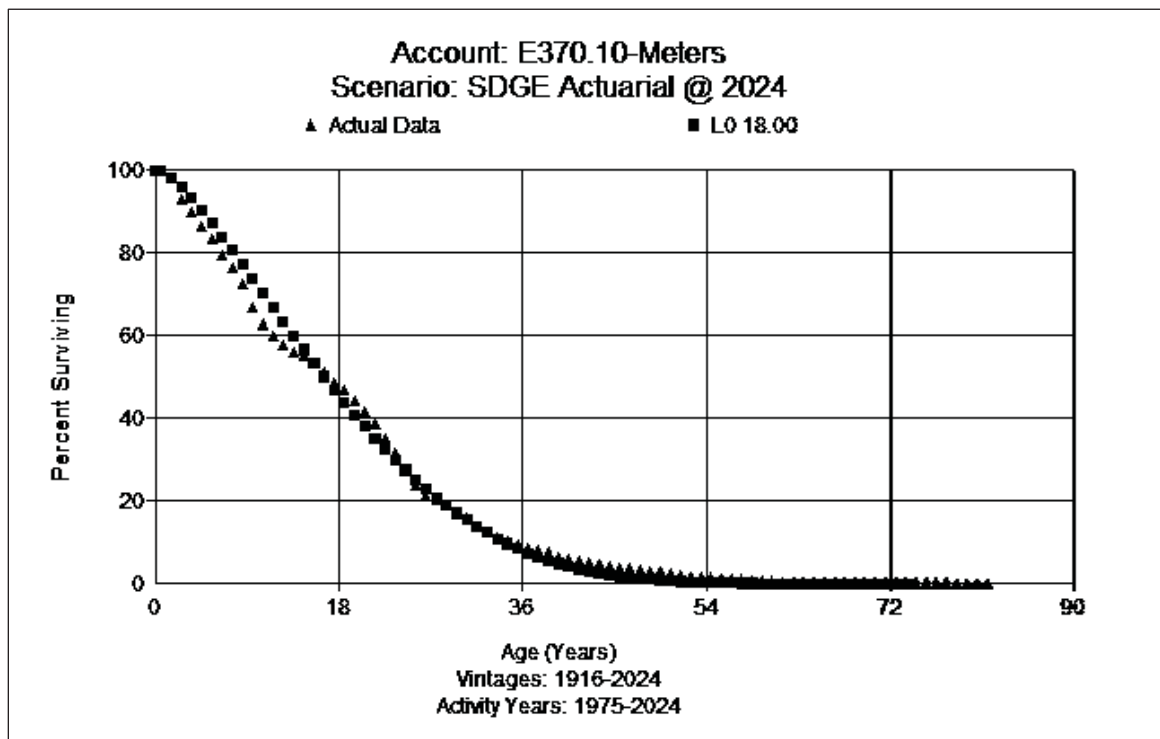
SDG&E no longer uses paper lead (1920-1960) and will replace those services when found. In the early 1960s they moved to in-conduit services, which is more reliable with fewer outages. Around the time of changing to conduit, the Company also started using XLPE. From an operations perspective, Company SMEs believe it is reasonable to move the life of this account out. Based on the analysis, type of assets, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 63-year life and move to the R5 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E370.10 Meters (18 L0)

This account includes all distribution meters, excluding Automatic Meter Reading (“AMR”) Meters. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$12.2 million in this account. The current approved life is 48 years with an R0.5 dispersion curve.

There are very few electromechanical meters left on the system. There are proactive measures to replace old meters. The remaining electromechanical meters are mostly used for opting out customers. There are about 2,000-3,000 opt out meters. The Company has been moving to solid state meters (non-communicating) for opt out meters. Analytics show a large drop in life for these assets based on the change from electromechanical to electronic meters. Based on the analysis, type of assets, Company input, and judgment, the study recommends moving to a 18-year life and move to the L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E370.11 Meters Electronic (15 SQ)

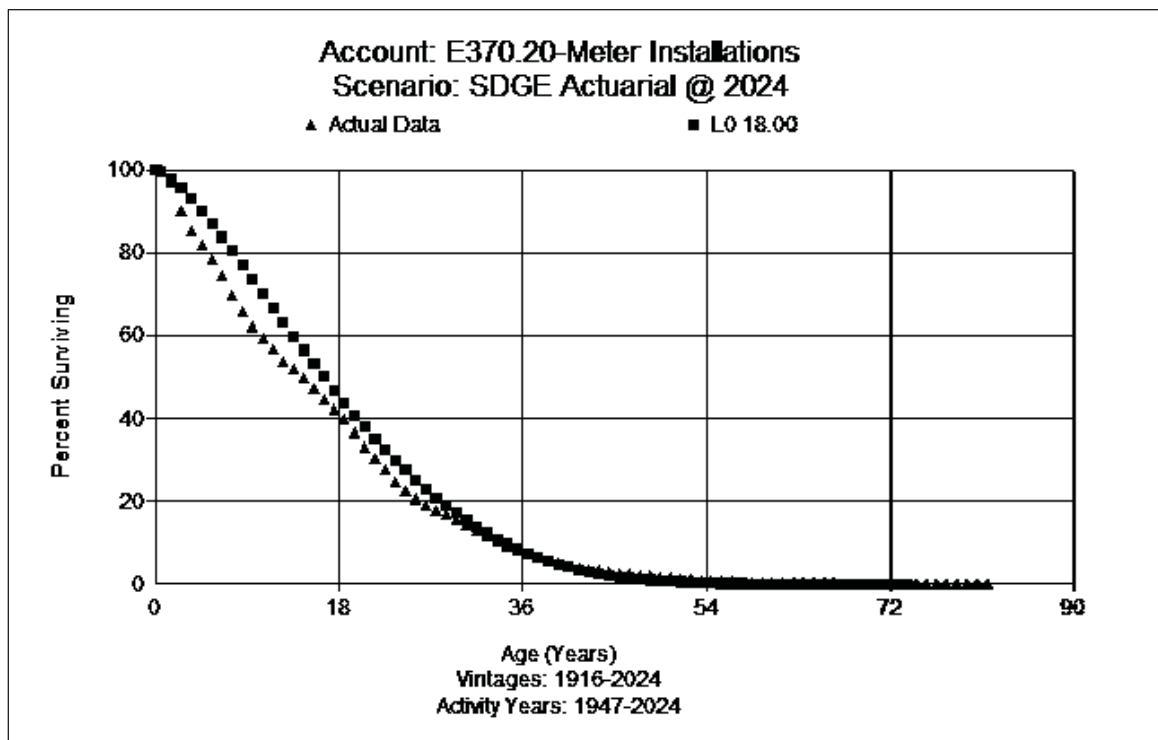
This account includes AMR equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$223.3 million in this account. Company SMEs report that some AMR meters have had early failures due to internal capacitors failing.

There was also a batch in 2009-2010 that had manufacturing issues (specific to the displays). The existing infrastructure is only lasting 10-12 years in some cases. Although there are some advanced failures, a 15-year life is still generally reasonable from an operations perspective. Based on input from Company SMEs, this study recommends retention of the existing 15-year life with an SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

Account E370.20 Meter Installations (18 L0)

This account includes meter installations for meters booked in account E370.10, non-AMR equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$17.2 million in the account. The current approved life is 48 years with the R0.5 dispersion curve.

Analytics show a reduction in life similar to Account E370.10. Meter installations are capitalized when service is established and retired when the location goes away. Although the analysis would suggest a shorter life, given the relationship between this account and Account E370.10, this study recommends moving to a 18-year life and L0 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



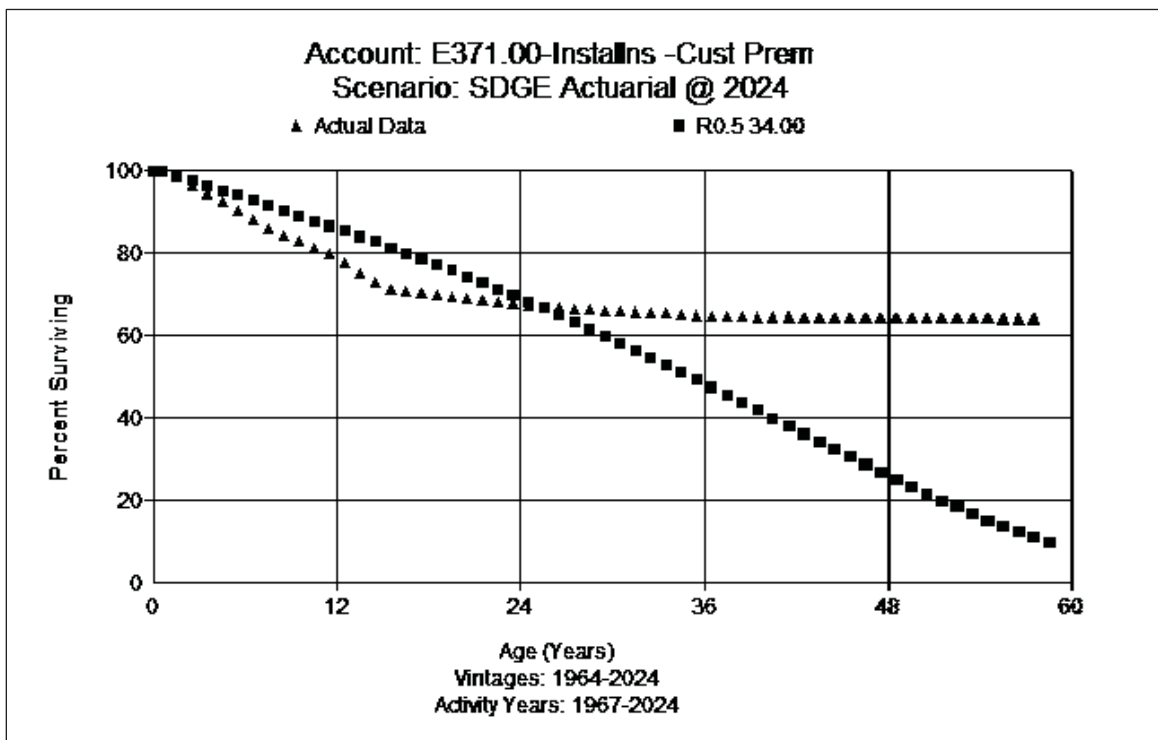
Account E370.21 Meter Installations Electronic Meters (15 SQ)

This account includes meter installations for Smart meters, AMRs. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$82.1 million in the account. The current approved life is 15 years with the SQ dispersion curve. From an operations perspective, the life of this account will be tied to Account E370.11 Electronic Meters. Based on the recommendation for Account E370.11, this study recommends retention of the existing 15-year life with an SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

Account E371.0 Installation on Customer Premises (34 R0.5)

This account consists of luminaire, pedestals, and poles. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$13.0 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 years with the R0.5 dispersion pattern. Company SMEs report that they are migrating to LED bulbs for this account as current lighting fails. Operationally, Company SMEs feel that a life of about 30 years is appropriate. They would expect the life to shorten as bulbs burn out and the heads are retired and replaced with LED (instead of replacing the bulbs under O&M).

Based on the actuarial analysis, the type of assets in this account, and judgment, the current study recommendation is to retain the approved 34 R0.5. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Account E371.10 EV Charging Units (10 SQ)

This account includes the charger, the pedestal mount and integrated charging unit for electric vehicles charging on customers' premises. There is \$76.2 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. Currently, this account is being depreciated with a 10-year life and SQ retirement dispersion.

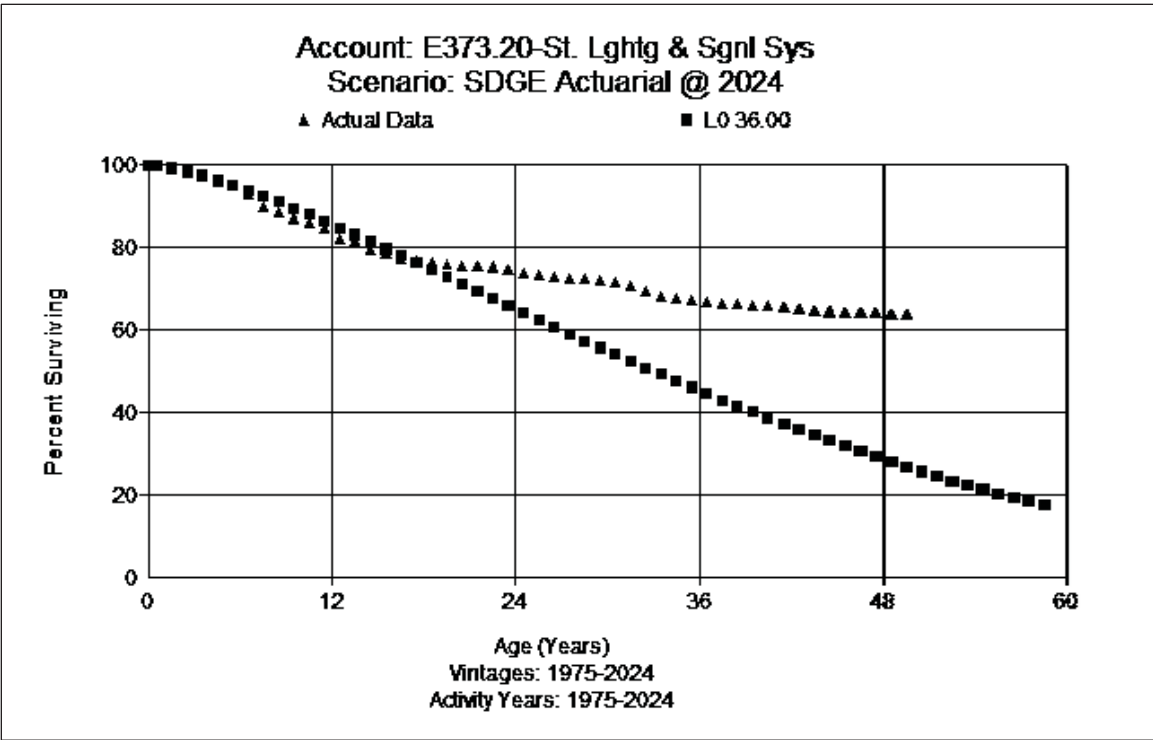
In SDG&E's 2019 GRC, SDG&E conducted a study and requested a 5-year life. The Commission moved the life to 10 years. The first chargers were put into service in 2017. There have been a few sites where chargers had to be removed, mostly due to lease issues.

The Company has not had any non-warranty failures or repairs since the charges have been in operation. The warranty period is 2-year for parts and 1 year for service. The only assets in the account are the charger itself: the pedestal mount and integrated charging unit. The communication devices inside the charger may need replacement over the 10-year time frame due to technology changes. The Company did not install any Level 1 chargers. When they must transfer the charger to the customer, the period used in the calculation is between 8 – 10 years (as specified by the Commission). Based on current operations and input from the Company as to how these assets are used, this study recommends retention of the current 10-year life with an SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

Account E373.2 Street Lighting & Signal Systems (36 L0)

This account includes all distribution streetlights, conductor, conduit, luminaire, and standards. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$43.6 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 36 years with the L0 dispersion curve.

Company SMEs report that they are migrating to LED lights for this account as current lighting fails. On burnout, they replace the bulb with LED, but there is no active program to convert from HPS to LED. Company experts believe that the life of this account will shorten in the future as bulbs burn out and the heads are retired and replaced with LED (instead of replacing the bulbs under O&M). Historically, some of the components would fail and be replaced under O&M. With the conversion to LEDs, the company will replace the whole head (which would be a capital item). From an operations perspective, Company SMEs think the current life of 36 years would still be reasonable. Based on the type of assets in this account, input from Company personnel, and judgment, the current study recommendation is to retain the 36-year life and L0 dispersion curve. A graph of the observed life table versus the proposed curve is shown below.



Energy Storage Plant

Account E387.10 Communication Equipment (15 SQ)

This account includes fiber optic cable, remote terminal units, microwave towers, global positioning system equipment, servers, workstations, and telephones at energy storage facilities. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$1.4 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account consistent with other communication equipment accounts. No graph is shown.

Account E387.11 Misc. Energy Storage Equipment (15 SQ)

This new account includes miscellaneous energy storage equipment devoted to general station use. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$828 thousand. A dispersion curve and life were estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 10-15 years. Based on the mix of assets, a 15-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.20 Structures and Equipment (30 SQ)

This new account includes energy storage structures such buildings. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$40.8 million.

A dispersion curve and life were estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 30 years. Based on the mix of assets a 30-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 30-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.3 Energy Storage Equipment (15 SQ)

This account includes energy storage equipment such as batteries and miscellaneous equipment. There was \$768.7 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

The current life of this account is 10 years with an SQ dispersion. Company SMEs report that some battery projects will reach their end of life at around 10-15 years (Li Ion). The Tesla time frame is 10 years. Miramar and Fallbrook have 20-year LTSAs. Newer (Iron Phosphate) chemistry would allow less degradation and more cycling. Due to the mix of lives expected for batteries, moving from a 10 year to a 15-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 15-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.50 Collector System (7 SQ)

This new account includes guys, armored conductors, brackets, circuit breakers, conduit, cross arms & braces, fireproofing, foundations, ground wires, guards, insulators, and lightning arrestors. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, a plant balance was \$26.1 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 7 years. Based on the mix of assets a 7-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and

judgment, this study recommends a 7-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.60 Generation Step-Up Transformer (30 SQ)

This new account includes generation step-up transformers. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$8.7 million. A dispersion curve and life were estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 30 years. Based on the mix of assets a 30-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 30-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.70 Inverters (10 SQ)

This new account includes inverters. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$8.5 million. A dispersion curve and life was estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 10 years. Based on the mix of assets a 10-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 10-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

Account E387.80 Computer Hardware (5 SQ)

This new account includes personal computers, servers, workstations, energy management system hardware, SCADA system hardware, peripheral equipment, and networking components. As of January 1, 2025, there was no

plant in this account. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$659.8 thousand. A dispersion curve and life were estimated for future additions.

Company SMEs report that assets in this account will reach the end of their useful life at around 5 years. Based on the mix of assets a 5-year life makes sense from an operations perspective. Based on information from Company SMEs and judgment, this study recommends a 5-year life with SQ dispersion for this account. No graph is shown.

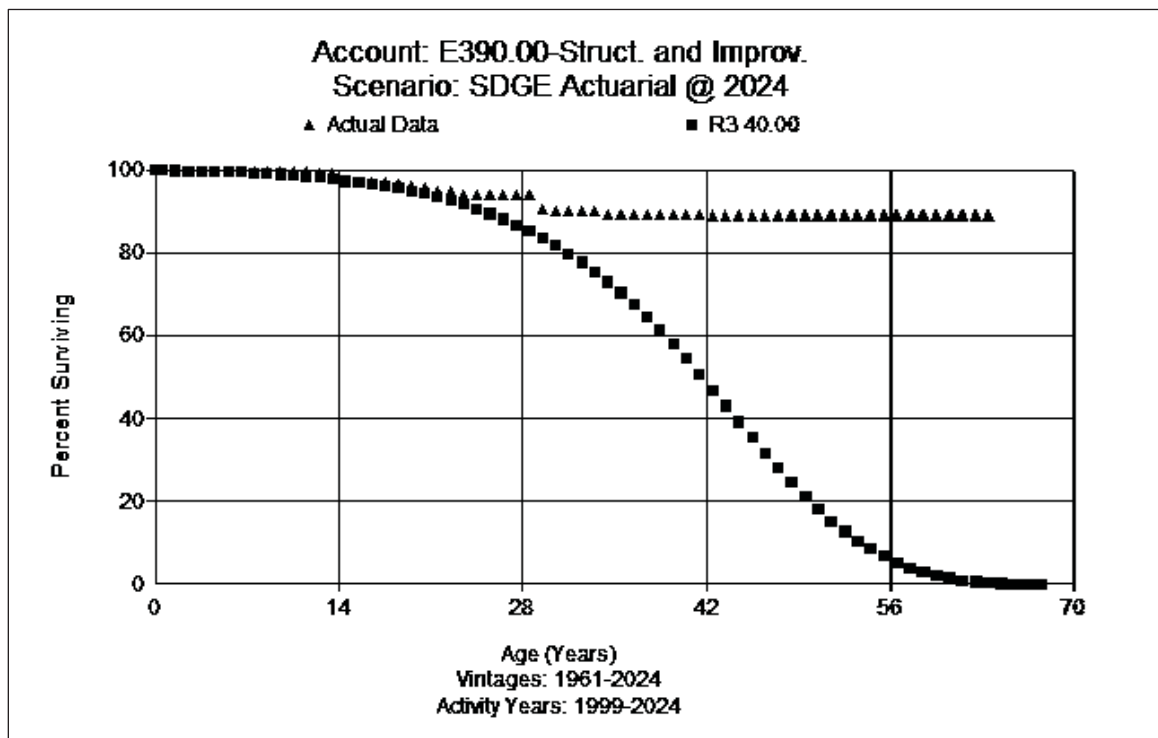
ELECTRIC GENERAL PLANT

Electric General Accounts,

Account E390 All Structures & Improvements (40 R3)

This account includes the cost of buildings, yard improvements, and partitions used for utility service. As of January 1, 2025, there was approximately \$45.3 million in this account. The current approved life for this account is 34 S4.

There have been limited retirements in this account to this point in time. Based on the recommendation for Account C390 (which has had more retirement activity), this study recommends a 40-year life with an R3 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table compared to the proposed curve is shown below.



General Plant Amortized Accounts

Vintage Group Amortization

This study recommends the continued use of vintage group amortization for certain General plant accounts. Specifically, this study recommends this amortization for accounts 392.2 through 398.

Account E392.2 Trailers 27 SQ

This account consists of trailers and other transportation equipment used for general utility service. There is approximately \$58 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 27 L5. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company's fleet operations, this life is still reasonable. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 27 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E393.10 Stores Equipment 25 SQ

This account consists of stores equipment used for general utility service. There is approximately \$46 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 25 S5. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company operations, this life is still reasonable. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 25 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E394.11 Portable Tools 10 SQ

This account consists of portable tools such as mobile computer , test equipment, and pumps. There is approximately \$44.0 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 27 S6.

Equipment in this account is similar to Common Account C394.11, with the newer equipment being more technology-based than prior equipment. Company SMEs suggest a life of 10 years for this account based on the asset mix and short

lives for the small portable tools in this account. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E394.20 Shop Equipment 26 SQ

This account consists of shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners. There is approximately \$35 thousand in this account. This account currently has a life of 26 L4. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company operations, this life is still reasonable. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 26 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E395.1 Laboratory Equipment 10 SQ

This account consists of laboratory equipment used in general utility service. There is approximately \$5.6 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 22 L3. Similar to Common Account C395.1, Company SMEs report that the items used for laboratory equipment are increasingly technology driven. They recommend shortening the life of this account to 10 years. In order to continue using vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 10 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E397.1 Computer Hardware 5 SQ

This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account consists of computer hardware such as servers and switches used in general utility service. There were no dollars in this account on January 1, 2025. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$2.6M. A dispersion curve and life estimate were performed for future additions. This account had a life of 5 S6. Given the changes in technology for these assets, Company SMEs recommend the life for this account, in the 5-year range. In order to continue using vintage

group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 5 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E397.2 Computer Software (2.3.4.5.10 SQ)

This account includes software. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC Order 898. There was \$29.6 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

The current life of this account is 5 years. The Company is creating additional periods to use besides the current life. The Company requests approval to add software periods of 2, 3, 4, and 10 years

Account E397.3 Communication Equipment 15 SQ

This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment used in general utility service. There was approximately \$164.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025. This predecessor account where the dollars were transferred from had a life of 30 R2. Assets in this account include fiber optic cable, Remote terminal units, Microwave towers, Global Positioning System (GPS) equipment, Servers, Workstations, Telephones. Company personnel report that these assets are very technology driven. Given the changes in technology for these assets, Company SMEs recommend a shorter life for this account, in the 15-year range. In order to continue use of vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 15 years with an SQ dispersion.

Account E398.1 Miscellaneous Equipment 16 SQ

This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. There was approximately \$3.1 million in this account on January 1, 2025. This account currently has a life of 16 L4. Based on the practices and expectations of the Company operations, this life is still reasonable. In order to continue using

vintage group amortization, this study recommends an amortization period of 16 years with an SQ dispersion.

NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS

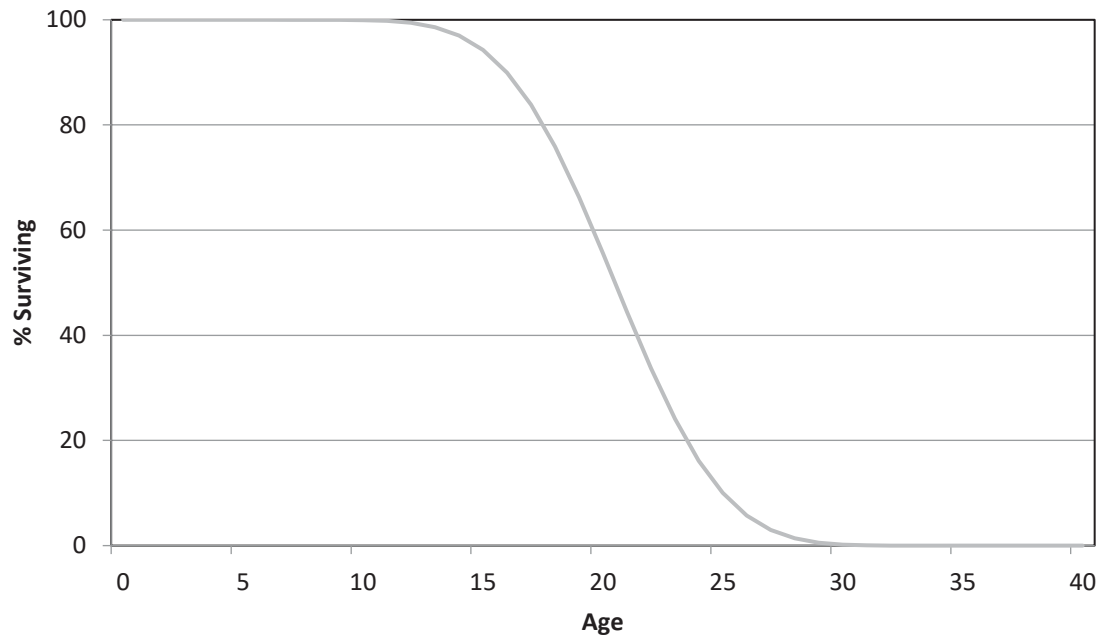
Gas Storage

Account G363.60 LNG Distribution Storage Equipment (20 S4)

This account includes liquid natural gas storage equipment. There is currently \$2.2 million in plant in this account, and the current authorized life parameter is 20 years with an S4 dispersion. SDG&E owns a small facility that was originally installed in 1956.

The average age of investment in this account is 17.49 years. Tanks and vaporizers are original equipment. Cryogenic components, alarms/controls, and valves have been replaced. The alarms/controls would have a 10–15-year life. There are two small cryogenic tanks, as well as storage and vaporization equipment. There was an upgrade to the system a couple of years ago. Much of the cost is alarms and instrumentation. Company personnel believe that the life of this equipment would be somewhere around that of compressed natural gas (“CNG”) assets, about 20 years. Therefore, this study recommends retaining the approved 20-year life with an S4 dispersion for this account. There has been a limited number of retirements with this account, and a generic curve shape is shown below.

SDGE Gas
Account 363.60 20 S4

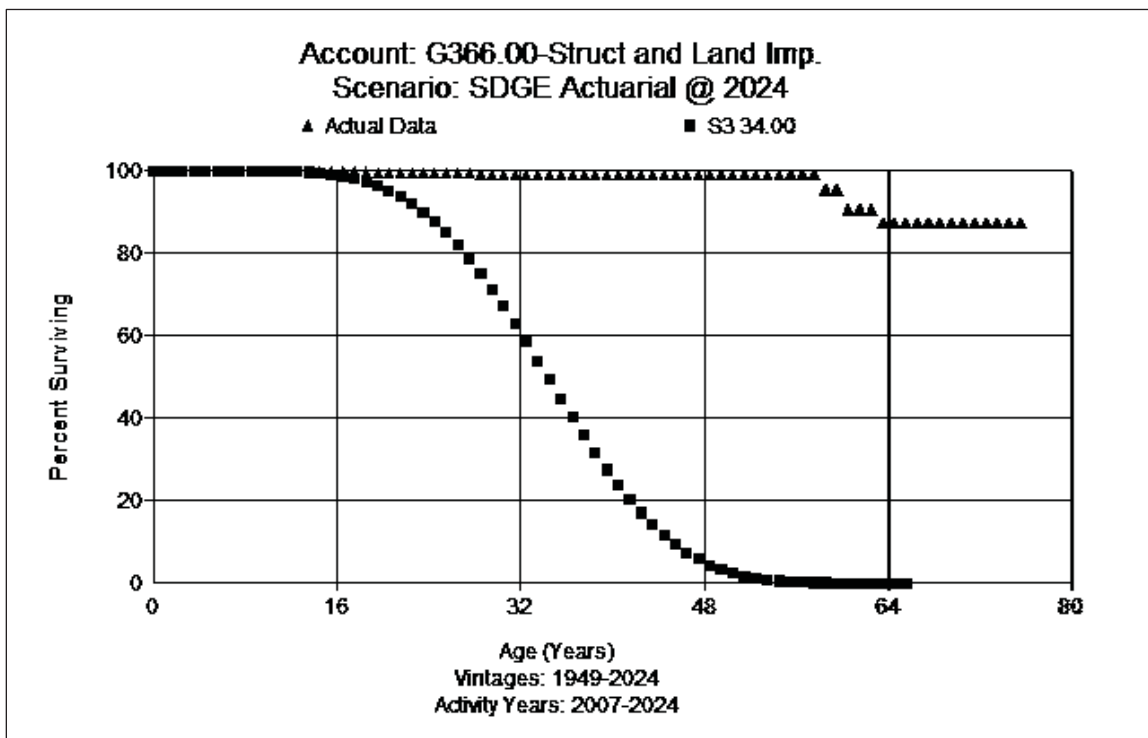


GAS TRANSMISSION PLANT

Account G366 Structures and Improvements (34 S3)

This account includes the cost of structures and improvements such as buildings, property improvements, fencing, security used in connection with transmission operations. There is approximately \$24.0 million in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 34 years with an S3 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 19.64 years.

Based on the limited actuarial analysis , asset mix and input from Company experts, this study recommends retaining a life of 34 years with an S3 dispersion. An observed life table showing the small level of transactions is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve below.



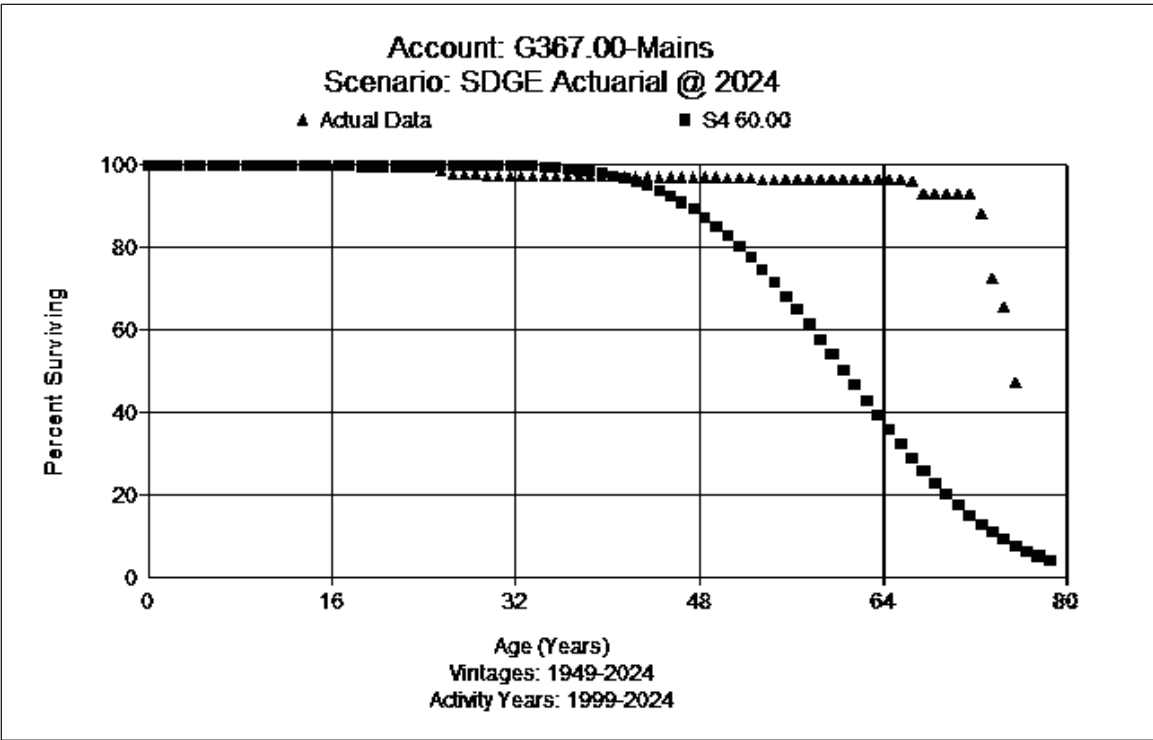
Account G367 Mains (60 S4)

This account includes the cost of transmission mains, primarily coated and wrapped steel. The current approved life for this account is 45 years with an S4 dispersion. There is approximately \$966.1 million in plant in this account.

The average age of survivors in this account is 7.06 years. Operations personnel report that there has been more replacement of SDG&E than SoCalGas based on percentage of the overall system at SDG&E since SDG&E has a much smaller system.

The Company is seeing some class changes as the population densities increase. SDG&E has been adding more instrumentation and automation (remote control) in recent years. For the most part, the automation could be added to existing assets (such as valves) in the majority of instances but in approximately 40% they would have to replace the full valve assembly.

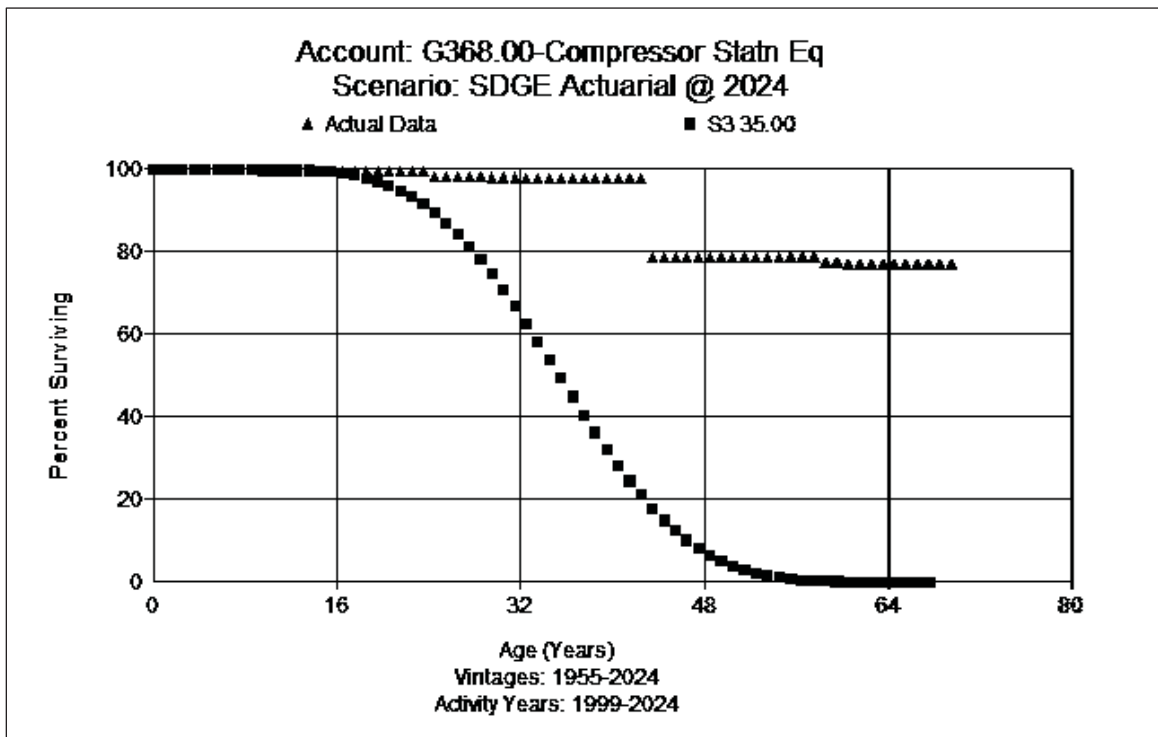
In performing actuarial analysis, the observed life table stops at 90 percent in the longest period, which does not provide meaningful analysis results. Based on input from Company personnel and moving to more consistency with industry norms, this study recommends extending the life of Mains 15 years from what is currently authorized to 60 years and retaining the S4 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve below.



Account G368 Compressor Station Equipment (35 S3)

This account includes the cost of compressor station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There is approximately \$144.0 million in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 35 years with an S3 dispersion.

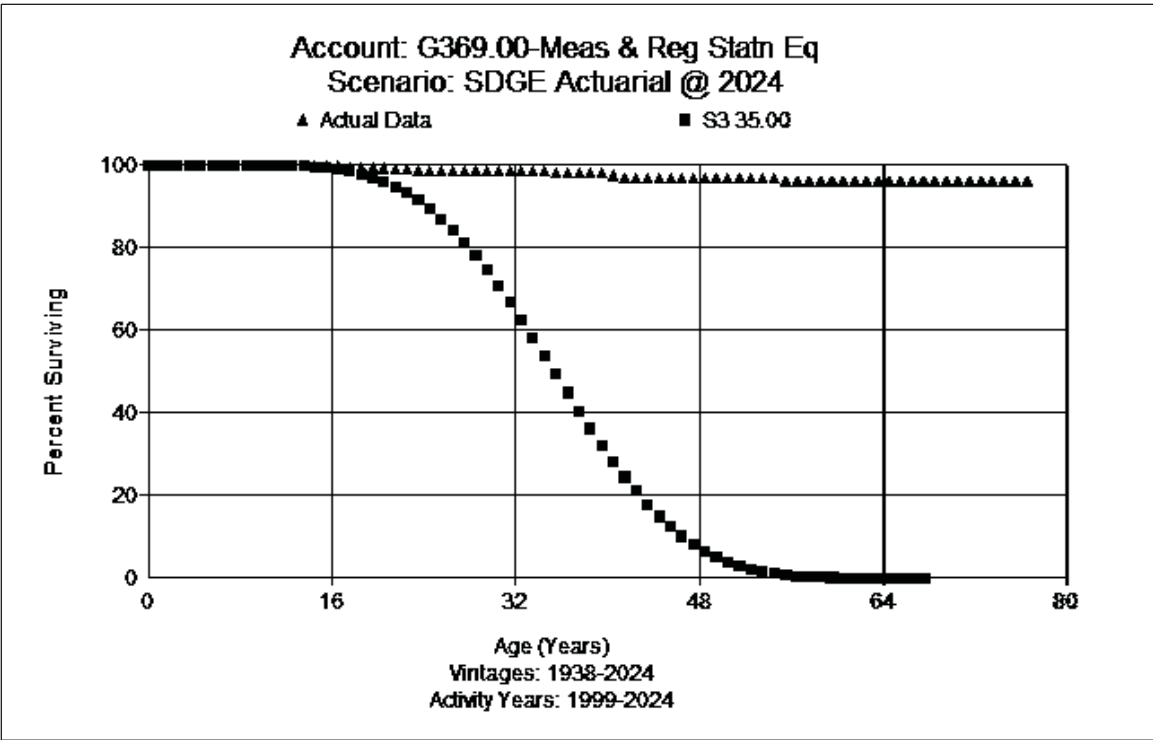
The average age of survivors in this account is 17.01 years. Company personnel report that the Company has a modernization program driven by emissions compliance and decarbonization initiatives. The Company relies heavily on turbine compressors. The regulations for stations have changed more than the regulations for mains and services. They have been upgrading stations. After examining the various assets in this account, this study recommends retaining the current 35-year life with a S3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed for this account with the recommended life and curve below.



Account G369 Measuring and Regulating Station Equipment (35 S3)

This account includes the cost of measuring and regulating station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There is approximately \$30.9 million in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 31 years with an S3 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 19.15 years. Company SMEs report that there has been a lot of investment related to retrofit for pigging. They have been adding more instrumentation and automation (remote control) in recent years. For the most part, automation could be added to existing assets (such as valves) in the majority of instances. But in maybe 40% of the cases, the Company would have to replace the full valve assembly. There have been activities to change out actuating equipment that might release methane. As communities become more developed, class location changes as population density increases the need for accurate regulating equipment. Based on input from Company personnel and judgement, this study recommends extending to a 35-year life while retaining the S3 dispersion. A graph of the observed life table is provided below:



Account G371 Other Equipment (27 SQ)

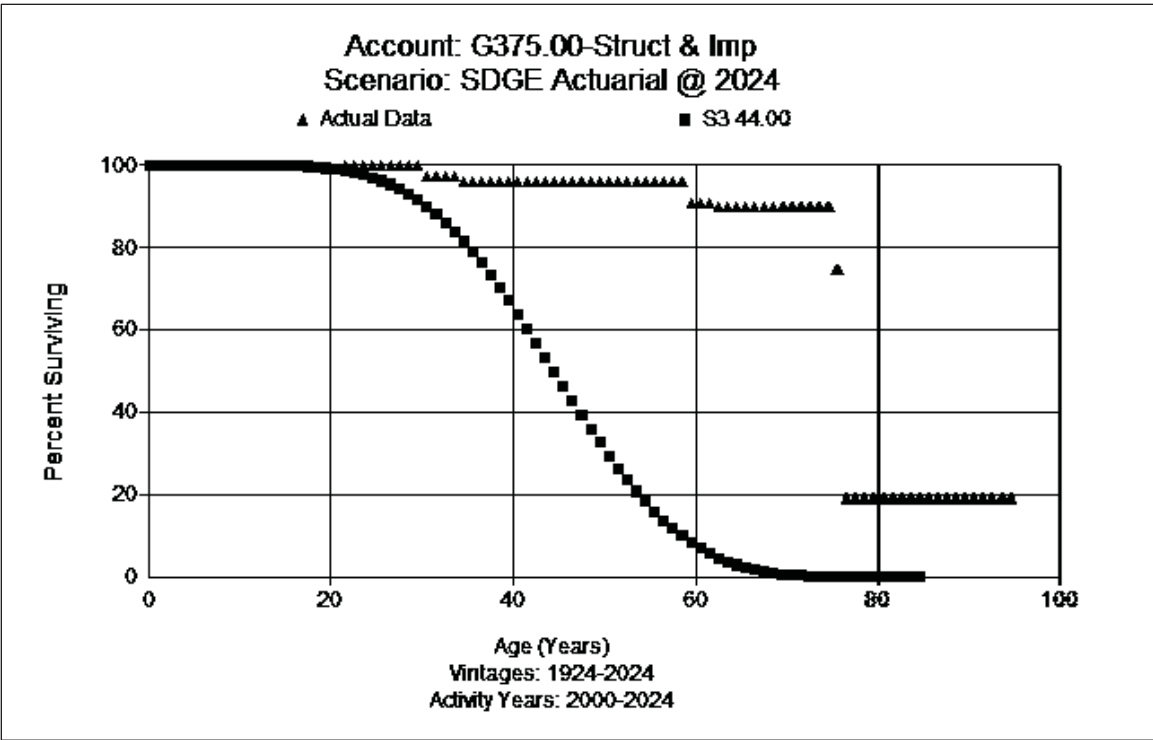
This account includes the cost of other equipment used in connection with transmission operations. There is approximately \$2.8 million in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 27 years with an SQ dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 6.69 years. There have been no retirements to date and Company SMEs do not expect a change from the current life parameter. Based on input from Company personnel and judgment, this study recommends retention of the existing 27-year life and SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

GAS DISTRIBUTION PLANT

Account G375 Structures and Improvements (44 S3)

This account includes the cost of structures and improvements used in connection with distribution operations. There is approximately \$43.4 thousand in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 44 years with an S3 dispersion.

Operations personnel state that there are no obvious changes in the usage or characteristics of these assets that would suggest a material change in life. There are a number of shorter life assets within the group: roofs, HVAC, Generators, parking lot replacements, etc. that would moderate the building lives. Analytics is holding in the 40-year range. There has been little activity in this account for SDG&E in recent years. Operations personnel believe a life in the 40-45 year range is reasonable from an operations perspective. Based on the mix of assets in the account and input from Company experts, this study recommends retaining the 44-year life and S3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G376 Mains (69 R3)

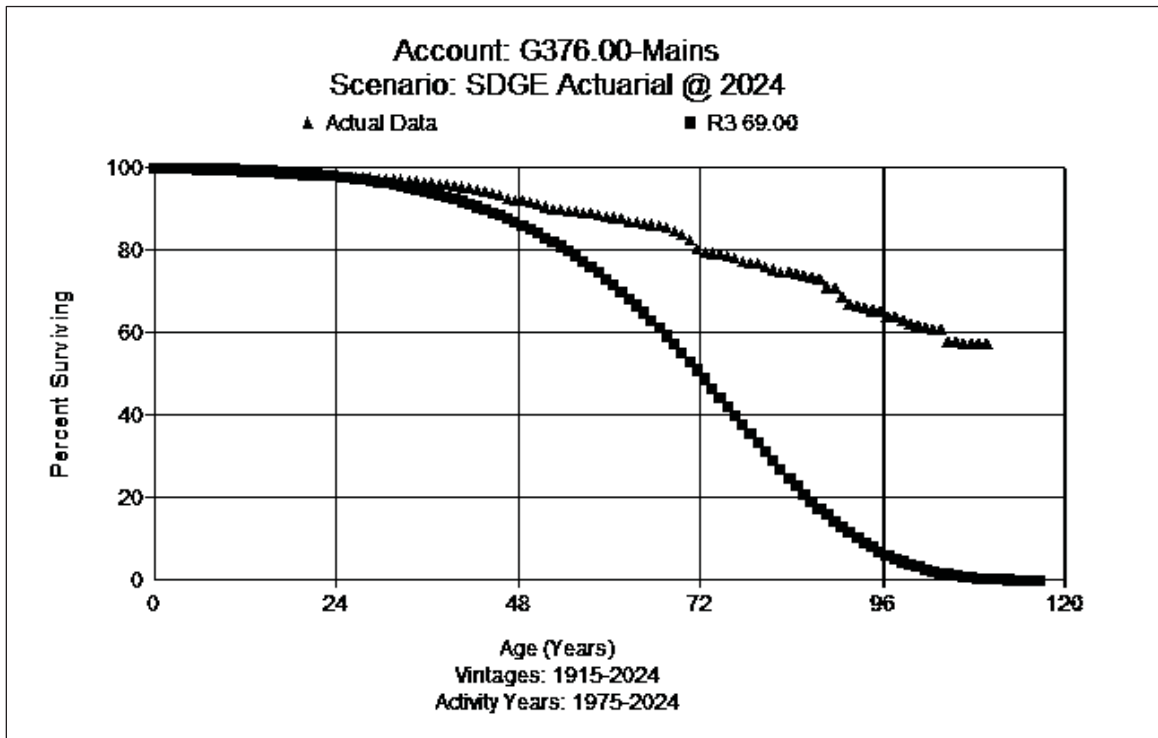
This account includes the cost of mains used in connection with distribution operations. There is approximately \$1.9 billion in this account. Currently, the approved life for this account is 69 years with an R3 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 13.46 years. Company operations personnel report that the Integrity Program is targeting replacing plastic prior to 1986 for both mains and services. About 1,600 miles of Aldyl-A remain in the system.

SDG&E is replacing over 50 miles per year, and there are over 15,000 miles of total distribution miles for mains/services for SDG&E (steel and plastic). There are 3 separate steel programs (pre-34, 34-65 and 65 and over) that are not part of DIMP. There are only 150 miles left in the system of pre-34 pipe.

Most of the SDG&E system is from later than the 1950s, with most pipe having been added in the “boom” in the 1970s and 1980s. The steel programs did not start until late 2019 and ramped up in 2024. Some of the older steel pipe that is catholically protected is being focused on but is not part of DIMP.

Evaluation and prioritization under RAMP is leading to the replacement of more pipe. This is in addition to normal replacements. The planned replacement programs that are ranked by risk would signal that the pipe will be replaced sooner than in the past. Company SMEs feel from an operations perspective that life should decrease (at least in the short term) with the level of retirements that are occurring. The average life of 88 years indicated in some of the actuarial analyses is significantly longer than the expectations from the SMEs since most replacements are closer to a 70-year life. Given the uncertain future with regulation and input from operations personnel, this study recommends retaining the 69-year life and the R3 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G376.6 Hydro Test Costs (56 SQ)

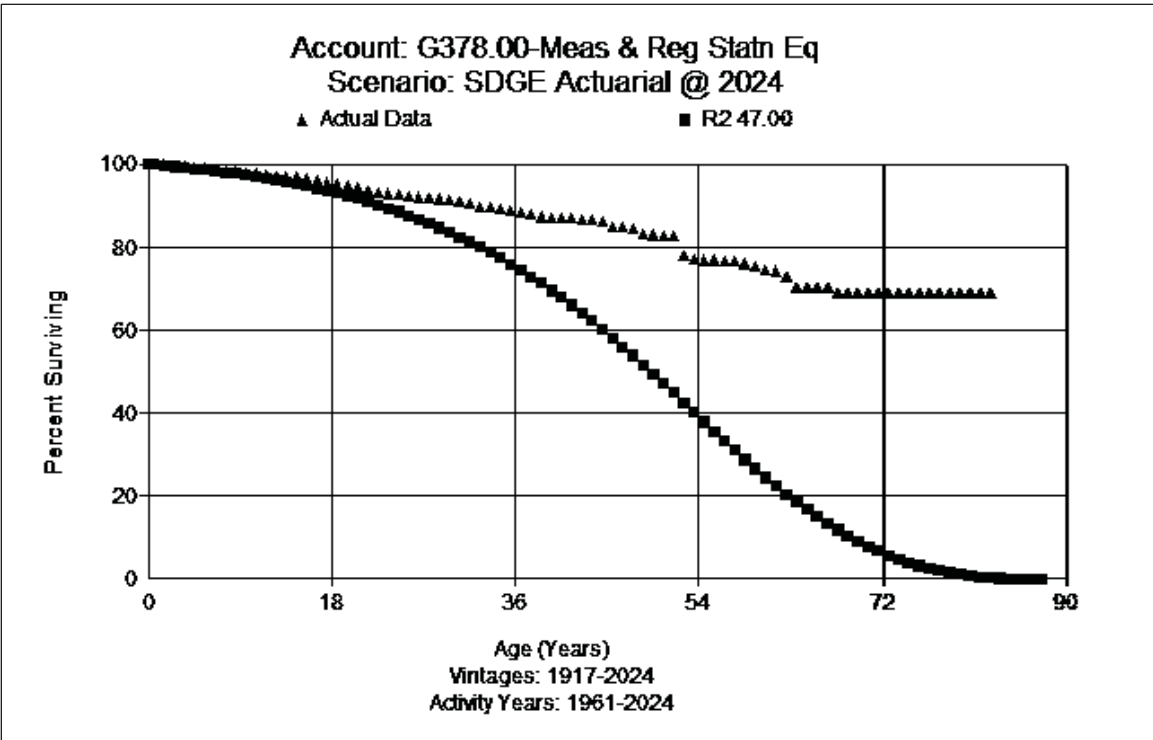
This is a new account that will be used as the Company complies with new regulations. PHMSA has issued new regulations effective July 1, 2020 that will impact pipeline of vintage 1970 and older. Costs incurred to comply with the Mega Rule will be treated as a capital item. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant. As of December 31, 2025, the plant balance was \$55.1 million. This study recommends depreciation of these assets over the average remaining life of Mains of about 56 years, assuming the proposed life and curve for Account G376. The testing costs are proposed to be depreciated over 56 years with an SQ curve. Since these costs are not directly tied to specific mains, auto retirement is recommended.

Account G378 Measuring and Regulating Equipment (47 R2)

This account consists of measuring and regulating equipment used in distribution operations. There is approximately \$21.6 million of investment in this account. The current approved life for this account is 47 years with an R2 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 18.90 years.

There are around 500 stations. Stations would retire based on capacity, the type of equipment (outdated), in an unsafe area, etc. There is a parts and inspection program that can extend the life. Some older stations will have components that are not easy to replace, and SDG&E would replace the entire station instead of replacing the regulator. The older components were from the 1950s-1970s.

Higher risk regulating stations are being targeted for replacement. The regulations for regulating stations have changed more than the regulations for mains and services. The Company has been upgrading stations. They are also more aggressively targeting regulating stations than they have in the past. Operationally, there is no reason that the life should increase. There are drivers that would decrease the life, such as RAMP and Control Center Modernization programs. This study recommends retaining the 47-year life with an R2 dispersion for this account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



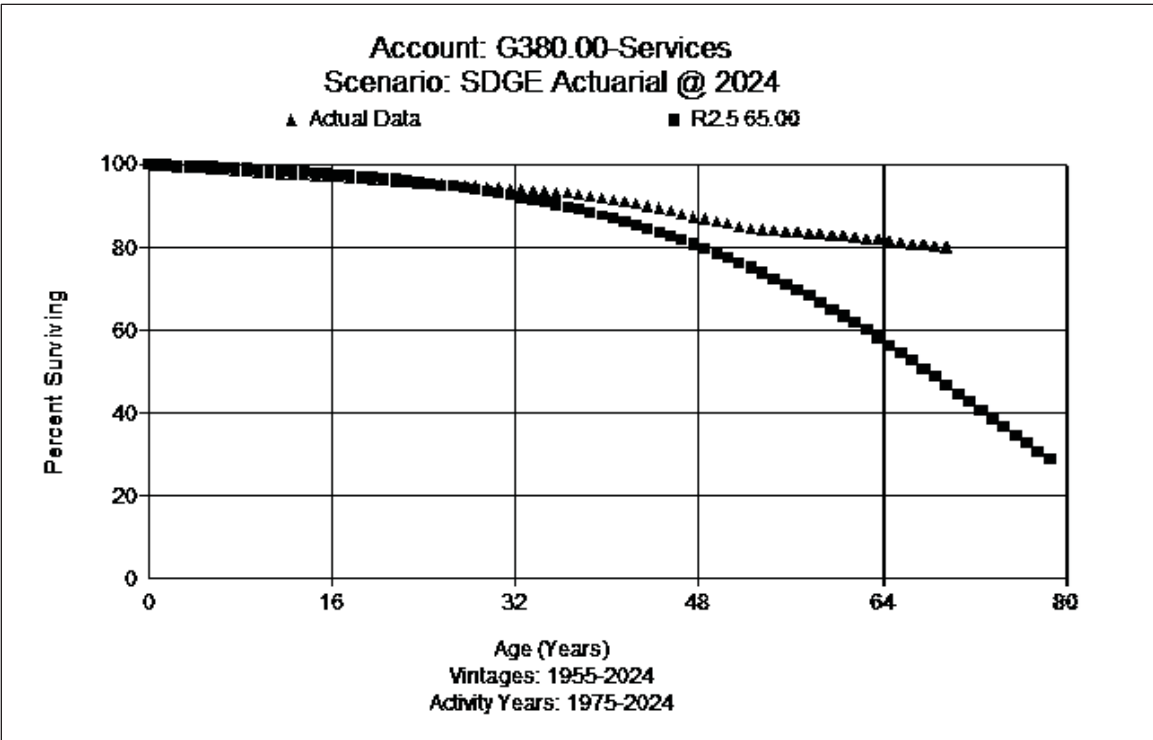
Account G380 Services (65 R2.5)

This account consists of services used in distribution operations. There is approximately \$812.6 million of investment in this account. The current approved life for this account is 65 years with an R2.5 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 12.77 years. The service rises above the ground for a portion of its length. According to Company SMEs, the above ground portion is vulnerable to weed eaters, fertilizer, dig-ins by customers, houses abandoned, etc.

It is more likely that the Company would change services than mains. If the main is Aldyl-A, they would normally replace the service. If there is a cut, Company personnel report that they generally repair the service. If a service has had a leak in the past, they would likely replace. If a steel main is replaced with plastic, the service would be replaced with steel.

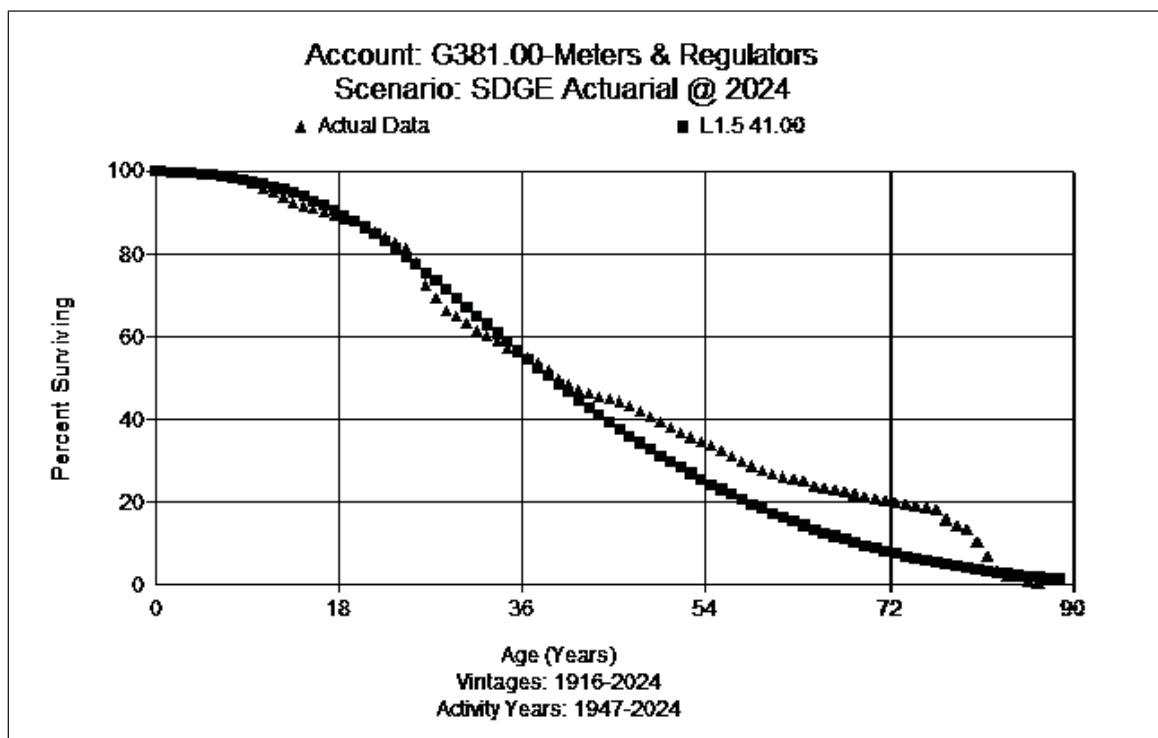
Company operations personnel believe that the life of services should have a shorter life than mains, since there are many factors that would retire a service earlier. The higher focus on not stranding steel services would also be a factor in shortening the life of services. In some of the actuarial analysis (although not exhibiting full statistical validity), the average life indications are much longer than the approved or expectations across the industry. Company SMEs state that services have a life closer to 50-60 years from an operations perspective. Operationally, a longer life does not seem consistent with expectations. Given the uncertain future with regulations and input from operations personnel, this study recommends retaining the existing 65-year life with an R2.5 dispersion for this account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G381 Meters and Regulators (41 L1.5)

This account includes the cost of meters and regulators used in measuring gas to residential customers. There is approximately \$103.2 million in plant in this account. The current approved life of the meter account is 41 years with an L1.5 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 18.90 years. Historically, meters lasted longer than now seen according to Company operations personnel. SDG&E used three different manufacturers. Company operations personnel report that they still repair meters, but now expense that repair. Meter costs have escalated, and there are only two meter manufacturers in the United States now. Based on the visual matching and input from operations personnel, this study recommends retaining the 41-year life and the L1.5 dispersion curve for this account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G381.01 Meters/Regulators- Modules (15 SQ)

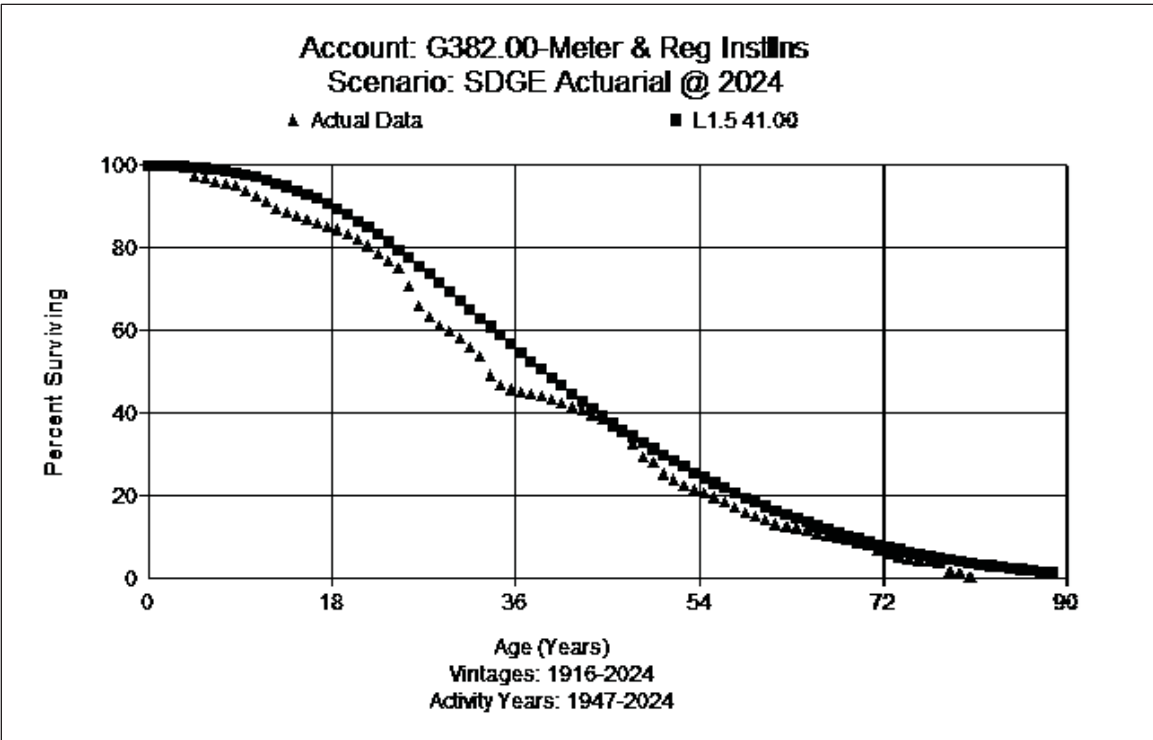
This account includes the cost of modules used on gas smart meters. The current approved life for this account is 15 years with an SQ dispersion. There is approximately \$113.4 million in plant in this account.

The average age of survivors in this account is 9.45 years. These assets have only been in service since 2012, and there is insufficient history to analyze the data. Operations personnel believe the currently approved life of this account is still reasonable. Based on input from Company personnel, this study recommends retention of the 15-year life with an SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

Account G382.00 Meter and Regulator Installations (41 L1.5)

This account includes the cost of domestic meter installations (excluding meters) and regulator installations. The current approved life for this account is 35 years with an L2 dispersion. There is approximately \$155.4 million in plant in this account.

The average age of survivors in this account is 10.58 years. SDG&E does not use pre-manufactured loops for residential. If there is no overpressure protection on the regulator, Company SMEs report that they will replace the asset. For every two meters they replace, they will replace one regulator. Typically, the meter set assembly ("MSA") would not be replaced before the meter (unless customer needed more gas, in which case both would be replaced at the same time), but the MSA is typically not replaced at the same time as a meter but would be replaced as necessary. Actuarial analysis shows a similar life with a slightly flatter dispersion. Based on actuarial analysis and judgment, this study recommends retaining the 41-year life while moving to an L1.5 dispersion for this account. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G382.01 Meter Installations Modules (15 SQ)

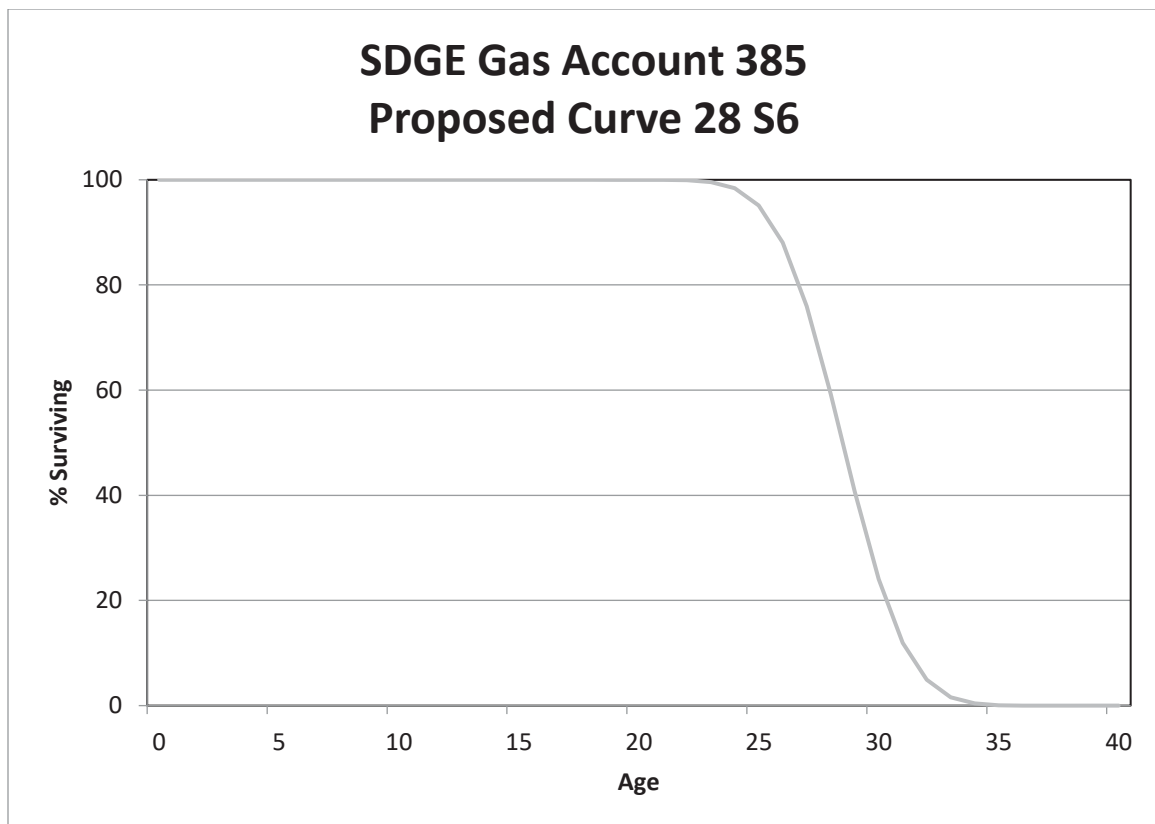
This account includes the cost of module installations for smart meters. The current approved life for this account is 15 years with an SQ dispersion. There is approximately \$27.3 million in plant in this account. The average age of survivors in this account is 13.64 years.

There is insufficient retirement history to analyze the data. Operations personnel believe the currently approved life of this account is still reasonable. Based on input from Company personnel, this study recommends retention of the 15-year life with an SQ dispersion. No graph is shown.

Account G385 Measuring and Regulating Equipment (28 S6)

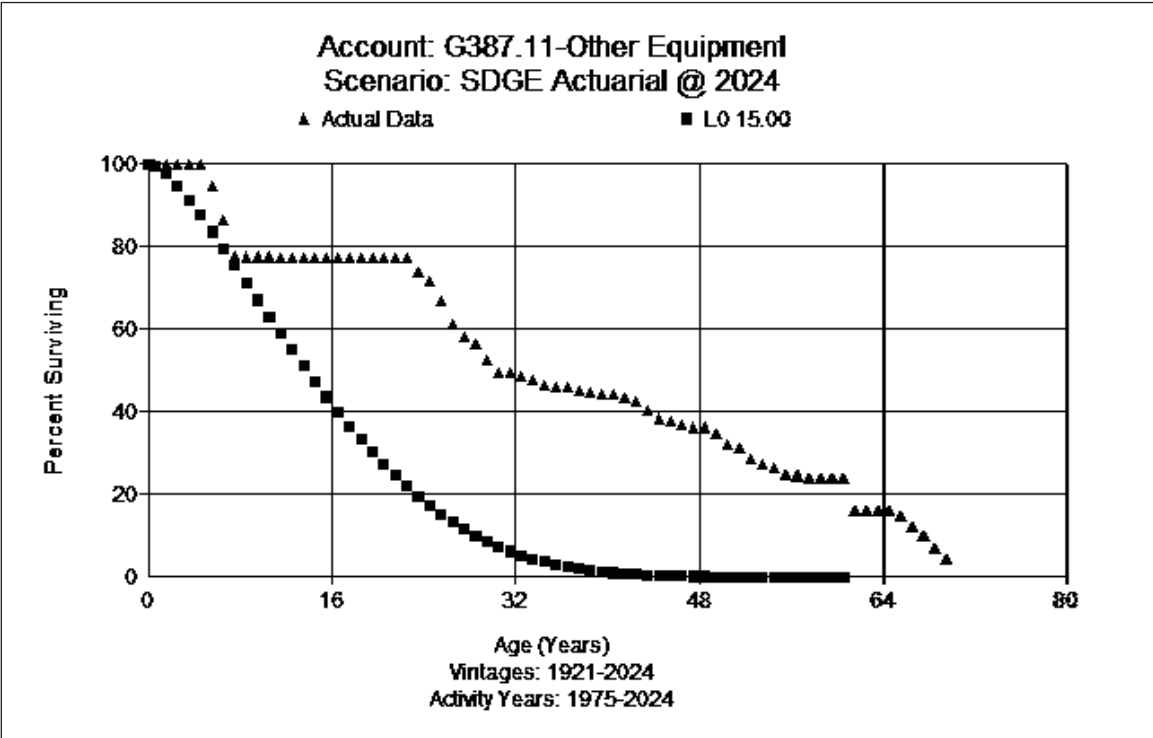
This account includes the measuring and regulating station equipment such as regulators, electrical equipment, and other devices. There is approximately \$1.5 million of plant in this account. The current approved life for this account is 28 years with an S6 dispersion.

The average age of survivors in this account is 26.31 years. Company personnel report that they have used premanufactured loops for many years. Industrial station lives in this account would likely be less than M & R stations in account G378 due to being governed by the requirements of businesses using the station. Based on the recommended 47-year life for Account G378, retention of the existing life is reasonable. This study recommends retaining the 28-year life with an S6 dispersion. A generic curve shape is shown below.



Account G387.11 Other Equipment (15 L0)

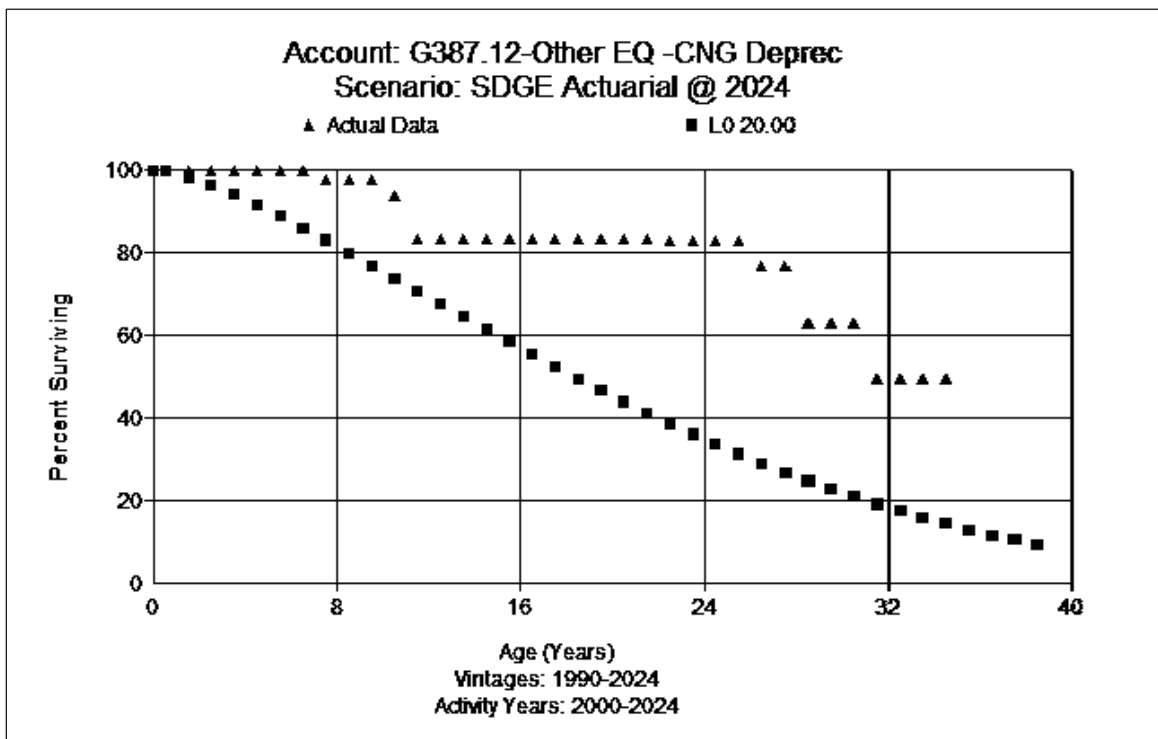
This account includes the cost of other miscellaneous equipment such as measurement systems, recording gauges, rectifiers, and other equipment. There is approximately \$994 thousand of plant in this account. The current approved life for this account is 16 years with an L0 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 18.98 years. This study recommends revising to a 15-year life with an L0 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



Account G387.12 CNG Equipment (20 L0)

This account includes the cost of natural gas vehicle charging stations and related equipment. There is approximately \$8.9 million of plant in this account. The current approved life for this account is 16 years with an L0 dispersion. The average age of survivors in this account is 14.24 years. The average age of retirements in this account is 17.16 years.

Company SMEs report that they have five CNG stations, and three have been refurbished in the last couple years. The first were installed in the 1990s. Most of the original assets have been retired and replaced. Of the remaining, the latest two were installed in 2014 and 2017. Company SMEs suggest their expectations for the life of this account to be closer to those recommended for SoCalGas in this account. This study recommends moving from the 16-year life to a 20-year life with an L0 dispersion. An observed life table is graphed with the proposed life and dispersion curve below.



GAS GENERAL PLANT

Account G394.1 Portable Tools (10 SQ)

This account consists of various items or portable tools used in shop and garages such as air compressors, grinders, and mixers. There is approximately \$28.6 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 24 years with an L5 dispersion.

Operationally, the existing life is longer than would be expected for most assets in this account. Given the short-lived, small and portable nature of these assets, this study recommends a shorter life for this account. Since the Company plans to continue use of vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends a 10-year life with an SQ dispersion for this account.

Account G394.20 Shop Equipment (10 SQ)

This account consists of large items or tools used in shop and garages such as hoists and cranes. There is approximately \$18.5 thousand in this account. The only asset currently in this account is a cabinet. This account currently has a life of 24 years with an R1.5 dispersion.

This account currently has a fixed life of 24 years for amortization. Since the Company plans to continue using vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends a 10-year life with an SQ dispersion for this account.

Account G397.0 Communication Equipment (15 SQ)

This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment such as fiber optics, SCADA equipment, and various upgrades used in general utility

service. There is approximately \$2.6 million in this account. This account currently has a fixed life for amortization of 15 years with an S6 dispersion. Since the Company plans to continue using vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends retaining the 15-year life and moving to an SQ dispersion for this account.

Account G398.0 Miscellaneous Equipment (15 SQ)

This account consists of miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. There is approximately \$1.2 million in this account. This account currently has a life of 19 years with an R2.5 dispersion. Since the Company plans to continue use of vintage group amortization for its common and electric general accounts, the same is proposed for the Company's natural gas general plant. This study recommends moving to a 15-year life and a SQ dispersion for this account.

NET SALVAGE ANALYSIS

When a capital asset is retired, physically removed from service, and finally disposed of, terminal retirement is said to have occurred. The residual value of a terminal retirement is called gross salvage. Net salvage is the difference between the gross salvage (what the asset was sold for) and the removal cost (the cost to remove and dispose of the asset). Salvage and removal cost percentages are calculated by dividing the current cost of salvage or removal by the original installed cost of the asset. Some plant assets can experience significant negative removal cost percentages due to the timing of the original addition versus the retirement.

ELECTRIC OPERATIONS

The cost of demolition and removal of electric assets has increased over time due to several general factors including:

Time Value of Money

Many transmission assets have a life cycle of 40 years or more. Some of the assets being removed were installed over 40 years ago when materials and labor were less expensive.

Environmental Regulations and Right-of-Way Access/Use Restrictions

The cost of demolition has increased due to the continual evolution of environmental regulations affecting mitigation and restoration measures required during and after transmission line projects. This environmental rigor was not in place at the time of the assets' initial installations. Consequently, assets located on difficult terrain or in sensitive locations require additional equipment, labor, and other expenses to ensure compliance during and after construction. Post-construction restoration may span several growing seasons to achieve the necessary vegetation and site stability required for permit compliance. Environmental protections also affect the salvage value of material. Wood poles that were once sold for a positive salvage value now cost the Company to dispose of due to the wood protectant materials like creosote.

Labor

In the last decade, investment in the transmission system has increased substantially across the country. This has created a high demand for the limited number of qualified resources available to construct the work. The increases in capital expenditures are such that utilities now must augment their internal workforces with external contract construction providers, who often come at a higher cost.

Safety Requirements

The industry has become intolerant of unsafe working practices. The robust equipment and stringent safety provisions required today have changed substantially from that of 40 years ago. Safety and compliance are core values for SDG&E, and this may result in an increase in the cost of doing business.

Increase Financial Controls

Over time, financial standards and regulations have increased. SDG&E has adopted the best practices and incorporated cost and quality control measures into the close out of construction work orders. This provides greater details of costs associated with demolition work compared to several years prior.

Salvage Value

Many of the assets that are removed do not carry a high salvage value. Some of the assets may be sold as scrap, but it would not amount to the cost of installation or offset the removal costs. Assets that can be reused are placed into inventory instead of being sold. In several cases, the assets being removed are of wood construction, in which case there is no salvage value.

Asset Renewal

Utilities across the nation are now dealing with aging, antiquated transmission infrastructure. It is now a necessity for utilities to have proactive asset renewal programs

to replace transmission assets before they fail. The frequency of projects requiring removal of existing assets has increased substantially over the last decade and will continue to increase into the future.

Wildfire Mitigation Plan

The Company is focused on compliance with all directives and commitments regarding wildfire mitigation in hardening its system. This plan increases the number of asset renewal projects SDG&E does in rugged/mountainous terrain each year in order to reduce wildfire ignition risk in the Company's service territory as quickly as possible. The removal cost for the structures targeted by the Company's Wildfire Mitigation Plan is often higher than normal because those structures are more difficult to access and may require special equipment (such as a helicopter or a temporary bridge) or nonstandard construction methods (such as hand digging, flaggers for trail closures, etc.)

For example, a Distribution asset in FERC Account 367 with a current installed cost of \$500 (2024) would have had an installed cost of \$24.66⁹ in 1954. If one were to calculate removal cost as a percent of current cost, a removal cost of \$50 for the asset would only have a -10 percent removal cost (\$50/\$500). This would be incorrect. A correct removal cost calculation would show a negative 203 percent removal cost for that asset (\$50/\$24.66). Inflation from the time of installation of the asset until the time of its removal must be taken into account in the calculation of the removal cost percentage because the depreciation rate, which includes the removal cost percentage, will be applied to the original installed cost of assets.

NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS

In the same way, the cost of removing natural gas assets from service has increased over time. Many general factors have occurred, creating changes that increase removal cost including:

Gas Main Abandonment Procedures

⁹ Using the Handy-Whitman Bulletin No. 202, G-6, line 27, $\$24.66 = \$500 \times 44/892$.

While gas mains for distribution are usually abandoned in place, the following removal costs are incurred per 49 CFR 192.727 (entitled “Abandonment or deactivation of facilities”). This regulation provides as follows:

(a) Each operator shall conduct abandonment or deactivation of pipelines in accordance with the requirements of this section.

(b) Each pipeline abandoned in place must be disconnected from all sources and supplies of gas; purged of gas; in the case of offshore pipelines, filled with water or inert materials; and sealed at the ends. However, the pipeline need not be purged when the volume of gas is so small that there is no potential hazard.

(c) Except for service lines, each inactive pipeline that is not being maintained under this part must be disconnected from all sources and supplies of gas; purged of gas; in the case of offshore pipelines, filled with water or inert materials; and sealed at the ends. However, the pipeline need not be purged when the volume of gas is so small that there is no potential hazard.

The cost of deactivation, abandon in place, or removal of gas assets has increased over time due to several general factors, including:

Time Value of Money

Many gas main assets have a life cycle of 60 years or more. Some of the assets being removed were installed nearly 60 years ago when materials, labor, and cost of goods were cheaper.

Urban Areas

The majority of the construction and reconstruction projects are in urban areas. Many cities require permits. These permits may impose fees and certain limitations, such as the closure of roads during high traffic times. These permits may also require construction to occur in the evening or on weekends, which requires overtime of crews and additional equipment. Some municipalities are increasingly requiring companies to repave more of the road than just the paving disturbed by excavation activity.

Contract Labor

In the last decade, investment in utility gas main renewal projects has increased substantially across the country. In addition, the same skills and resources are needed in the larger oil and gas industry. This has created a high demand for the limited number of qualified personnel available to construct the work. Therefore, the cost of external contracts has increased due to supply and demand factors.

Safety Requirements

The industry, and specifically SDG&E, strives to provide a very high level of safe working practices. The equipment and provisions required today have increased substantially from 50 years ago. SDG&E uses work safety practices that align with modern industry practice. These policies have increased the cost of doing business but are an important part of the strong safety principles at SDG&E.

Net Salvage Characteristics

For each function, data for retirements, gross salvage, and cost of removal for each functional group, adjusted as discussed above, was derived from 2002-2024. Moving averages, which remove timing differences between retirement and salvage and removal cost, were analyzed over periods varying from one to 10 years.

COMMON PLANT

Common General Plant

Account C390.10 Structures & Improvements (-10% Net Salvage)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to structures and improvements used for general utility operations. The currently authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 15 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 37 and 12 percent net salvage respectively for both periods. Based on recent experience, this study recommends moving to negative 10 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C391.1 Office Furniture and Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with miscellaneous office furniture such as desks, chairs, filing cabinets, and tables used for general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 1 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C391.2 Computer Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with computer equipment used for general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages both show 0 percent net salvage. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C392.1 Autos (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with automobiles and similar transportation equipment used for general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There has been limited activity in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C392.2 Trailers (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with trailers and other transportation equipment used for general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There has been limited retirement and/or net salvage activity in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C392.3 Transportation Equipment- Aviation (10% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with aviation equipment- helicopters and drones. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There is a robust market for used helicopters. The company plans to keep its current helicopter 40 years and maintain the helicopter with manufacturer recommendations. There is limited data in the public domain to predict the value of the helicopters at the end of a 40 year life. The small quantity of drones in this account has no value at the end of their lives and no salvage is predicted for those assets. Based on judgment, this study recommends moving to positive 10 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C393.10 Stores Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with stores equipment used for general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for

this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C394.11 Portable Tools (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with portable tools such as mobile computer, test equipment, and pumps. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C394.21 Shop Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. There was gross salvage received in 2017 that has not occurred in other periods. Based on judgment, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C394.31 Garage Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with various garage equipment such as lathes and other tools. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C395.10 Laboratory Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with laboratory equipment used in general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for

both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C397.30 Communication Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with miscellaneous communication equipment used in general utility service. Assets in this account include AV equipment, network infrastructure equipment, and telecom equipment. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends retaining the approved 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account C398.10 Miscellaneous Equipment (0% Net Salvage)

This account consists of gross salvage and/or cost of removal associated with miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 10 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on the type of assets and Company experience, this study recommends moving to 0 percent net salvage for this account.

ELECTRIC OPERATIONS

Production Net Salvage

The concept behind the net salvage cost component of depreciation rates for power plants is different from that of Transmission or Distribution assets. Power plants are discrete units that will need to be dismantled after the end of their useful lives. Because of this, there are two types of analysis required, one for interim activity and a second based on engineering studies conducted to determine the cost to dismantle the individual units or plants at end of life.

SDG&E has not historically included interim retirements in the production and other production depreciation rate computation process. The same approach will be applied to interim net salvage costs in this depreciation study. The only removal costs to be included will be the terminal retirement for each generating site. The Company escalated the consulting firm Sargent & Lundy's study of decommissioning costs in 2021 dollars for these units to 2025 dollars. These net salvage percentages were used in the calculation of the depreciation expense for each plant.

Life span properties consist of property units that will retire concurrently at a specific time. While mass property accounts include many units, the life span groups generally contain a small group of large units. Although there are interim additions and retirement that occur over the service life, the plant as a whole is subject to final retirement. SDG&E's generating plants—Desert Star, Palomar, Miramar, and Cuyamaca—fit these characteristics. Currently, there is no estimated dismantling cost for solar facilities in the Company's depreciation rates. This study incorporates dismantling costs for those facilities.

Palomar

The table below shows the estimated dismantling costs and development of net salvage parameters for each account.

Acct	Plant \$	Dismantle \$	Net Salvage %
311	62,726,977	2,494,490	-3.98%
312	107,787,958	4,318,716	-4.01%
314	116,370,302	3,952,455	-3.40%
315	37,842,873	627,622	-1.66%
316	70,613,081	213,782	-0.30%
341	17,211,442	958,033	-5.57%
342	14,913,880	521,776	-3.50%
344	161,280,473	2,609,400	-1.62%
345	6,904,240	506,629	-7.34%
346	25,408,849	0	0.00%

Desert Star

The table below shows the estimated dismantling costs and development of net salvage parameters for each account.

Acct	Plant \$	Dismantle \$	Net Salvage %
311	30,835,910	4,754,706	-15.42%
312	59,879,097	2,905,193	-4.85%
314	21,720,904	1,705,224	-7.85%
315	50,267,040	533,646	-1.06%
316	10,686,057	50,765	-0.48%
341	2,526,017	3,697,343	-146.37%
342	877,752	18,211	-2.07%
343	25,542,490	0	0.00%
344	113,932,134	1,272,171	-1.12%
345	10,214,650	348,259	-3.41%
346	22,306,830	0	0.00%

Miramar

The table below shows the estimated dismantling costs and development of net salvage parameters for each account.

Acct	Plant \$	Dismantle \$	Net Salvage %
341	5,143,063	492,822	-9.58%
342	5,232,870	321,450	-6.14%
343	58,534,015	0	0.00%
344	19,735,850	1,204,476	-6.10%
345	14,497,955	652,476	-4.50%
346	7,536,590	0	0.00%

Cuyamaca

The table below shows the estimated dismantling costs and development of net salvage parameters for each account.

Acct	Plant \$	Dismantle \$	Net Salvage %
341	1,901,809	691,665	-36.37%
342	627,012	104,988	-16.74%
343	17,835,173	0	0.00%
344	6,611,110	502,227	-7.60%
345	1,298,619	399,976	-30.80%
346	5,210,105	0	0.00%

Ramona and rooftop solar

The table below shows the estimated dismantling costs and development of net salvage parameters for each account.

Acct	Plant \$	Dismantle \$	Net Salvage %
338.11	692,609		-25.00%
338.12	1,032,971	222,778	-21.57%
338.40	73,791,385	15,914,366	-21.57%
338.50	162,768	35,104	-21.57%
338.70	4,346,999	937,504	-21.57%
338.80	2,242,963	483,733	-21.57%

Account E344.2. Generators Other (0 percent)

This account consists of any gross salvage or removal cost associated with instruments for air systems, work equipment, test equipment, pumps, fire protection systems, and other related assets located at any generating facility. The current net salvage percentage is 0 percent. There was no dismantling estimate provided for this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retaining 0 percent net salvage for this account.

DISTRIBUTION PLANT

Increasing levels of removal cost are experienced in most accounts in this function. The salvage received for retired assets has decreased over that time while the removal cost of assets has increased dramatically. In Decisions D.16-06-054 and D.19-09-051, SDG&E was not allowed to update its net salvage parameters. Removal costs have been increasing for a number of years. Please see the earlier portion of this report that discusses the CPUC's concept of gradualism. Detailed analysis and results by account are shown in Appendix C and individual account results are discussed below.

Account E361 Distribution Substation Structures and Improvements (Negative 150 percent)

This grouping contains gross salvage and cost of removal associated with facilities, such as building station control, fencing, yard improvements, and other structures for distribution plant. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 125 percent. Transactional history shows a negative net salvage in nearly every year analyzed. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 122 and negative 345 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. After examining SDG&E history and the continued strong trend in increasingly negative net salvage, moving toward the more negative indications with the net salvage estimate is recommended for this account. This study recommends a 25 percent change, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent, moving the proposed net salvage estimate to negative 150 percent.

Account E362.1 Distribution Substation Equipment (Negative 125 percent)

This grouping contains gross salvage and cost of removal associated with switchboards, station wiring, transformers, and a wide variety of other equipment, from circuit breakers to switchgear, for distribution plant. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 125 percent.

In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 116 and negative 144 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. After examining SDG&E history and the continued trend, currently approved is within the historical averages. This study recommends retaining the proposed net salvage estimate of negative 125 percent.

Account E363.2 Distribution Computer Software (0 percent)

This grouping contains gross salvage and cost of removal associated with Distribution software. The current approved net salvage estimate for computer software is 0 percent.

This account was created in compliance with FERC Order 898. Prior to its creation, the assets resided in a general computer software account. This study recommends retaining the proposed net salvage estimate of 0 percent since at the end of its life, software has little to no value.

Account E363.3 Communication Equipment (Negative 25 percent)

This account includes any gross salvage or cost of removal associated with communication equipment in the distribution function. This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 50 percent. The equipment was transferred from Account E397.10-Communication Equipment Other. Transactional history shows a negative net salvage in nearly every year analyzed. Using account E397.10 as a proxy, a moving average of negative 32 and negative 35 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. After examining SDG&E history and the continued strong trend in slightly

less negative net salvage than in past periods. This study recommends negative 25 percent net salvage for this account.

Account E364 Distribution Poles, Towers, and Fixtures (Negative 90 percent)

This account includes any gross salvage and cost of removal associated with poles, towers, and fixtures for distribution plant. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 100 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 83 percent and negative 87 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Given the slight decrease in experienced net salvage, the study recommends an incremental movement to a negative 90 percent net salvage estimate.

Account E365 Distribution Overhead Conductor and Devices (Negative 90 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with overhead (OH) conductor of various thickness, as well as various switches and reclosers. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 90 and negative 95 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. As with the substation accounts, following the CPUC precedent on gradualism, this study recommends moving toward those indications with a negative 90 percent net salvage estimate.

Account E366 Distribution Underground Conduit (Negative 75 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with underground conduit, duct banks, vaults, and ventilating system equipment. The current approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 50 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 90 and negative 106 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To incrementally model net salvage in the future and give recognition to the higher negative net salvage indications, as with the previous accounts, this study, consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, recommends a negative 75 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E367 Distribution Underground Conductor and Devices (Negative 75 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with underground conductor, switches, and switchgear for distribution plant. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 65 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 62 percent and negative 75 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Based on current trends to higher negative net salvage, this study recommends negative 75 percent net salvage estimate for this account at this time.

Account E368.1 Distribution Line Transformers (Negative 95 percent)

This account consists gross salvage and cost of removal associated with line transformers, regulators, and capacitors. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 170 and negative 167 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. Based on current trends to higher negative net salvage while following with the CPUC's gradualism precedent, this study recommends negative 95 percent net salvage estimate for this account at this time.

Account E368.2 Capacitor Banks (Negative 60 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with capacitor banks installed around line transformers. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 70 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 47 percent and negative 55 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. If one examines the period ending in 2019, a moving average of negative 71 percent and negative 110 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications, a negative 60 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E369.1 Overhead Services (Negative 135 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with overhead electric services. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 110 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 2443 percent and negative 935 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while being consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, a negative 135 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E369.2 Underground Services (Negative 100 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with underground electric services. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 75 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 1306 percent and negative 603 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while being consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, a negative 100 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E370.10 Meters (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with all distribution meters, excluding AMR Meters. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, there is a moving average of 0 percent for the five-year and 3 percent for the 10-year bands. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E370.11 Meters Electronic (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with AMR equipment. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of 0 percent exists for the five-year and ten-year bands. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E370.20 Meter Installations (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with meter installations for meters booked in Account E370.10, non-AMR equipment. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 2 percent exists for the five-year and 0 percent for the 10-year bands. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E370.21 Meter Installations Electronic Meters (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with meter installations for Smart meters/AMRs. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of 0 percent for the five-year and 9-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage experience, a 0 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E371.0 Installation on Customer Premises (Negative 115 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with luminaire, pedestals, and poles. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 90 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 3049 percent and negative 1100 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To model net salvage toward the indications while following with the CPUC's gradualism precedent, a negative 115 percent estimate is recommended for this account.

Account E371.10 EV Charging Units (Negative 32.89 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the service panel, charge stub, and the wiring between the two for electric vehicles charging on customers' premises. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. So far, no removal cost has been experienced for this account.

The Company had Sargent Lundy perform a decommissioning study in 2021 on EV charging units. The estimate assumes that there will be small amounts of removal cost in the future. Based on information from the decommissioning study and judgment, and considering escalation of removal costs since the time the study was performed a negative 32.89 percent estimate based on 2025\$ is recommended for this account.

Account E373.2 Street Lighting & Signal Systems (Negative 110 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with distribution streetlights, conductor, conduit, luminaire, and standards. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 85 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 127 percent and negative 177 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands, respectively. To be consistent with the Commission's gradualism precedent, this study recommends moving toward the indications with a negative 110 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Energy Storage Plant

Account E387.10 Communication Equipment (Negative 25 percent)

Based on SME input this level of negative net salvage is being reached with the retirement of this equipment. Therefore, based on input and my judgment, a net salvage estimate of -25% is more appropriate for this account.

Account E387.11 Misc. Energy Storage Equipment (0 percent)

This new account includes energy storage equipment. As of January 1, 2025, there is no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E387.20 Structures and Equipment (0 percent)

This new account includes energy storage structures such buildings. As of January 1, 2025 there is no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E387.30 Energy Storage Equipment (Negative 4.19 percent)

This account includes energy storage equipment such as batteries and miscellaneous equipment. There was \$768.7 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025.

Dismantling studies were performed on battery facilities and assets. The studies resulted in a net salvage estimate of -4.19% for this account. Therefore, the -4.19% net salvage estimate was applied in the development of an accrual rate for this account.

Account E387.50 Collector System (0 percent)

This new account includes energy storage collector systems. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E387.60 Generation Step-Up Transformer (0 percent)

This new account includes generation step-up transformers. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E387.70 Inverters (0 percent)

This new account includes inverters. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E387.80 Computer Hardware (0 percent)

This new account includes computer hardware. As of January 1, 2025, there was no plant in this account.

It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

ELECTRIC GENERAL PLANT

Electric General Accounts

Account E390 All Structures & Improvements (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal of buildings, yard improvements, and partitions used for utility service. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is negative 10 percent. There has been limited retirement activity in recent years. Based on experience with Common Account C390 Structures and Improvements (with more transactional experience), this study recommends moving to negative 5 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E392.2 Trailers (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with trailers and other transportation equipment used for general utility service. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. There has been no retirement or net salvage activity for this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retention of a 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E393.10 Stores Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with stores equipment used for general utility service. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of negative 0 percent for the five-year and 10-year. This study recommends retention of the existing 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E394.11 Portable Tools (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with portable tools such as mobile computer, test equipment, and pumps. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of 0 exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. This study recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E394.20 Shop Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with shop equipment such as ammeters, purifiers, and steam cleaners. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, there is a moving average of 0 percent for the five-year and 10-year bands. This study recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E395.1 Laboratory Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with laboratory equipment used in general utility service. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. Normally these assets have no residual value. This study recommends retaining the existing 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E397.1 Computer Hardware (0 percent)

This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account consists of computer hardware such as servers and switches used in general utility service. There were no dollars in this account at January 1, 2025.

The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred from is 0 percent. It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E397.2 Computer Software (0 percent)

This account includes software. This is a new account, created in compliance with FERC Order 898. There was \$29.6 million in plant in this account as of January 1, 2025. The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred from is 0 percent. It is anticipated that assets in this account will have little to no value at the end of their useful lives. Therefore, based on judgement a net salvage estimate of 0% is appropriate for this account.

Account E397.3 Communication Equipment (Negative 25 percent)

This is a new account created after implementation of FERC Order 898. This account consists of miscellaneous communication equipment used in general utility service. There is approximately \$164.5 million in this account as of January 1, 2025.

The currently approved net salvage estimate for the account these dollars were transferred from is -50% percent. Based on SME input and my judgement, my study conservatively recommends moving toward the recent trends with a negative 25 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

Account E398.1 Miscellaneous Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of gross salvage and cost of removal associated with miscellaneous equipment used in general utility service. The currently approved net salvage estimate for this account is 0 percent. In the most recent period, a moving average of 0 percent exists for the five-year and 10-year bands. This study recommends retaining the currently approved 0 percent net salvage estimate for this account.

NATURAL GAS OPERATIONS

Gas Storage

Account G363.60 LNG Distribution Storage Equipment (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost equipment used for LNG storage such as alarm systems, structures, and tanks. The current authorized net salvage for this account is 0 percent. Generally, no salvage is received at the retirement of these assets. Based on judgement, this study recommends negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

GAS TRANSMISSION PLANT

Account G366 Structures and Improvements (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to structures and improvements used in connection with transmission operations. The authorized net

salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. There have been no retirements since 2016, but removal costs have continued from 2016-2024. Based on judgment, this study recommends a slight change by moving to negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G367 Mains (Negative 50 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to mains used in connection with transmission operations. The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 25 percent. The five- and 10-year moving averages show negative 226 and negative 336 percent respectively. Based on higher activity in recent years and judgement, the percentage net salvage for this account is increased to negative 50 percent.

Account G368 Compressor Station Equipment (Negative 35 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to compressor station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 10 percent. The 10-year moving average shows negative 151 percent. Since retirements in 2016 have been much smaller than removal cost from 2016-2024, we recommend only a movement in net salvage. Based on judgment and Company history, this study recommends moving to negative 35 percent net salvage limited by gradualism for this account.

Account G369 Measuring & Regulating Equipment (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to measuring and regulating station equipment used in connection with transmission operations. The authorized net salvage rate for this account is negative 5 percent. There has been no retirement since 2015, but removal costs have been experienced. Since the retirements are lagging the removal cost, this study recommends retention of the existing negative 5 net salvage parameter for this account.

Account G371 Other Equipment (0% percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to other equipment used in connection with transmission operations. The authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. There has not been any retirement or net salvage received in this account. Based on judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

GAS DISTRIBUTION PLANT

Account G375.0 Structures and Improvements (Negative 5 percent)

This account consists of any salvage and removal cost related to small structures and associated assets on the distribution system. The Commission has authorized a 0 percent net salvage rate for this account. There have been no retirements over the period from 2002-2024, with a small amount of removal cost. There is expected to be a small amount of removal cost when those assets are retired. Based on judgment, this study recommends moving to negative 5 percent net salvage.

Account G376 Mains (Negative 80 percent)

This account consists of any salvage and removal cost related to distribution mains. The Commission has authorized a negative 55 percent net salvage rate for this account. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show negative 644, negative 730, and negative 518 percent, respectively. To move in the direction of this trend, a higher (more negative) net salvage is recommended. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends moving to negative 80 percent net salvage, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent.

Account G376.6 Hydro Test Costs (0 percent)

This is an account that will be used as the Company complies with new regulations. PHMSA has issued new regulations effective July 1, 2024 (the Mega Rule) that will impact pipeline of vintage 1970 and older. Costs incurred to comply with the Mega Rule will be treated as a capital item. These costs will have no residual value, so 0 percent net salvage rate is recommended for this account.

Account G378.0 Measuring & Regulating Station Equipment (Negative 25 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to installed equipment used in regulating gas at entry points to the distribution system. The current authorized net salvage is negative 25 percent. Since 2012, there have been no retirements in this account with small amounts of removal cost in 2016-2024. Based on judgment, this study

recommends retention of negative 25 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G380 Services (Negative 95 percent)

This account includes any salvage and removal cost related to services used in distribution operations. The current authorized net salvage is negative 70 percent. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show negative 79, negative 97, and negative 164 percent respectively. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends moving to negative 95 percent net salvage for this account, consistent with the CPUC's gradualism precedent.

Account G381 Meters and Regulators (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of meters and regulators used in measuring gas to residential customers. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show 0 for all periods. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G381.01 Meters/Regulators- Modules (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of modules used on gas smart meters. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The three-year and five-year moving averages show 0 percent for both periods. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G382.00 Meter and Regulator Installations (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of domestic meter installations (excluding meters) and regulator installations. The current authorized net salvage is negative 30 percent. The three-year, five year, and 10 year moving averages show 0, negative 3, and negative 3 percent respectively. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends reducing the negative net

salvage to a negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G382.01 Meter Installations Modules (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of module installations for smart meters. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. Since these assets have not been in service long, there is little historical data to project from. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retaining 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G385 Measuring and Regulating Equipment (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with measuring and regulating station equipment such as regulators, electrical equipment, and other devices. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. Over the available history there has been no net salvage experience. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G387.11 Other Equipment (0 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with the cost of other miscellaneous equipment such as measurement systems, recording gauges, rectifiers, and other equipment. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. The 10-year moving average shows 0 percent. Based on judgment and Company experience, this study recommends retaining 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G387.12 CNG Equipment (Negative 5 percent)

This account includes gross salvage and cost of removal associated with cost of natural gas vehicle charging station and related equipment. The current authorized net salvage is 0 percent. There has been little retirement or net salvage received over the available history. It is estimated there will be a small amount of removal cost associated with these facilities as they are used. Based on judgment, this study recommends moving to negative 5 percent net salvage for this account.

GAS GENERAL PLANT

Account G394.1 Portable Tools (0 percent)

This account consists of any salvage and/or removal cost related to small tools used in shops and garages such as air compressors, grinders, and mixers. The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 for all periods. Based on recent experience and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G394.2 Shop Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of any salvage and/or removal cost related to various large items or tools used in shop and garages such as hoists and cranes. The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 percent for all periods. Based on recent experience and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G397.0 Communication Equipment (0 percent)

This account consists of any salvage and/or removal cost related to miscellaneous assets such as fiber optics, SCADA equipment, and various upgrades used in general utility service. The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. The three-year, five-year, and 10-year moving averages are 0 percent for each period. Based on recent experience and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

Account G398.0 Miscellaneous Equipment (0 percent)

This account includes any salvage and/or removal cost related to miscellaneous equipment. The current authorized net salvage rate for this account is 0 percent. No gross salvage or cost of removal has been received in this account over the available history. Based on historical activity and judgment, this study recommends retention of 0 percent net salvage for this account.

OTHER FERC ORDER 898 ACCOUNTS

In compliance with FERC Order 898, the following accounts were established but as of December 31, 2025, there are no plant or accumulated depreciation balances residing in these newly formed accounts. Other Renewable will be associated with Geothermal, Biomass, and Tide Swell projects that are anticipated in the future. There is no retirement history or net salvage activity to perform traditional depreciation analysis on for these newly formed accounts. However, SDG&E desired to establish accrual rates for these accounts to be applied to any project additions in future periods. Lives were established for these accounts based on company personnel input and judgement. Those lives were translated into whole life accrual rates. The new accounts, life estimates, and associated accrual rates are presented in the table below.

Other FERC 898 Accounts		
Description	Proposed Life (Yrs)	Annual Accrual %
Steam		
315.10-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
315.30-Communication Equipment	15	6.67%
Solar Production		
E338.20-Structures and Improvements	30	3.33%
E338.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU)	30	3.33%
E338.90-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
Other Production		
E345.10 – Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
E345.30 – Communication Equipment	15	6.67%
Other Renewable Plant		
E339.11-Communication Equipment	15	6.67%
E339.12-Misc Power Plant Equip	10	10.00%
E339.20-Structures and Improvements	30	3.33%
E339.30-Fuel Holders	20	5.00%
E339.40-Boilers	10	10.00%
E339.60-Generators	10	10.00%
E339.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip	25	4.00%
E339.90-Computer Hardware	5	20.00%
Other Renewable Plant		
E363.10 – Computer Hardware	5	20.00%

APPENDIX A
Depreciation Rate Calculations

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Description	Plant Balance	Depreciation Reserve	Net Salvage %	Future Net Salvage	Unrecovered Balance	Remaining Life	Annual Accrual \$	Annual Accrual %
<u>Production</u>								
<u>Palomar Steam</u>								
E311.00-Struct and Improv -Palomar Total	62,726,977.10	41,101,616.78	-3.98%	(2,494,489.87)	24,119,850.19	10.50	2,297,128.59	3.66%
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip -Palomar Total	107,787,958.16	74,121,254.55	-4.01%	(4,318,716.22)	37,985,419.83	10.50	3,617,659.03	3.36%
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-Palomar Total	116,370,301.57	73,591,848.51	-3.40%	(3,952,455.26)	46,730,908.32	10.50	4,450,562.70	3.82%
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -Palomar Total	37,842,872.62	23,603,784.12	-1.66%	(627,621.75)	14,866,710.25	10.50	1,415,877.17	3.74%
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq-Palomar Total	70,613,080.70	31,105,492.05	-0.30%	(213,782.49)	39,721,371.14	10.50	3,782,987.73	5.36%
Total Palomar Steam	395,341,190.15	243,523,996.01		(11,607,065.58)	163,424,259.72		15,564,215.21	3.94%
<u>Desert Star Energy Center</u>								
E311.00-Struct and Improv -DSEC Total	30,835,909.70	32,087,072.63	-15.42%	(4,754,706.46)	3,503,543.53	18.17	192,820.23	0.63%
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip-DSEC Total	59,879,097.39	57,697,794.99	-4.85%	(2,905,192.64)	5,086,495.04	18.17	279,939.19	0.47%
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-DSEC Total	21,720,904.33	19,215,048.00	-7.85%	(1,705,223.63)	4,211,079.96	18.17	231,760.04	1.07%
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -DSEC Total	50,267,039.65	48,012,506.15	-1.06%	(533,646.19)	2,788,179.69	18.17	153,449.63	0.31%
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -DSEC Total	10,686,056.83	5,892,397.34	-0.48%	(50,765.30)	4,844,424.79	18.17	266,616.66	2.49%
Total Desert Star Energy Center Steam	173,389,007.90	162,904,819.11		(9,949,534.21)	20,433,723.00		1,124,585.75	0.65%
<u>Computer Software - Steam</u>								
E315.20-Computer Software Total	7,979,827.07	3,834,240.00	0.00%	0.00	4,145,587.07	2.23	1,856,113.07	23.26%
E315.21-Computer Software (2 Yr)								50.00%
E315.22-Computer Software (3 Yr)								33.33%
E315.23-Computer Software (4 Yr)								25.00%
E315.24-Computer Software (10 Yr)								10.00%
Total Computer Software - Steam	7,979,827.07	3,834,240.00		-	4,145,587.07		1,856,113.07	23.26%
Total Steam Production	576,710,025.12	410,263,055.12		(21,556,599.79)	188,003,569.79		18,544,914.02	3.22%
<u>Palomar Energy Center Other Production</u>								
E341.00-Struct and Improv -Palomar Total	17,211,442.23	9,394,231.48	-5.57%	(958,032.86)	8,775,243.61	10.50	835,737.49	4.86%
E342.00-Fuel Holders P & A-Palomar Total	14,913,880.46	9,348,477.49	-3.50%	(521,776.29)	6,087,179.26	10.50	579,731.36	3.89%
E344.00-Generators-Palomar Total	161,280,473.40	71,024,886.37	-1.62%	(2,609,399.51)	92,864,986.54	10.50	8,844,284.43	5.48%
E345.00-Access Elect Eq-Palomar Total	6,904,240.14	4,194,769.40	-7.34%	(506,628.94)	3,216,099.68	10.50	306,295.21	4.44%
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -Palomar Total	25,408,848.79	10,832,481.49	0.00%	0.00	14,576,367.30	10.50	1,388,225.46	5.46%
Total Palomar Energy Center Other Production	225,718,885.02	104,794,846.23		(4,595,837.61)	125,519,876.40		11,954,273.94	5.30%
<u>Miramar Energy Facility Other Production</u>								
E341.00-Struct and Improv -Miramar Total	5,143,062.60	3,841,685.24	-9.58%	(492,821.93)	1,794,199.29	6.50	276,030.66	5.37%
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -Miramar Total	5,232,870.11	3,848,209.28	-6.14%	(321,449.68)	1,706,110.51	6.50	262,478.54	5.02%
E343.00-Prime Movers-Miramar Total	58,534,015.42	38,887,248.61	0.00%	0.00	19,646,766.81	6.50	3,022,579.51	5.16%
E344.00-Generators-Miramar Total	19,735,850.40	13,867,625.72	-6.10%	(1,204,476.21)	7,072,700.89	6.50	1,088,107.83	5.51%
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -Miramar Total	14,497,954.58	9,890,805.96	-4.50%	(652,476.01)	5,259,624.63	6.50	809,173.02	5.58%
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -Miramar Total	7,536,589.93	6,171,661.41	0.00%	0.00	1,364,928.52	6.50	209,989.00	2.79%
Total Miramar Energy Facility Other Production	110,680,343.04	76,507,236.22		(2,671,223.83)	36,844,330.65		5,668,358.56	5.12%
<u>Desert Star Energy Center Other Production</u>								
E341.00-Struct and Improv -DSEC Total	2,526,016.66	3,477,602.25	-146.37%	(3,697,342.95)	2,745,757.36	18.17	151,114.88	5.98%

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Description	Plant Balance	Depreciation Reserve	Net Salvage %	Future Net Salvage	Unrecovered Balance	Remaining Life	Annual Accrual \$	Annual Accrual %
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -DSEC Total	877,751.57	999,801.68	-2.07%	(18,210.55)	(103,839.56)	18.17	0.00	0.00%
E343.00-Prime Movers-DSEC Total	25,542,489.70	23,523,537.61	0.00%	0.00	2,018,952.09	18.17	111,114.59	0.44%
E344.00-Generators-DSEC Total	113,932,134.40	107,845,154.19	-1.12%	(1,272,170.91)	7,359,151.12	18.17	405,016.57	0.36%
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -DSEC Total	10,214,650.23	8,682,513.31	-3.41%	(348,259.49)	1,880,396.41	18.17	103,489.07	1.01%
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -DSEC Total	22,306,830.30	21,493,955.72	0.00%	0.00	812,874.58	18.17	44,737.18	0.20%
Total Desert Star Energy Center Other Production	175,399,872.86	166,022,564.76		(5,335,983.90)	14,713,292.00		815,472.29	0.46%
<u>Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant Other Production</u>								
E341.00-Struct and Improv -CPEP Total	1,901,809.23	1,958,937.58	-36.37%	(691,665.14)	634,536.79	1.50	423,024.53	22.24%
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -CPEP Total	627,011.61	586,634.19	-16.74%	(104,987.78)	145,365.20	1.50	96,910.13	15.46%
E343.00-Prime Movers-CPEP Total	17,835,172.91	14,816,894.34	0.00%	0.00	3,018,278.57	1.50	2,012,185.71	11.28%
E344.00-Generators-CPEP Total	6,611,109.90	5,467,051.80	-7.60%	(502,226.90)	1,646,285.00	1.50	1,097,523.34	16.60%
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -CPEP Total	1,298,619.14	849,046.18	-30.80%	(399,975.53)	849,548.49	1.50	566,365.66	43.61%
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -CPEP Total	5,210,104.79	5,096,465.85	0.00%	0.00	113,638.94	1.50	75,759.29	1.45%
Total Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant Other Production	33,483,827.58	28,775,029.94		(1,698,855.35)	6,407,652.99		4,271,768.66	12.76%
Total Other Production	545,282,928.50	376,099,677.15		(14,301,900.68)	183,485,152.03		22,709,873.46	4.16%
<u>Solar / Other</u>								
E338.11-Communication Equipment Total	692,608.58	415,984.19	-25.00%	(173,152.15)	449,776.54	1.35	332,096.00	47.95%
E338.12-Misc Power Plant Equip Total	1,032,971.42	535,735.36	-21.57%	(222,778.00)	720,014.06	11.24	64,074.02	6.20%
E338.40-Solar PanelsTotal	73,791,385.36	25,635,520.07	-21.57%	(15,914,366.00)	64,070,231.29	15.99	4,007,242.10	5.43%
E338.50-Collector System Total	162,767.62	46,299.25	-21.57%	(35,104.00)	151,572.37	17.50	8,661.28	5.32%
E338.70-InvertersTotal	4,346,998.99	2,564,145.89	-21.57%	(937,504.00)	2,720,357.10	1.00	2,720,357.10	62.58%
E338.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip Total	2,242,963.06	1,415,686.90	-21.57%	(483,733.00)	1,311,009.16	8.54	153,500.06	6.84%
E344.20-Generators - Other Total	7,581,014.90	3,912,322.43	0.00%	0.00	3,668,692.47	13.22	277,558.36	3.66%
Total Renewable/Other	89,850,709.93	34,525,694.09		(17,766,637.15)	73,091,652.99		7,563,488.93	8.42%
Total Production	1,211,843,663.55	820,888,426.36		(53,625,137.61)	444,580,374.81		48,818,276.41	4.03%
<u>Electric Distribution</u>								
E361.00-Struct. and Improv. Total	21,162,526.88	5,158,076.63	-150.00%	(31,743,790.32)	47,748,240.57	54.71	872,704.47	4.12%
E362.10-Station Equip.-Other Total	768,878,309.28	407,491,864.86	-125.00%	(961,097,886.60)	1,322,484,331.02	44.42	29,773,237.72	3.87%
E363.20-Computer Software Total	227,370,629.10	121,479,154.20	0.00%	0.00	105,891,474.90	2.28	46,401,683.61	20.41%
E363.21-Computer Software (2 Yr)								50.00%
E363.22-Computer Software (3 Yr)								33.33%
E363.23-Computer Software (4 Yr)								25.00%
E363.24-Computer Software (10 Yr)								10.00%
E363.30-Communication Equipment Total	172,972,430.71	44,350,020.13	-25.00%	(43,243,107.68)	171,865,518.25	9.53	18,034,563.78	10.43%
E364.00-Poles, Towers & Fxtr Total	1,451,799,300.87	320,022,806.91	-90.00%	(1,306,619,370.78)	2,438,395,864.73	39.12	62,331,267.26	4.29%
E365.00-Overhead Cond & Dev Total	1,691,043,673.37	318,032,964.41	-90.00%	(1,521,939,306.03)	2,894,950,014.99	48.86	59,245,913.15	3.50%
E366.00-Underground Conduit Total	2,332,985,720.52	781,081,779.96	-75.00%	(1,749,739,290.39)	3,301,643,230.95	49.68	66,452,987.47	2.85%
E367.00-Undergrnd Cond & Dev Total	2,608,419,479.75	1,202,430,231.68	-75.00%	(1,956,314,609.81)	3,362,303,857.89	46.78	71,881,610.95	2.76%
E368.10-Line Transformers Total	1,096,206,410.93	426,432,130.85	-95.00%	(1,041,396,090.39)	1,711,170,370.47	28.70	59,627,992.95	5.44%
E368.20-Capacitors Total	50,374,143.61	34,708,171.57	-60.00%	(30,224,486.17)	45,890,458.21	8.11	5,658,896.98	11.23%
E369.10-Services Overhead Total	489,548,379.64	114,967,783.97	-135.00%	(660,890,312.52)	1,035,470,908.18	53.88	19,218,074.11	3.93%
E369.20-Services Underground Total	557,650,137.80	324,619,787.64	-100.00%	(557,650,137.80)	790,680,487.96	45.28	17,460,601.46	3.13%

All dollars in the RO model are stated in thousands of dollars, therefore there may be slight variations in the resulting accrual rate between Appendix A and the RO model,

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Description	Plant Balance	Depreciation Reserve	Net Salvage %	Future Net Salvage	Unrecovered Balance	Remaining Life	Annual Accrual \$	Annual Accrual %
E370.10-Meters Total	12,807,862.38	1,612,829.17	0.00%	0.00	11,195,033.21	14.33	781,237.07	6.10%
E370.11-Meters - Electronic Total	224,388,730.90	185,356,333.36	0.00%	0.00	39,032,397.54	2.94	13,297,892.50	5.93%
E370.20-Meter Installations Total	18,114,505.48	1,570,269.32	0.00%	0.00	16,544,236.16	14.83	1,115,388.93	6.16%
E370.21-Meter Instllns-Elctr Total	88,827,131.96	58,694,578.91	0.00%	0.00	30,132,553.05	5.30	5,680,549.04	6.40%
E371.00-Installns -Cust Prem Total	14,533,214.20	12,216,814.19	-115.00%	(16,713,196.33)	19,029,596.34	23.85	797,966.08	5.49%
E371.10 EV Charging Units Total	55,931,272.84	33,016,771.58	-32.89%	(18,397,624.31)	41,312,125.57	4.33	9,540,622.65	17.06%
E373.20-St. Lghtg & Sgnl Sys Total	43,205,906.08	28,532,669.38	-110.00%	(47,526,496.68)	62,199,733.37	26.78	2,322,847.22	5.38%
Total Electric Distribution	11,926,219,766.30	4,421,775,038.73		(9,943,495,705.80)	17,447,940,433.37		490,496,037.40	4.11%
<u>Energy Storage Equipment</u>								
E387.10-Communication Equipment Total	1,396,739.52	7,367.70	-25.00%	(349,184.88)	1,738,556.70	14.50	119,900.46	8.58%
E387.11-Misc Energy Storage Equip Total	828,192.52	6,218.28	0.00%	0.00	821,974.24	14.50	56,687.88	6.84%
E387.20-Structures and Improvements Total	40,845,967.22	306,682.12	0.00%	0.00	40,539,285.10	29.50	1,374,213.05	3.36%
E387.30-Energy Storage Equipment Total	998,873,311.71	299,069,882.54	-4.19%	(41,887,998.62)	741,691,427.79	11.92	62,209,716.71	6.23%
E387.50-Collector System Total	26,075,859.07	195,784.31	0.00%	0.00	25,880,074.76	6.50	3,981,549.96	15.27%
E387.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU) Total	8,702,110.51	36,802.68	0.00%	0.00	8,665,307.83	29.50	293,739.25	3.38%
E387.70-Inverters Total	8,504,938.62	63,857.28	0.00%	0.00	8,441,081.34	9.50	888,534.88	10.45%
E387.80-Computer Hardware Total	659,829.30	7,158.54	0.00%	0.00	652,670.76	4.50	145,037.95	21.98%
Total Energy Storage Equipment	1,085,886,948.47	299,693,753.45		(42,237,183.50)	828,430,378.52		69,069,380.14	6.36%
<u>Electric General</u>								
E390.00-Struct. and Improv. Total	45,330,343.57	34,148,949.86	-5.00%	(2,266,517.18)	13,447,910.89	21.09	637,514.01	1.41%
E392.20-Transprt Eq-Trailer Total	58,145.67	36,278.01	0.00%	0.00	21,867.66	8.30	2,634.86	4.53%
E393.10-Stores Equip.-Other Total	46,031.37	13,771.05	0.00%	0.00	32,260.32	17.50	1,843.45	4.00%
E394.11-Portable Tools-Other Total	44,640,843.10	18,152,759.83	0.00%	0.00	26,488,083.27	4.07	6,501,984.88	14.57%
E394.20-Shop Equipment Total	30,644.48	5,603.67	0.00%	0.00	25,040.81	5.77	4,342.18	14.17%
E395.10-Laboratory Eq.-Other Total	5,635,597.52	2,719,377.76	0.00%	0.00	2,916,219.76	1.00	2,916,219.76	51.75%
E397.10- Computer Hardware - Total	2,610,473.08	66,524.43	0.00%	0.00	2,543,948.65	4.50	565,374.52	21.66%
E397.20-Computer Software Total	51,155,284.03	12,266,796.18	0.00%	0.00	38,888,487.85	3.81	10,219,138.31	19.98%
E397.21-Computer Software (2 Yr)								50.00%
E397.22-Computer Software (3 Yr)								33.33%
E397.23-Computer Software (4 Yr)								25.00%
E397.24-Computer Software (10 Yr)								10.00%
E397.30-Communication Equipment Total	161,775,739.66	108,811,452.83	-25.00%	(40,443,934.91)	93,408,221.74	2.44	38,284,251.98	23.67%
E398.10-Misc. Equip. - Other Total	1,814,624.35	1,205,180.75	0.00%	0.00	609,443.60	4.89	124,591.56	6.87%
Total Electric General	313,097,726.83	177,426,694.37		(42,710,452.09)	178,381,484.55		59,257,895.50	18.93%
Total Electric	14,537,048,105.15	5,719,783,912.91		(10,082,068,479.01)	18,899,332,671.24		667,641,589.45	4.59%
<u>Common General</u>								
C390.10-Struct & Imprv-Other Total	714,361,178.91	266,111,399.22	-10.00%	(71,436,117.89)	519,685,897.58	39.16	13,269,416.41	1.86%
C391.10-Offc Furn & Eq-Other Total	49,023,159.56	21,730,440.41	0.00%	0.00	27,292,719.15	9.86	2,766,815.00	5.64%
C391.20-Offc Furn & Eq-Cmptr Total	126,072,843.64	92,633,985.15	0.00%	0.00	33,438,858.49	1.51	22,158,962.15	17.58%
C392.10 - Trans Eq - Autos Total	765,306.97	487,141.86	0.00%	0.00	278,165.11	3.74	74,381.64	9.72%
C392.20-Transprt Eq-Trailer Total	107,977.72	39,204.68	0.00%	0.00	68,773.04	10.50	6,549.81	6.07%
C392.30-Transprt Eq-Aviation Total	30,992,258.70	14,079,315.33	10.00%	3,099,225.87	13,813,717.50	35.53	388,798.08	1.25%
C393.10-Stores Equip-Other Total	332,982.68	133,668.97	0.00%	0.00	199,313.71	16.29	12,232.24	3.67%

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Description	Plant Balance	Depreciation Reserve	Net Salvage %	Future Net Salvage	Unrecovered Balance	Remaining Life	Annual Accrual \$	Annual Accrual %
C394.11-Portable Tools-Other Total	1,503,266.67	916,385.90	0.00%	0.00	586,880.77	1.00	586,880.77	39.04%
C394.21-Shop Equip - Other Total	136,283.14	101,406.66	0.00%	0.00	34,876.48	1.00	34,876.48	25.59%
C394.31-Garage Equip -Other Total	1,801,884.51	610,351.59	0.00%	0.00	1,191,532.92	10.12	117,698.27	6.53%
C395.10-Laboratory Eq -Other Total	2,364,268.32	1,207,386.66	0.00%	0.00	1,156,881.66	4.80	240,986.17	10.19%
C397.30-Communication Equipment Total	571,358,121.66	239,265,833.80	0.00%	0.00	332,092,287.85	9.64	34,448,229.43	6.03%
C398.10-Misc Equip - Other Total	3,407,907.11	1,349,167.73	0.00%	0.00	2,058,739.38	7.66	268,611.80	7.88%
Total Common General	1,502,227,439.59	638,665,687.96		(68,336,892.02)	931,898,643.64		74,374,438.25	4.95%
Total Common	1,502,227,439.59	638,665,687.96		(68,336,892.02)	931,898,643.64		74,374,438.25	4.95%
Gas Storage								
G363.60-LNG Distrib Storg Eq Total	2,168,803.11	1,842,418.15	-5.00%	(108,440.16)	434,825.12	4.45	97,614.99	4.50%
Total Gas Storage	2,168,803.11	1,842,418.15		(108,440.16)	434,825.12		97,614.99	4.50%
Gas Transmission								
G366.00-Struct and Land Imp. Total	23,700,957.35	14,324,362.34	-5.00%	(1,185,047.87)	10,561,642.88	17.36	608,345.52	2.57%
G367.00-Mains Total	986,704,207.63	184,832,276.84	-50.00%	(493,352,103.82)	1,295,224,034.61	52.25	24,788,639.02	2.51%
G368.00-Compressor Statn Eq Total	147,605,535.87	89,416,773.40	-35.00%	(51,661,937.55)	109,850,700.02	20.08	5,470,357.41	3.71%
G369.00-Meas & Reg Statn Eq Total	31,267,146.60	22,230,056.30	-5.00%	(1,563,357.33)	10,600,447.63	17.61	601,996.99	1.93%
G371.00-Other Equipment Total	3,472,651.30	811,838.89	0.00%	0.00	2,660,812.41	25.42	104,687.00	3.01%
Total Gas Transmission	1,192,750,498.75	311,615,307.77		(547,762,446.57)	1,428,897,637.55		31,574,025.93	2.65%
Gas Distribution								
G375.00-Struct & Imp Total	43,446.91	61,253.10	-5.00%	(2,172.35)	(15,633.84)	4.98	0.00	0.00%
G376.00-Mains Total	1,949,497,150.84	571,839,511.54	-80.00%	(1,559,597,720.67)	2,937,255,359.97	56.09	52,364,866.57	2.69%
G376.60-GTSR Hydro Test Costs Total	55,117,145.52	1,050,216.83	0.00%	0.00	54,066,928.69	55.50	974,178.90	1.77%
G378.00-Meas & Reg Statn Eq Total	21,001,853.36	12,028,912.05	-25.00%	(5,250,463.34)	14,223,404.65	30.71	463,143.68	2.21%
G380.00-Services Total	861,400,418.02	361,106,701.21	-95.00%	(818,330,397.12)	1,318,624,113.93	53.74	24,535,754.07	2.85%
G381.00-Meters & Regulators Total	106,014,231.71	40,429,305.33	0.00%	0.00	65,584,926.38	27.71	2,367,222.15	2.23%
G381.01-Meters-Regs-Modules Total	122,086,188.49	77,269,131.79	0.00%	0.00	44,817,056.70	5.47	8,185,801.78	6.70%
G382.00-Meter & Reg Instlns Total	163,892,872.57	51,335,051.92	-5.00%	(8,194,643.63)	120,752,464.28	32.73	3,689,699.66	2.25%
G382.01-Mtr-Reg-Mod Install Total	27,555,260.95	26,481,113.30	0.00%	0.00	1,074,147.65	1.10	978,281.38	3.55%
G385.00-Ind Meas & Reg St Eq Total	1,516,810.70	1,449,317.75	0.00%	0.00	67,492.95	3.36	20,072.76	1.32%
G387.11-Other Equipment Total	993,722.26	921,102.32	0.00%	0.00	72,619.94	7.40	9,809.74	0.99%
G387.12-Other EQ -CNG Deprec Total	8,910,372.92	5,304,333.18	-5.00%	(445,518.65)	4,051,558.39	13.32	304,247.93	3.41%
Total Gas Distribution	3,318,029,474.25	1,149,275,950.32		(2,391,820,915.75)	4,560,574,439.68		93,893,078.63	2.83%
Gas General								
G394.10-Portable Tools Total	28,704,417.51	8,328,162.81	0.00%	0.00	20,376,254.70	5.33	3,820,131.50	13.31%
G394.20-Shop Equipment Total	18,459.73	(5,503.55)	0.00%	0.00	23,963.28	2.50	9,585.31	51.93%
G397.00-Communication Equip. Total	2,391,880.68	1,753,324.00	0.00%	0.00	638,556.68	3.92	162,848.13	6.81%
G398.00-Misc. Equipment Total	1,160,607.66	302,773.16	0.00%	0.00	857,834.50	9.51	90,212.61	7.77%
Total Gas General	32,275,365.58	10,378,756.42		-	21,896,609.16		4,082,777.55	12.65%
Total Gas	4,545,224,141.69	1,473,112,432.66		(2,939,691,802.47)	6,011,803,511.50		129,647,497.09	2.85%
Intangible Plant								

All dollars in the RO model are stated in thousands of dollars, therefore there may be slight variations in the resulting accrual rate between Appendix A and the RO model,

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPUTATION OF PROPOSED DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Description	Plant Balance	Depreciation Reserve	Net Salvage %	Future Net Salvage	Unrecovered Balance	Remaining Life	Annual Accrual \$	Annual Accrual %
E303-Misc Intangible Plant Total	-	-	0.00%	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00%
Total Intangible Plant	-	-						
Total SDGE	20,584,499,686.42	7,831,562,033.54		(13,090,097,173.50)	25,843,034,826.39		871,663,524.79	4.23%
<u>New FERC 898 Accounts</u>								
<u>Steam</u>								
E315.10-Computer Hardware								20.00%
E315.30-Communication Equipment								6.67%
<u>Other Production</u>								
E345.10-Computer Hardware								20.00%
E345.30-Communication Equipment								6.67%
<u>Solar Production</u>								
E338.20-Structures and Improvements								3.33%
E338.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU)								3.33%
E338.90-Computer Hardware								20.00%
<u>Other Renewable Plant</u>								
E339.11-Communication Equipment								6.67%
E339.12-Misc Power Plant Equip								10.00%
E339.20-Structures and Improvements								3.33%
E339.30-Fuel Holders								5.00%
E339.40-Boilers								10.00%
E339.60-Generators								10.00%
E339.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip								4.00%
E339.90-Computer Hardware								20.00%
<u>Distribution</u>								
E363.10-Computer Hardware								20.00%

APPENDIX B
Depreciation Expense Comparison

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
COMPARISON OF DEPRECIATION ACCRUAL RATES
AT DECEMBER 31, 2025**

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
<u>Production</u>						
<u>Palomar Steam</u>						
E311.00-Struct and Improv -Palomar Total	62,726,977	3.85%	2,414,989	3.66%	2,297,129	(117,860)
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip -Palomar Total	107,787,958	3.37%	3,632,454	3.36%	3,617,659	(14,795)
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-Palomar Total	116,370,302	3.63%	4,224,242	3.82%	4,450,563	226,321
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -Palomar Total	37,842,873	3.66%	1,385,049	3.74%	1,415,877	30,828
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq-Palomar Total	70,613,081	5.35%	3,777,800	5.36%	3,782,988	5,188
Total Palomar Steam	395,341,190		15,434,534		15,564,215	129,682
<u>Desert Star Energy Center</u>						
E311.00-Struct and Improv -DSEC Total	30,835,910	3.26%	1,005,251	0.63%	192,820	(812,430)
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip-DSEC Total	59,879,097	3.96%	2,371,212	0.47%	279,939	(2,091,273)
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-DSEC Total	21,720,904	11.01%	2,391,472	1.07%	231,760	(2,159,712)
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -DSEC Total	50,267,040	2.49%	1,251,649	0.31%	153,450	(1,098,200)
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -DSEC Total	10,686,057	22.78%	2,434,284	2.49%	266,617	(2,167,667)
Total Desert Star Energy Center Steam	173,389,008		9,453,868		1,124,586	(8,329,282)
<u>Computer Software - Steam</u>						
E315.20-Computer Software Total	7,979,827	20.00%	1,595,965	23.26%	1,856,113	260,148
Total Computer Software - Steam	7,979,827		1,595,965		1,856,113	260,148
Total Steam Production	576,710,025		26,484,367		18,544,914	(7,939,453)
<u>Palomar Energy Center Other Production</u>						
E341.00-Struct and Improv -Palomar Total	17,211,442	4.64%	798,611	4.86%	835,737	37,127
E342.00-Fuel Holders P & A-Palomar Total	14,913,880	3.70%	551,814	3.89%	579,731	27,918
E344.00-Generators-Palomar Total	161,280,473	5.39%	8,693,018	5.48%	8,844,284	151,267
E345.00-Access Elect Eq-Palomar Total	6,904,240	3.45%	238,196	4.44%	306,295	68,099
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -Palomar Total	25,408,849	5.03%	1,278,065	5.46%	1,388,225	110,160
Palomar Energy Center Other Production	225,718,885		11,559,703		11,954,274	394,571

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
<u>Miramar Energy Facility Other Production</u>						
E341.00-Struct and Improv -Miramar Total	5,143,063	4.94%	254,067	5.37%	276,031	21,963
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -Miramar Total	5,232,870	4.53%	237,049	5.02%	262,479	25,430
E343.00-Prime Movers-Miramar Total	58,534,015	5.16%	3,020,355	5.16%	3,022,580	2,224
E344.00-Generators-Miramar Total	19,735,850	4.98%	982,845	5.51%	1,088,108	105,262
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -Miramar Total	14,497,955	5.06%	733,597	5.58%	809,173	75,577
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -Miramar Total	7,536,590	1.89%	142,442	2.79%	209,989	67,547
Miramar Energy Facility Other Production	110,680,343		5,370,355		5,668,359	298,004
<u>Desert Star Energy Center Other Production</u>						
E341.00-Struct and Improv -DSEC Total	2,526,017	7.22%	182,378	5.98%	151,115	(31,264)
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -DSEC Total	877,752	5.12%	44,941	0.00%	0	(44,941)
E343.00-Prime Movers-DSEC Total	25,542,490	4.49%	1,146,858	0.44%	111,115	(1,035,743)
E344.00-Generators-DSEC Total	113,932,134	2.88%	3,281,245	0.36%	405,017	(2,876,229)
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -DSEC Total	10,214,650	5.14%	525,033	1.01%	103,489	(421,544)
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -DSEC Total	22,306,830	2.48%	553,209	0.20%	44,737	(508,472)
Desert Star Energy Center Other Production	175,399,873		5,733,665		815,472	(4,918,193)
<u>Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant Other Production</u>						
E341.00-Struct and Improv -CPEP Total	1,901,809	9.63%	183,144	22.24%	423,025	239,880
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -CPEP Total	627,012	7.63%	47,841	15.46%	96,910	49,069
E343.00-Prime Movers-CPEP Total	17,835,173	11.28%	2,011,808	11.28%	2,012,186	378
E344.00-Generators-CPEP Total	6,611,110	17.58%	1,162,233	16.60%	1,097,523	(64,710)
E345.00-Access Elect Eq -CPEP Total	1,298,619	32.73%	425,038	43.61%	566,366	141,328
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -CPEP Total	5,210,105	15.09%	786,205	1.45%	75,759	(710,446)
Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant Other Production	33,483,828		4,616,269		4,271,769	(344,500)
Total Other Production	545,282,929		27,279,992		22,709,873	(4,570,118)
<u>Solar / Other</u>						
E338.11-Communication Equipment Total	692,609	5.21%	36,085	47.95%	332,096	296,011
E338.12-Misc Power Plant Equip Total	1,032,971	4.10%	42,352	6.20%	64,074	21,722
E338.40-Solar Panels Total	73,791,385	3.99%	2,944,276	5.43%	4,007,242	1,062,966

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
E338.50-Collector System Total	162,768	4.02%	6,543	5.32%	8,661	2,118
E338.70-InvertersTotal	4,346,999	4.18%	181,705	62.58%	2,720,357	2,538,653
E338.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip Total	2,242,963	4.17%	93,532	6.84%	153,500	59,969
E344.20-Generators - Other Total	7,581,015	4.85%	367,679	3.66%	277,558	(90,121)
Total Solar/Other	89,850,710		3,672,172		7,563,489	0
Total Production	1,211,843,664		57,436,530		48,818,276	(8,618,254)

Electric Distribution

E361.00-Struct. and Improv. Total	21,162,527	3.64%	770,316	4.12%	872,704	102,388
E362.10-Station Equip.-Other Total	768,878,309	4.45%	34,215,085	3.87%	29,773,238	(4,441,847)
E363.20-Computer Software Total	227,370,629	20.00%	45,474,126	20.41%	46,401,684	927,558
E363.30-Communication Equipment Total	172,972,431	4.93%	8,527,541	10.43%	18,034,564	9,507,023
E364.00-Poles, Towers & Fxtr Total	1,451,799,301	4.37%	63,443,629	4.29%	62,331,267	(1,112,362)
E365.00-Overhead Cond & Dev Total	1,691,043,673	3.08%	52,084,145	3.50%	59,245,913	7,161,768
E366.00-Underground Conduit Total	2,332,985,721	2.66%	62,057,420	2.85%	66,452,987	4,395,567
E367.00-Undergrnd Cond & Dev Total	2,608,419,480	3.73%	97,294,047	2.76%	71,881,611	(25,412,436)
E368.10-Line Transformers Total	1,096,206,411	4.89%	53,604,493	5.44%	59,627,993	6,023,499
E368.20-Capacitors Total	50,374,144	12.47%	6,281,656	11.23%	5,658,897	(622,759)
E369.10-Services Overhead Total	489,548,380	3.80%	18,602,838	3.93%	19,218,074	615,236
E369.20-Services Underground Total	557,650,138	3.25%	18,123,629	3.13%	17,460,601	(663,028)
E370.10-Meters Total	12,807,862	2.01%	257,438	6.10%	781,237	523,799
E370.11-Meters - Electronic Total	224,388,731	5.93%	13,306,252	5.93%	13,297,893	(8,359)
E370.20-Meter Installations Total	18,114,505	2.06%	373,159	6.16%	1,115,389	742,230
E370.21-Meter Instllns-Elctr Total	88,827,132	6.40%	5,684,936	6.40%	5,680,549	(4,387)
E371.00-Installns -Cust Prem Total	14,533,214	4.44%	645,275	5.49%	797,966	152,691
E371.10 EV Charging Units Total	55,931,273	9.44%	5,279,912	17.06%	9,540,623	4,260,710
E373.20-St. Lghtg & Sgnl Sys Total	43,205,906	4.44%	1,918,342	5.38%	2,322,847	404,505
Total Electric Distribution	11,926,219,766		487,944,240		490,496,037	2,551,797

Energy Storage Equipment

E387.10-Communication Equipment Total	1,396,740	5.06%	70,675	8.58%	119,900	49,225
E387.11-Misc Energy Storage Equip Total	828,193	10.45%	86,546	6.84%	56,688	(29,858)
E387.20-Structures and Improvements Tot:	40,845,967	10.45%	4,268,404	3.36%	1,374,213	(2,894,191)

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
E387.30-Energy Storage Equipment Total	998,873,312	10.07%	100,586,542	6.23%	62,209,717	(38,376,826)
E387.50-Collector System Total	26,075,859	10.45%	2,724,927	15.27%	3,981,550	1,256,623
E387.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU) Total	8,702,111	10.48%	911,981	3.38%	293,739	(618,242)
E387.70-Inverters Total	8,504,939	10.45%	888,766	10.45%	888,535	(231)
E387.80-Computer Hardware Total	659,829	21.98%	145,030	21.98%	145,038	7
Total Energy Storage Equipment	1,085,886,948		109,682,872		69,069,380	(40,613,492)

Electric General

E390.00-Struct. and Improv. Total	45,330,344	2.44%	1,106,060	1.41%	637,514	(468,546)
E392.20-Transprt Eq-Trailer Total	58,146	4.11%	2,390	4.53%	2,635	245
E393.10-Stores Equip.-Other Total	46,031	4.00%	1,841	4.00%	1,843	2
E394.11-Portable Tools-Other Total	44,640,843	3.32%	1,482,076	14.57%	6,501,985	5,019,909
E394.20-Shop Equipment Total	30,644	9.48%	2,905	14.17%	4,342	1,437
E395.10-Laboratory Eq.-Other Total	5,635,598	4.34%	244,585	51.75%	2,916,220	2,671,635
E397.10- Computer Hardware - Total	2,610,473	22.02%	574,826	21.66%	565,375	(9,452)
E397.20-Computer Software Total	51,155,284	20.00%	10,231,057	19.98%	10,219,138	(11,918)
E397.30-Communication Equipment Total	161,775,740	4.66%	7,538,749	23.67%	38,284,252	30,745,503
E398.10-Misc. Equip. - Other Total	1,814,624	5.79%	105,067	6.87%	124,592	19,525
Total Electric General	313,097,727		21,289,557		59,257,896	37,968,339
Total Electric	14,537,048,105		676,353,199		667,641,589	0
						(8,711,610)

Common General

C390.10-Struct & Imprv-Other Total	714,361,179	3.59%	25,645,566	1.86%	13,269,416	(12,376,150)
C391.10-Offc Furn & Eq-Other Total	49,023,160	5.60%	2,745,297	5.64%	2,766,815	21,518
C391.20-Offc Furn & Eq-Cmptr Total	126,072,844	17.11%	21,571,064	17.58%	22,158,962	587,899
C392.10 - Trans Eq - Autos Total	765,307	9.72%	74,388	9.72%	74,382	(6)
C392.20-Transprt Eq-Trailer Total	107,978	4.24%	4,578	6.07%	6,550	1,972
C392.30-Transprt Eq-Aviation Total	30,992,259	9.87%	3,058,936	1.25%	388,798	(2,670,138)
C393.10-Stores Equip-Other Total	332,983	4.15%	13,819	3.67%	12,232	(1,587)
C394.11-Portable Tools-Other Total	1,503,267	3.72%	55,922	39.04%	586,881	530,959
C394.21-Shop Equip - Other Total	136,283	1.51%	2,058	25.59%	34,876	32,819
C394.31-Garage Equip -Other Total	1,801,885	6.04%	108,834	6.53%	117,698	8,864
C395.10-Laboratory Eq -Other Total	2,364,268	4.02%	95,044	10.19%	240,986	145,943

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
C397.30-Communication Equipment Total	571,358,122	7.53%	43,023,267	6.03%	34,448,229	(8,575,037)
C398.10-Misc Equip - Other Total	3,407,907	5.86%	199,703	7.88%	268,612	68,908
Total Common General	1,502,227,440	6.43%	96,598,474	4.95%	74,374,438	(22,224,036)
Total Common	1,502,227,440		96,598,474		74,374,438	(22,224,036)

Gas Storage

G363.60-LNG Distrib Storg Eq Total	2,168,803	3.38%	73,306	4.50%	97,615	24,309
Total Gas Storage	2,168,803		73,306		97,615	24,309

Gas Transmission

G366.00-Struct and Land Imp. Total	23,700,957	2.20%	521,421	2.57%	608,346	86,924
G367.00-Mains Total	986,704,208	2.84%	28,022,399	2.51%	24,788,639	(3,233,760)
G368.00-Compressor Statn Eq Total	147,605,536	2.46%	3,631,096	3.71%	5,470,357	1,839,261
G369.00-Meas & Reg Statn Eq Total	31,267,147	2.37%	741,031	1.93%	601,997	(139,034)
G371.00-Other Equipment Total	3,472,651	3.72%	129,183	3.01%	104,687	(24,496)
Total Gas Transmission	1,192,750,499		33,045,131		31,574,026	(1,471,105)

Gas Distribution

G375.00-Struct & Imp Total	43,447	0.00%	0	0.00%	0	0
G376.00-Mains Total	1,949,497,151	2.24%	43,668,736	2.69%	52,364,867	8,696,130
G376.60-GTSR Hydro Test Costs Total	55,117,146	5.95%	3,279,470	1.77%	974,179	(2,305,291)
G378.00-Meas & Reg Statn Eq Total	21,001,853	2.23%	468,341	2.21%	463,144	(5,198)
G380.00-Services Total	861,400,418	2.39%	20,587,470	2.85%	24,535,754	3,948,284
G381.00-Meters & Regulators Total	106,014,232	2.23%	2,364,117	2.23%	2,367,222	3,105
G381.01-Meters-Regs-Modules Total	122,086,188	6.70%	8,179,775	6.70%	8,185,802	6,027
G382.00-Meter & Reg Instllns Total	163,892,873	3.71%	6,080,426	2.25%	3,689,700	(2,390,726)
G382.01-Mtr-Reg-Mod Install Total	27,555,261	3.55%	978,212	3.55%	978,281	70
G385.00-Ind Meas & Reg St Eq Total	1,516,811	1.34%	20,325	1.32%	20,073	(253)
G387.11-Other Equipment Total	993,722	0.89%	8,844	0.99%	9,810	966
G387.12-Other EQ -CNG Deprec Total	8,910,373	3.26%	290,478	3.41%	304,248	13,770
Total Gas Distribution	3,318,029,474		85,926,195		93,893,079	7,966,884

Gas General

Account	Plant	Existing Accrual Rate %	Existing Accrual \$	Proposed Accrual Rate %	Proposed Accrual \$	Difference \$
G394.10-Portable Tools Total	28,704,418	3.90%	1,119,472	13.31%	3,820,131	2,700,659
G394.20-Shop Equipment Total	18,460	7.18%	1,325	51.93%	9,585	8,260
G397.00-Communication Equip. Total	2,391,881	6.73%	160,974	6.81%	162,848	1,875
G398.00-Misc. Equipment Total	1,160,608	5.24%	60,816	7.77%	90,213	29,397
Total Gas General	32,275,366		1,342,587		4,082,778	2,740,190
Total Gas	4,545,224,142		120,387,218		129,647,497	9,260,279
Intangible Plant						
E303-Misc Intangible Plant Total	0	20.00%	0	0.00%	0	0
Total Intangible Plant	0		0		0	0
Total SDGE	20,584,499,686		893,338,891		871,663,525	(21,675,367)

APPENDIX C

Depreciation Parameter Comparison

Depreciation Account	Current			Proposed			Change	
	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
Common Plant								
C390.10-Structures & Imprv.	30	S1	-15	45	L0	-10	15	5
C391.10-Furniture & Equip.	18	S6	0	18	SQ	0	0	0
C391.20-Computers & Equip.	5	S6	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
C392.10-Automotive Equip.	10	SQ	0	10	SQ	0	0	0
C392.20-Trailers	20	L0	0	20	SQ	0	0	0
C392.30-Aviation	10	SQ	0	40	SQ	10	30	10
C393.10-Stores Equip.	19	L0	0	25	SQ	0	6	0
C394.11-Portable Tools	23	R2.5	0	10	SQ	0	-13	0
C394.21-Shop Equip.	35	L1.5	0	15	SQ	0	-20	0
C394.31-Garage Equip.	19	R3	0	19	SQ	0	0	0
C395.10-Laboratory Equip.	25	R5	0	15	SQ	0	-10	0
C397.30-Commun Equip.	13	S6	0	15	SQ	0	2	0
C398.10-Miscellaneous Equip.	13	R0.5	10	15	SQ	0	0	0
Solar Energy Projects								
E338.11-Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	-25
E338.12-Misc Power Plant Equip	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.40-Solar Panels	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.50-Collector System	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
E338.70-Inverters	25	SQ	0	10	S2	-21.57	-15	-21.57
E338.80-Other Accessory Elec Equip	25	SQ	0	25	SQ	-21.57	0	-21.57
Electric Production Plant								
Cuyamaca Peak Energy Plant	mid-2027		-3.3	mid-2027		-2.62		0.68
Desert Star Energy Center	Apr-26		-2.57	Feb-44		-4.38		-1.81
Miramar Energy Facility	mid-2032		-1.09	mid-2032		-2.41		-1.32
Palomar Energy Center	mid-2036		-1.24	mid-2036		-2.61		-1.37
E344.2 Generators Other	20	SQ	0	20	R1	0	0	0
Electric Distribution Plant								
E361.00-Structures & Imprv.	63	R2.5	-125	61	R1	-150	-2	-25
E362.10-Sta. Equip.	51	R1.5	-125	58	R2	-125	7	0
E363.20 Computer Software	5	SQ	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E363.30 Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	25
E364.00-Poles, Towers, & Fxtr.	47	R0.5	-100	45	L0	-90	-2	10
E365.00-OH Conductor & Dev.	55	R0.5	-70	55	R0.5	-90	0	-20
E366.00-UG Conduit	57	R3	-50	64	R5	-75	7	-25
E367.00-UG Conductor & Dev.	45	R3	-65	57	R1	-75	12	-10
E368.10-Line Transformers	34	L0.5	-70	37	R1	-95	3	-25
E368.20-Capacitors	12	L0	-70	12	L0	-60	0	10
E369.10-OH Services	55	R0.5	-110	60	R0.5	-135	5	-25
E369.20-UG Services	53	L4	-75	63	R5	-100	10	-25
E370.10-Legacy Meters	48	R0.5	0	18	L0	0	-30	0
E370.11- "Smart" Meters	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
E370.20-Legacy Meter Install.	48	R0.5	0	18	L0	0	-30	0

Depreciation Account	Current			Proposed			Change	
	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
E370.21- "Smart" Meter Install.	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
E371.00-Install. on Cust. Prem.	34	R0.5	-90	34	R0.5	-115	0	-25
E371.10 EV Charging Units Total	10	SQ	0	10	SQ	-32.89	0	-32.89
E373.20-Street Light. & Signals	36	L0	-85	36	L0	-110	0	-25
Energy Storage Equipment								
E387.10-Communication Equipment	30	R2	-50	15	SQ	-25	-15	25
E387.11-Misc Energy Storage Equip				15	SQ	0		
E387.20-Structures and Improvements				30	SQ	0		
E387.30-Energy Storage Equipment	10	SQ	0	15	SQ	-4.19	5	-4.19
E387.50-Collector System				7	SQ	0		
E387.60-Gen Step-up Transf (GSU)				30	SQ	0		
E387.70-Inverters				10	SQ	0		
E387.80-Computer Hardware				5	SQ	0		
Electric General Plant								
E390.00- Structures & Imprv.	34	S4	-10	40	R3	-5	6	5
E392.20-Trailers	27	L5	0	27	SQ	0	0	0
E393.10-Stores Equip.	25	S5	0	25	SQ	0	0	0
E394.11-Portable Tools	27	S6	0	10	SQ	0	-17	0
E394.20-Shop Equip.	26	L4	0	26	SQ	0	0	0
E395.10-Laboratory Equip.	22	L3	0	10	SQ	0	-12	0
E397.10-Computer Hardware	5	S6	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E397.20- Computer Software	5	SQ	0	5	SQ	0	0	0
E397.21- Computer Software (2 Yr)				2	SQ	0		
E397.22- Computer Software (3 Yr)				3	SQ	0		
E397.23- Computer Software (4 Yr)				4	SQ	0		
E397.24- Computer Software (10 Yr)				10	SQ	0		
E397.30-Communication Equipment				15	SQ	-25		
E398.10-Miscellaneous Equip.	16	L4	0	16	SQ	0	0	0
Gas Storage and Transmission Plant								
G363.60-LNG DI Strg. Equip.	20	S4	0	20	S4	-5	0	-5
G366.00-Struct and Land Imp.	34	S3	0	34	S3	-5	0	-5
G367.00-Mains	45	S4	-25	60	S4	-50	15	-25
G368.00-Compressor Sta. Equip.	35	S3	-10	35	S3	-35	0	-25
G369.00-Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip.	31	S3	-5	35	S3	-5	4	0
G371.00-Other Equipment	27	SQ	0	27	SQ	0	0	0
Gas Distribution Plant								
G375.00-Struct & Imp	44	S3	0	44	S3	-5	0	-5
G376.00-Mains	69	R3	-55	69	R3	-80	0	-25
G376.60 GTSR Hydro Test				56	SQ	0		
G378.00-Meas. & Reg. Sta. Equip.	47	R2	-25	47	R2	-25	0	0
G380.00-Services	65	R2.5	-70	65	R2.5	-95	0	-25
G381.00-Meters & Reg.	41	L1.5	0	41	L1.5	0	0	0
G381.01-Meter Modules	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0

	Current			Proposed			Change	
Depreciation Account	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Curve	Future Net Salv %	Life	Future Net Salv %
G382.00-Meter & Reg. Install.	35	L2	-30	41	L1.5	-5	6	25
G382.01-Meter Module Install.	15	SQ	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
G385.00-Ind. Meas. & Reg. Equip.	28	S6	0	28	S6	0	0	0
G387.11-Other Equipment	16	L0	0	15	L0	0	-1	0
G387.12- CNG	16	L0	0	20	L0	-5	4	-5
Gas General Plant								
G394.10-Portable Tools	24	L5	0	10	SQ	0	-14	0
G394.20-Shop Equip.	24	R1.5	0	10	SQ	0	-14	0
G397.00-Com. Equip.	15	S6	0	15	SQ	0	0	0
G398.00-Miscellaneous Equip.	19	R2.5	0	15	SQ	0	-4	0

APPENDIX D
Net Salvage Analysis

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
C390.10-Struct & Imprv-Other															
C390.1	2002	2	60	60	-	0.00%									
C390.1	2003	398,508	50	43,143	(43,093)	-10.81%	-10.81%								
C390.1	2004	122,027	500	23,262	(22,762)	-18.65%	-12.65%	-12.65%							
C390.1	2005	367,319	2,700	100,027	(97,327)	-26.50%	-24.54%	-18.38%	-18.38%						
C390.1	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	-26.50%	-24.54%	-18.38%	-18.38%					
C390.1	2007	395,802	0	135,938	(135,938)	-34.34%	-34.34%	-30.57%	-28.92%	-23.30%	-19.99%				
C390.1	2008	458,514	100	-42,453	42,553	9.28%	-10.93%	-10.93%	-15.61%	-15.89%	-14.73%	-14.73%			
C390.1	2009	535,160	1,000	10,002	(9,002)	-1.68%	3.38%	-7.37%	-7.37%	-11.37%	-11.84%	-11.66%	-11.66%		
C390.1	2010	63,219	1,000	17,269	(16,269)	-25.73%	-4.22%	1.64%	-8.17%	-8.17%	-11.87%	-12.29%	-12.04%	-12.04%	
C390.1	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	-25.73%	-4.22%	1.64%	-8.17%	-8.17%	-11.87%	-12.29%	-12.04%	-12.04%
C390.1	2012	1,102,387	7,500	439,294	(431,794)	-39.17%	-39.17%	-38.44%	-26.87%	-19.20%	-21.54%	-21.54%	-22.17%	-22.03%	-20.73%
C390.1	2013	1,757,296	0	204,744	(204,744)	-11.65%	-22.26%	-22.26%	-22.33%	-19.14%	-15.81%	-17.51%	-17.51%	-18.22%	-18.23%
C390.1	2014	904,092	4,639	44,440	(39,801)	-4.40%	-9.19%	-17.97%	-17.97%	-18.10%	-16.08%	-13.67%	-15.24%	-15.24%	-15.98%
C390.1	2015	5,075,756	2,000	66,472	(64,472)	-1.27%	-1.74%	-3.99%	-8.38%	-8.38%	-8.50%	-8.12%	-7.31%	-8.35%	-8.35%
C390.1	2016	471,650	0	9,849	(9,849)	-2.09%	-1.34%	-1.77%	-3.88%	-8.06%	-8.06%	-8.18%	-7.83%	-7.07%	-8.08%
C390.1	2017	9,447,756	0	9,849	(9,849)	-0.10%	-0.20%	-0.56%	-0.78%	-1.86%	-4.05%	-4.05%	-4.13%	-4.06%	-3.75%
C390.1	2018	10,178,703	0	125,151	(125,151)	-1.23%	-0.69%	-0.72%	-0.83%	-0.96%	-1.63%	-3.06%	-3.06%	-3.11%	-3.08%
C390.1	2019	12,544,407	0	753,759	(753,759)	-6.01%	-3.87%	-2.76%	-2.75%	-2.55%	-2.60%	-2.99%	-3.95%	-3.95%	-3.99%
C390.1	2020	0	0	1,978,632	(1,978,632)	NA	-21.78%	-12.58%	-8.91%	-8.81%	-7.80%	-7.72%	-7.89%	-8.72%	-8.72%
C390.1	2021	0	0	514,356	(514,356)	NA	NA	-25.88%	-14.84%	-10.51%	-10.39%	-9.16%	-9.05%	-9.16%	-9.96%
C390.1	2022	2,301,657	0	374,679	(374,679)	-16.28%	-38.63%	-124.59%	-24.39%	-14.97%	-10.90%	-10.78%	-9.57%	-9.46%	-9.55%
C390.1	2023	0	0	825,032	(825,032)	NA	-52.12%	-74.47%	-160.44%	-29.95%	-18.27%	-13.29%	-13.14%	-11.63%	-11.47%
C390.1	2024	11,902,877	0	1,583,731	(1,583,731)	-13.31%	-20.24%	-19.60%	-23.22%	-37.15%	-22.54%	-16.67%	-13.29%	-13.18%	-12.02%
C391.10 Pffoce Furn and Eq															
C391.1	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
C391.1	2003	245,252	268,146	0	268,146	109.34%	109.34%								
C391.1	2004	0	28,878	8,676	20,201	NA	117.57%	117.57%							
C391.1	2005	94,386	69,030	0	69,030	73.14%	94.54%	105.22%	105.22%						
C391.1	2006	73,732	83,791	0	83,791	113.64%	90.90%	102.92%	106.72%	106.72%					
C391.1	2007	199,109	144,940	0	144,940	72.79%	83.83%	81.08%	86.58%	95.69%	112.32%				
C391.1	2008	674,170	101,840	0	101,840	15.11%	28.26%	34.91%	38.37%	40.31%	53.47%	53.47%			
C391.1	2009	258,553	26,292	0	26,292	10.17%	13.74%	24.13%	29.60%	32.76%	34.32%	46.22%	46.22%		
C391.1	2010	405,236	23,053	0	23,053	5.69%	7.43%	11.30%	19.27%	23.59%	26.33%	27.51%	37.80%	37.80%	
C391.1	2011	3,803,764	28,390	0	28,390	0.75%	1.22%	1.74%	3.49%	6.08%	7.54%	8.66%	9.03%	13.31%	13.31%
C391.1	2012	3,667,613	102,384	0	102,384	2.79%	1.75%	1.95%	2.21%	3.20%	4.74%	5.62%	6.32%	6.54%	9.21%
C391.1	2013	515,336	85,119	0	85,119	16.52%	4.48%	2.70%	2.85%	3.07%	3.94%	5.38%	6.21%	6.86%	7.07%
C391.1	2014	37,308	2,266	8,861	(6,596)	-17.68%	14.21%	4.29%	2.61%	2.76%	2.98%	3.85%	5.29%	6.12%	6.77%
C391.1	2015	159,291	975	2,615	(1,640)	-1.03%	-4.19%	10.80%	4.09%	2.54%	2.69%	2.90%	3.77%	5.18%	6.00%
C391.1	2016	450,151	4,500	3,470	1,030	0.23%	-0.10%	-1.11%	6.70%	3.73%	2.42%	2.56%	2.78%	3.61%	4.96%
C391.1	2017	3,240,000	900	0	900	0.03%	0.05%	0.01%	-0.16%	1.79%	2.25%	1.77%	1.89%	2.07%	2.73%

Activity		Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %
C391.1	2018	602,291	700	0	700	0.12%	0.04%	0.06%	0.02%	-0.12%	1.59%	2.10%	1.69%	1.81%
C391.1	2019	2,511,289	0	0	-	0.00%	0.02%	0.03%	0.04%	0.01%	-0.08%	1.06%	1.63%	1.40%
C391.1	2020	1,227,260	0	5,899	(5,899)	-0.48%	-0.16%	-0.12%	-0.06%	-0.04%	-0.06%	-0.14%	0.84%	1.42%
C391.1	2021	4,254,100	0	9,941	(9,941)	-0.23%	-0.29%	-0.20%	-0.18%	-0.12%	-0.11%	-0.12%	-0.17%	0.49%
C391.1	2022	304,555	0	72,257	(72,257)	-23.73%	-1.80%	-1.52%	-1.06%	-0.98%	-0.71%	-0.68%	-0.68%	-0.73%
C391.1	2023	1,703,004	0	0	-	0.00%	-3.60%	-1.31%	-1.18%	-0.88%	-0.82%	-0.62%	-0.60%	-0.65%
C391.1	2024	174,064	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-3.31%	-1.28%	-1.15%	-0.87%	-0.81%	-0.62%	-0.59%
C391.20-Offc Furn & Eq-Cmpttr														
C391.2	2002	1,855,992	0	0	-	0.00%								
C391.2	2003	3,317,483	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%							
C391.2	2004	41,717,253	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
C391.2	2005	12,222,210	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
C391.2	2006	12,241,793	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
C391.2	2007	3,196,429	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
C391.2	2008	21,346,023	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
C391.2	2009	12,661,546	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C391.2	2010	2,950,519	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C391.2	2011	4,206,603	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C391.2	2012	1,282,086	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C391.2	2013	1,822,079	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C391.2	2014	29	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C391.2	2015	34,690,330	113,172	0	113,172	0.33%	0.33%	0.31%	0.30%	0.27%	0.25%	0.20%	0.14%	0.14%
C391.2	2016	8,974,996	5,330	0	5,330	0.06%	0.27%	0.27%	0.26%	0.25%	0.23%	0.22%	0.18%	0.13%
C391.2	2017	25,451,144	126,056	0	126,056	0.50%	0.38%	0.35%	0.35%	0.34%	0.34%	0.32%	0.31%	0.27%
C391.2	2018	8,057,802	2,555	0	2,555	0.03%	0.38%	0.32%	0.32%	0.32%	0.31%	0.29%	0.28%	0.22%
C391.2	2019	8,671,417	0	0	-	0.00%	0.02%	0.30%	0.26%	0.29%	0.29%	0.28%	0.28%	0.27%
C391.2	2020	1,883,244	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.29%	0.25%	0.28%	0.28%	0.28%	0.27%
C391.2	2021	7,462,743	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.25%	0.22%	0.26%	0.26%	0.25%
C391.2	2022	29,441,822	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.16%	0.15%	0.20%	0.20%
C391.2	2023	19,313,124	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.12%	0.17%
C391.2	2024	18,390,474	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.10%
C392.10 - Trans Eq - Autos														
C392.1	2002	0	0	0	-	NA								
C392.1	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
C392.1	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
C392.1	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA					
C392.1	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
C392.1	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
C392.1	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
C392.1	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
C392.1	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
C392.1	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.1	2017	33,942	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.1	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11 - Trans Eq-Lease Autos (SL)															
C392.11	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
C392.11	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
C392.11	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
C392.11	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
C392.11	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
C392.11	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
C392.11	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
C392.11	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
C392.11	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
C392.11	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.11	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.11	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
C392.11	2014	3,195,776	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2015	129,245	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2016	39,513	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2021	2,880,443	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2022	2,148,278	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2023	3,817,225	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.11	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.20-Transprt Eq-Trailer															
C392.2	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
C392.2	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								

							2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr	
Activity			Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %
C392.2	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA								
C392.2	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA							
C392.2	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA						
C392.2	2007	8,197	1,500	0	1,500	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%				
C392.2	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%			
C392.2	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%		
C392.2	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	
C392.2	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%
C392.2	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%
C392.2	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%
C392.2	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	18.30%	18.30%	18.30%
C392.2	2015	21,173	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.11%	5.11%
C392.2	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.11%
C392.2	2017	12,196	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C392.2	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C393.10-Stores Equip-Other																
C393.1	2002	2,167	0	0	-	0.00%										
C393.1	2003	12,239	50	0	50	0.41%	0.35%									
C393.1	2004	82,588	0	0	-	0.00%	0.05%	0.05%								
C393.1	2005	18,934	75	0	75	0.40%	0.07%	0.11%	0.11%							
C393.1	2006	10,189	0	0	-	0.00%	0.26%	0.07%	0.10%	0.10%						
C393.1	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.26%	0.07%	0.10%	0.10%					
C393.1	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.26%	0.07%	0.10%	0.10%				
C393.1	2009	1,307	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.07%	0.10%	0.10%			
C393.1	2010	5,315	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.06%	0.10%	0.09%		
C393.1	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.10%	0.10%	0.09%	
C393.1	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.06%	0.10%	0.10%	
C393.1	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.06%	0.10%	
C393.1	2014	65,785	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.06%	0.10%	
C393.1	2015	15,170	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.06%	
C393.1	2016	5,030	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	
C393.1	2017	35,970	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C393.1	2018	11,546	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C393.1	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C393.1	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
C393.1	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	

							2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr	
Activity			Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %
C393.1	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C393.1	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C393.1	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11-Portable Tools-Other																
C394.11	2002	6,198	0	0	-	0.00%										
C394.11	2003	21,744	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%									
C394.11	2004	4,595	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%								
C394.11	2005	1,305	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
C394.11	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
C394.11	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
C394.11	2008	4,003	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
C394.11	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
C394.11	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
C394.11	2011	3,449	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2012	23,194	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2017	8,262	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.11	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21-Shop Equip - Other																
C394.21	2002	409	0	0	-	0.00%										
C394.21	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%									
C394.21	2004	72,298	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%								
C394.21	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
C394.21	2006	6,230	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
C394.21	2007	762	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
C394.21	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
C394.21	2009	2,476	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
C394.21	2010	23,153	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
C394.21	2011	2,491	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21	2012	36,545	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21	2013	14,213	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21	2014	11,128	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
C394.21	2015	9,901	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21	2016	21,662	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.21	2017	48,626	12,000	0	12,000	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%	8.45%	8.30%	7.15%	7.05%	7.05%
C394.21	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%	8.45%	8.30%	7.15%	7.05%
C394.21	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%	8.45%	8.30%	7.15%
C394.21	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%	8.45%	8.30%
C394.21	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%	8.45%
C394.21	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%	11.37%
C394.21	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	24.68%	17.07%	14.96%	13.14%
C394.21	2024	6,476	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	21.78%	15.63%	13.85%
C394.31-Garage Equip -Other															
C394.31	2002	4,470	0	0	-	0.00%									
C394.31	2003	11,009	665	0	665	6.04%	4.30%								
C394.31	2004	202,275	887	0	887	0.44%	0.73%	0.71%							
C394.31	2005	12,875	1,400	0	1,400	10.87%	1.06%	1.31%	1.28%						
C394.31	2006	26,956	600	0	600	2.23%	5.02%	1.19%	1.40%	1.38%					
C394.31	2007	25,456	1,300	0	1,300	5.11%	3.63%	5.05%	1.56%	1.74%	2.15%				
C394.31	2008	230,923	1,234	0	1,234	0.53%	0.99%	1.11%	1.53%	1.09%	1.19%	1.18%			
C394.31	2009	883,315	0	0	-	0.00%	0.11%	0.22%	0.27%	0.38%	0.39%	0.44%	0.44%		
C394.31	2010	45,010	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.21%	0.26%	0.37%	0.38%	0.42%	0.42%	
C394.31	2011	343,890	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.17%	0.20%	0.29%	0.31%	0.34%	0.34%
C394.31	2012	291,872	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.14%	0.17%	0.24%	0.26%	0.29%
C394.31	2013	41,517	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.14%	0.17%	0.24%	0.26%
C394.31	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.14%	0.17%	0.24%
C394.31	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.14%	0.17%
C394.31	2016	82,862	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.13%
C394.31	2017	19,178	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%
C394.31	2018	108,424	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2020	16,503	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2021	636	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2022	366,339	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C394.31	2024	110,035	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
C395.10-Laboratory Eq -Other															
C395.1	2002	6,607	0	0	-	0.00%									
C395.1	2003	11,595	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
C395.1	2004	0	90	0	90	NA	0.78%	0.49%							
C395.1	2005	23,470	400	0	400	1.70%	2.09%	1.40%	1.18%						
C395.1	2006	104,861	0	0	-	0.00%	0.31%	0.38%	0.35%	0.33%					
C395.1	2007	99,048	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.18%	0.22%	0.21%	0.20%				

C39600 PowerOperated Equipment

[illegible]

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
C397.10-Commun Equip -Other															
C397.10	2002	4,455,196	2,250	2,096	155	0.00%									
C397.10	2003	1,430,625	754	10,700	(9,946)	-0.70%	-0.17%								
C397.10	2004	4,703,515	888	945	(58)	0.00%	-0.16%	-0.09%							
C397.10	2005	501,805	0	612	(612)	-0.12%	-0.01%	-0.16%	-0.09%						
C397.10	2006	9,600,362	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.01%	0.00%	-0.07%	-0.05%					
C397.10	2007	5,982,996	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.05%	-0.04%				
C397.10	2008	3,182,658	801	0	801	0.03%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.03%			
C397.10	2009	6,208,003	0	0	-	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.03%	-0.03%		
C397.10	2010	5,173,136	8,080	0	8,080	0.16%	0.07%	0.06%	0.04%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	
C397.10	2011	7,661,412	1,467	0	1,467	0.02%	0.07%	0.05%	0.05%	0.04%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%
C397.10	2012	4,732,404	25,974	0	25,974	0.55%	0.22%	0.20%	0.15%	0.13%	0.11%	0.09%	0.08%	0.07%	0.05%
C397.10	2013	11,087,097	8,501	0	8,501	0.08%	0.22%	0.15%	0.15%	0.13%	0.12%	0.10%	0.08%	0.08%	0.08%
C397.10	2014	23,427	0	-19	19	0.08%	0.08%	0.22%	0.15%	0.15%	0.13%	0.12%	0.10%	0.08%	0.08%
C397.10	2015	4,234,286	0	12,397	(12,397)	-0.29%	-0.29%	-0.03%	0.11%	0.08%	0.10%	0.08%	0.08%	0.07%	0.06%
C397.10	2016	9,729,860	4,250	0	4,250	0.04%	-0.06%	-0.06%	0.00%	0.09%	0.07%	0.08%	0.07%	0.07%	0.06%
C397.10	2017	22,510,071	0	0	-	0.00%	0.01%	-0.02%	-0.02%	0.00%	0.05%	0.05%	0.06%	0.05%	0.05%
C397.10	2018	3,754,520	172	0	172	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	-0.02%	-0.02%	0.00%	0.05%	0.04%	0.05%	0.05%
C397.10	2019	2,006,282	0	2,596	(2,596)	-0.13%	-0.04%	-0.01%	0.00%	-0.03%	-0.02%	0.00%	0.04%	0.04%	0.05%
C397.10	2020	1,300,688	0	5,899	(5,899)	-0.45%	-0.26%	-0.12%	-0.03%	-0.01%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.01%	0.03%	0.03%
C397.10	2021	9,144,218	0	49,735	(49,735)	-0.54%	-0.53%	-0.47%	-0.36%	-0.15%	-0.11%	-0.13%	-0.13%	-0.09%	-0.05%
C397.10	2022	4,102,163	0	10,812	(10,812)	-0.26%	-0.46%	-0.46%	-0.42%	-0.34%	-0.16%	-0.12%	-0.14%	-0.14%	-0.10%
C397.10	2023	17,434,946	0	397	(397)	0.00%	-0.05%	-0.20%	-0.21%	-0.20%	-0.18%	-0.11%	-0.09%	-0.10%	-0.10%
C397.10	2024	10,249,484	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.15%	-0.16%	-0.16%	-0.14%	-0.10%	-0.08%	-0.09%
C398.10-Misc Equip - Other															
C398.10	2002	2,626	0	0	-	0.00%									
C398.10	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								
C398.10	2004	2,438	1,750	0	1,750	71.79%	71.79%	34.56%							
C398.10	2005	44,794	0	0	-	0.00%	3.71%	3.71%	3.51%						
C398.10	2006	17,083	1,600	0	1,600	9.37%	2.59%	5.21%	5.21%	5.00%					
C398.10	2007	137,394	0	0	-	0.00%	1.04%	0.80%	1.66%	1.66%	1.64%				
C398.10	2008	920,589	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.15%	0.14%	0.30%	0.30%	0.30%			
C398.10	2009	33,330	312	0	312	0.94%	0.03%	0.03%	0.17%	0.17%	0.32%	0.32%	0.32%		
C398.10	2010	2,874	250	0	250	8.70%	1.55%	0.06%	0.05%	0.19%	0.19%	0.34%	0.34%	0.34%	
C398.10	2011	29,124	4,726	0	4,726	16.23%	15.55%	8.09%	0.54%	0.47%	0.60%	0.58%	0.73%	0.73%	0.73%
C398.10	2012	58,863	1,400	0	1,400	2.38%	6.96%	7.02%	5.39%	0.64%	0.57%	0.69%	0.67%	0.81%	0.81%
C398.10	2013	13,443	6,570	0	6,570	48.87%	11.02%	12.52%	12.41%	9.63%	1.25%	1.11%	1.23%	1.18%	1.32%
C398.10	2014	0	4,856	0	4,856	NA	84.99%	17.74%	17.30%	17.07%	13.16%	1.71%	1.51%	1.63%	1.57%
C398.10	2015	193,595	1,500	0	1,500	0.77%	3.28%	6.24%	5.39%	6.46%	6.48%	5.92%	1.57%	1.41%	1.51%
C398.10	2016	1,085,404	0	0	-	0.00%	0.12%	0.50%	1.00%	1.06%	1.38%	1.40%	1.38%	0.84%	0.79%
C398.10	2017	237,355	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.42%	0.84%	0.90%	1.18%	1.19%	1.19%	0.76%
C398.10	2018	328,371	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.34%	0.70%	0.75%	0.98%	0.99%	0.99%

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
C398.10	2019	21,183	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.34%	0.69%	0.74%	0.97%	0.98%
C398.10	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.34%	0.69%	0.74%	0.97%
C398.10	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.34%	0.69%	0.74%
C398.10	2022	282,106	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.30%	0.60%
C398.10	2023	9,774	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.29%
C398.10	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%
E361.00-Struct. and Improv.															
E361.0	2002	3,313	0	6,399	(6,399)	-193.12%									
E361.0	2003	6,355	0	11,307	(11,307)	-177.91%	-183.12%								
E361.0	2004	5,749	0	7,314	(7,314)	-127.24%	-153.84%	-162.28%							
E361.0	2005	34,492	0	49,335	(49,335)	-143.03%	-140.78%	-145.84%	-148.98%						
E361.0	2006	8,281	0	14,918	(14,918)	-180.15%	-150.22%	-147.50%	-151.02%	-153.42%					
E361.0	2007	40,983	0	62,942	(62,942)	-153.58%	-158.05%	-151.86%	-150.28%	-152.11%	-194.81%				
E361.0	2008	18,527	0	40,989	(40,989)	-221.24%	-174.64%	-175.32%	-164.43%	-162.45%	-163.31%	-164.15%			
E361.0	2009	62,325	0	101,247	(101,247)	-162.45%	-175.92%	-168.41%	-169.15%	-163.68%	-162.45%	-163.01%	-163.56%		
E361.0	2010	5,745	0	9,403	(9,403)	-163.68%	-162.55%	-175.11%	-168.19%	-168.92%	-163.68%	-162.49%	-163.03%	-163.56%	
E361.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	-163.68%	-162.55%	-175.11%	-168.19%	-168.92%	-163.68%	-162.49%	-163.03%	-163.56%
E361.0	2012	26,407	0	43,194	(43,194)	-163.57%	-163.57%	-163.59%	-162.84%	-172.41%	-167.40%	-168.05%	-163.67%	-162.63%	-163.10%
E361.0	2013	1,901	0	2,554	(2,554)	-134.31%	-161.60%	-161.60%	-161.95%	-162.28%	-171.78%	-167.00%	-167.66%	-163.38%	-162.37%
E361.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	-134.31%	-161.60%	-161.60%	-161.95%	-162.28%	-171.78%	-167.00%	-167.66%	-163.38%
E361.0	2015	26,194	0	38,493	(38,493)	-146.96%	-146.96%	-146.10%	-154.57%	-154.57%	-155.43%	-159.00%	-167.17%	-164.11%	-164.81%
E361.0	2016	104,150	0	116,794	(116,794)	-112.14%	-119.14%	-119.14%	-119.36%	-126.71%	-126.71%	-128.01%	-137.47%	-143.80%	-145.20%
E361.0	2017	0	0	162,226	(162,226)	NA	-267.90%	-243.60%	-243.60%	-242.03%	-228.97%	-228.97%	-226.69%	-209.03%	-209.95%
E361.0	2018	39,558	0	417,350	(417,350)	-1055.03%	-1465.13%	-484.57%	-432.52%	-432.52%	-429.22%	-393.83%	-393.83%	-387.35%	-334.71%
E361.0	2019	27,246	0	144,411	(144,411)	-530.02%	-840.91%	-1083.74%	-491.82%	-446.00%	-446.00%	-443.02%	-410.29%	-410.29%	-404.16%
E361.0	2020	0	0	47,683	(47,683)	NA	-705.03%	-912.28%	-1155.12%	-519.71%	-470.18%	-470.18%	-466.97%	-431.44%	-431.44%
E361.0	2021	904	0	16,367	(16,367)	-1809.62%	-7081.68%	-740.52%	-924.27%	-1163.86%	-526.50%	-476.30%	-476.30%	-473.05%	-436.94%
E361.0	2022	62,593	0	35,146	(35,146)	-56.15%	-81.13%	-156.22%	-268.46%	-507.25%	-631.75%	-400.93%	-375.40%	-375.40%	-373.66%
E361.0	2023	0	0	4,077	(4,077)	NA	-62.66%	-87.55%	-162.64%	-272.95%	-510.38%	-634.88%	-402.67%	-376.97%	-376.97%
E361.0	2024	25,490	0	5,651	(5,651)	-22.17%	-38.16%	-50.95%	-68.82%	-122.40%	-217.95%	-430.50%	-534.63%	-365.35%	-345.36%
E362.10-Station Equipment															
E362.10	2002	493,282	462	646,065	(645,603)	-130.88%									
E362.10	2003	433,834	0	691,334	(691,334)	-159.35%	-144.20%								
E362.10	2004	2,999,427	10,750	880,668	(869,918)	-29.00%	-45.47%	-56.20%							
E362.10	2005	1,751,152	0	3,951,145	(3,951,145)	-225.63%	-101.48%	-106.33%	-108.46%						
E362.10	2006	2,274,916	0	3,519,910	(3,519,910)	-154.73%	-185.57%	-118.72%	-121.09%	-121.69%					
E362.10	2007	2,060,502	0	3,116,781	(3,116,781)	-151.26%	-153.08%	-173.95%	-126.10%	-127.62%	-138.99%				
E362.10	2008	909,648	182	1,122,507	(1,122,325)	-123.38%	-142.72%	-147.93%	-167.38%	-125.86%	-127.25%	-127.41%			
E362.10	2009	3,486,395	0	8,020,300	(8,020,300)	-230.05%	-207.97%	-189.88%	-180.72%	-188.22%	-152.80%	-153.00%	-152.25%		
E362.10	2010	2,207,819	2,875	6,139,944	(6,137,069)	-277.97%	-248.63%	-231.38%	-212.32%	-200.35%	-203.83%	-170.41%	-170.11%	-168.95%	
E362.10	2011	1,608,216	0	3,611,621	(3,611,621)	-224.57%	-255.47%	-243.33%	-230.04%	-214.24%	-203.45%	-206.17%	-175.45%	-175.05%	-173.86%

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E362.10	2012	829,129	0	1,441,524	(1,441,524)	-173.86%	-207.32%	-240.90%	-236.25%	-224.89%	-211.23%	-201.62%	-204.40%	-175.38%	-175.00%
E362.10	2013	767,075	12,207	2,108,513	(2,096,306)	-273.29%	-221.64%	-223.11%	-245.49%	-239.44%	-228.68%	-215.24%	-205.50%	-207.72%	-179.35%
E362.10	2014	636,726	0	650,613	(650,613)	-102.18%	-195.68%	-187.58%	-203.07%	-230.41%	-230.27%	-220.96%	-209.48%	-201.05%	-203.66%
E362.10	2015	1,065,926	0	839,073	(839,073)	-78.72%	-87.49%	-145.20%	-152.40%	-176.05%	-207.68%	-215.04%	-207.79%	-199.21%	-192.82%
E362.10	2016	1,068,921	0	1,265,333	(1,265,333)	-118.37%	-98.57%	-99.40%	-137.10%	-144.07%	-165.74%	-196.02%	-206.18%	-200.19%	-193.31%
E362.10	2017	787,403	0	2,060,480	(2,060,480)	-261.68%	-179.16%	-142.52%	-135.31%	-159.77%	-162.04%	-176.91%	-201.78%	-209.69%	-203.82%
E362.10	2018	1,484,087	0	2,501,899	(2,501,899)	-168.58%	-200.85%	-174.46%	-151.30%	-145.10%	-162.02%	-163.50%	-175.41%	-197.07%	-205.31%
E362.10	2019	1,549,307	0	3,110,262	(3,110,262)	-200.75%	-185.01%	-200.81%	-182.79%	-164.16%	-158.18%	-170.18%	-170.55%	-179.42%	-197.54%
E362.10	2020	938,152	0	2,478,883	(2,478,883)	-264.23%	-224.69%	-203.73%	-213.31%	-195.90%	-177.78%	-171.39%	-180.81%	-180.18%	-186.83%
E362.10	2021	1,217,011	0	1,099,926	(1,099,926)	-90.38%	-166.06%	-180.57%	-177.14%	-188.28%	-177.67%	-164.67%	-160.12%	-169.24%	-169.61%
E362.10	2022	1,209,172	0	746,137	(746,137)	-61.71%	-76.09%	-128.55%	-151.32%	-155.32%	-166.98%	-160.68%	-151.31%	-148.17%	-157.12%
E362.10	2023	587,531	0	329,688	(329,688)	-56.11%	-59.88%	-72.20%	-117.78%	-141.15%	-146.98%	-158.60%	-153.73%	-145.66%	-143.04%
E362.10	2024	449,384	0	434,127	(434,127)	-96.60%	-73.66%	-67.23%	-75.36%	-115.62%	-137.79%	-143.93%	-155.21%	-150.97%	-143.54%
E363.00-Batteries - Storage															
E363.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA									
E363.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
E363.0	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
E363.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E363.0	2017	0	0	0	(0)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E363.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
E363.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
E363.0	2020	0	0	0	(0)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
E363.0	2021	0	0	0	0	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
E363.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
E363.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
E363.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
E364.00-Poles, Towers & Fxtr															
E364.0	2002	3,162,963	8,318	2,536,704	(2,528,386)	-79.94%									
E364.0	2003	3,705,349	32,400	6,556,281	(6,523,881)	-176.07%	-131.80%								
E364.0	2004	6,465,639	23,194	6,372,083	(6,348,889)	-98.19%	-126.56%	-115.50%							
E364.0	2005	4,188,817	29,887	3,717,287	(3,687,400)	-88.03%	-94.20%	-115.32%	-108.94%						
E364.0	2006	4,247,786	28,669	4,043,125	(4,014,456)	-94.51%	-91.29%	-94.29%	-110.57%	-106.12%					
E364.0	2007	7,495,391	40,772	8,710,827	(8,670,055)	-115.67%	-108.02%	-102.76%	-101.44%	-112.04%	-126.68%				
E364.0	2008	8,833,619	32,515	5,333,408	(5,300,893)	-60.01%	-85.56%	-87.41%	-87.51%	-89.72%	-98.88%	-97.31%			
E364.0	2009	4,908,511	19,960	5,073,739	(5,053,779)	-102.96%	-75.35%	-89.58%	-90.40%	-90.07%	-91.52%	-99.38%	-97.95%		
E364.0	2010	4,821,929	1,442	6,987,809	(6,986,367)	-144.89%	-123.74%	-93.41%	-99.81%	-99.07%	-97.73%	-97.80%	-104.30%	-102.68%	
E364.0	2011	3,429,317	26,200	6,595,142	(6,568,942)	-191.55%	-164.28%	-141.41%	-108.71%	-110.48%	-108.47%	-106.21%	-105.05%	-110.52%	-108.63%
E364.0	2012	1,730,293	17	1,810,427	(1,810,410)	-104.63%	-162.40%	-153.94%	-137.14%	-108.42%	-110.16%	-108.28%	-106.14%	-105.03%	-110.31%
E364.0	2013	5,371,253	161,469	5,312,577	(5,151,108)	-95.90%	-98.03%	-128.48%	-133.64%	-126.20%	-106.11%	-108.07%	-106.66%	-104.92%	-104.08%
E364.0	2014	8,941,823	191,274	8,631,646	(8,440,373)	-94.39%	-94.96%	-96.00%	-112.83%	-119.19%	-116.46%	-103.35%	-105.38%	-104.45%	-103.18%
E364.0	2015	9,726,369	139,454	10,292,937	(10,153,482)	-104.39%	-99.60%	-98.78%	-99.17%	-110.02%	-114.96%	-113.45%	-103.56%	-105.21%	-104.44%

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DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E364.0	2016	9,088,436	101,770	8,502,924	(8,401,153)	-92.44%	-98.62%	-97.26%	-97.04%	-97.41%	-105.85%	-110.21%	-109.47%	-101.79%	-103.40%
E364.0	2017	11,427,505	88,725	7,877,391	(7,788,666)	-68.16%	-78.91%	-87.11%	-88.77%	-89.63%	-90.19%	-97.18%	-101.40%	-101.53%	-96.16%
E364.0	2018	8,735,405	136,940	9,850,973	(9,714,032)	-111.20%	-86.81%	-88.56%	-92.51%	-92.86%	-93.17%	-93.53%	-99.28%	-102.75%	-102.77%
E364.0	2019	9,240,238	126,656	10,162,982	(10,036,326)	-108.62%	-109.87%	-93.66%	-93.37%	-95.59%	-95.41%	-95.45%	-95.70%	-100.55%	-103.50%
E364.0	2020	17,085,961	114,602	11,835,182	(11,720,580)	-68.60%	-82.64%	-89.76%	-84.45%	-85.76%	-88.53%	-89.24%	-89.69%	-90.00%	-94.11%
E364.0	2021	23,830,462	168,685	14,340,878	(14,172,193)	-59.47%	-63.28%	-71.63%	-77.50%	-75.98%	-77.87%	-80.76%	-82.00%	-82.73%	-83.09%
E364.0	2022	19,990,795	134,816	19,256,722	(19,121,905)	-95.65%	-75.98%	-73.91%	-78.48%	-82.10%	-80.34%	-81.44%	-83.49%	-84.32%	-84.82%
E364.0	2023	22,111,015	97,571	19,217,180	(19,119,609)	-86.47%	-90.83%	-79.50%	-77.25%	-80.39%	-83.06%	-81.54%	-82.36%	-83.99%	-84.66%
E364.0	2024	25,818,119	90,785	26,292,390	(26,201,605)	-101.49%	-94.56%	-94.88%	-85.68%	-83.00%	-85.01%	-86.81%	-85.27%	-85.71%	-86.87%
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E365.00-Overhead Cond & Dev															
E365.0	2002	1,990,188	118,122	1,358,869	(1,240,747)	-62.34%									
E365.0	2003	1,715,991	461,449	2,127,817	(1,666,368)	-97.11%	-78.44%								
E365.0	2004	3,549,464	431,149	3,306,143	(2,874,994)	-81.00%	-86.25%	-79.69%							
E365.0	2005	2,188,073	497,872	1,830,005	(1,332,133)	-60.88%	-73.33%	-78.80%	-75.33%						
E365.0	2006	3,524,867	1,126,018	2,216,519	(1,090,501)	-30.94%	-42.41%	-57.19%	-63.43%	-63.27%					
E365.0	2007	3,756,377	271,550	4,520,620	(4,249,070)	-113.12%	-73.33%	-70.46%	-73.33%	-76.10%	-85.74%				
E365.0	2008	4,690,049	990,445	2,875,794	(1,885,349)	-40.20%	-72.63%	-60.35%	-60.43%	-64.56%	-67.43%	-66.96%			
E365.0	2009	2,415,803	609,883	2,508,278	(1,898,395)	-78.58%	-53.25%	-73.95%	-63.41%	-63.08%	-66.24%	-68.66%	-68.14%		
E365.0	2010	2,585,914	1,005,140	3,040,658	(2,035,518)	-78.72%	-78.65%	-60.04%	-74.87%	-65.74%	-65.19%	-67.66%	-69.73%	-69.17%	
E365.0	2011	1,887,772	2,147,292	3,521,324	(1,374,032)	-72.79%	-76.21%	-77.04%	-62.12%	-74.61%	-66.45%	-65.87%	-68.05%	-69.95%	-69.41%
E365.0	2012	1,124,085	304,697	1,084,926	(780,229)	-69.41%	-71.53%	-74.85%	-75.97%	-62.77%	-74.26%	-66.62%	-66.05%	-68.11%	-69.93%
E365.0	2013	2,847,265	730,325	2,205,025	(1,474,700)	-51.79%	-56.78%	-61.94%	-67.07%	-69.63%	-60.76%	-70.94%	-64.77%	-64.43%	-66.49%
E365.0	2014	2,553,380	762,323	2,543,692	(1,781,369)	-69.77%	-60.29%	-61.86%	-64.31%	-67.70%	-69.66%	-62.03%	-70.81%	-65.27%	-64.92%
E365.0	2015	1,432,361	424,342	2,439,187	(2,014,844)	-140.67%	-95.24%	-77.14%	-76.05%	-75.42%	-76.11%	-76.51%	-67.79%	-75.10%	-69.30%
E365.0	2016	6,058,248	594,549	2,795,492	(2,200,943)	-36.33%	-56.28%	-59.71%	-57.96%	-58.88%	-60.53%	-63.07%	-64.87%	-60.35%	-67.10%
E365.0	2017	2,289,148	430,493	3,399,322	(2,968,829)	-129.69%	-61.93%	-73.46%	-72.70%	-68.78%	-68.82%	-69.23%	-70.41%	-71.26%	-66.04%
E365.0	2018	2,204,878	304,114	4,039,542	(3,735,428)	-169.42%	-149.18%	-84.39%	-91.12%	-87.37%	-81.54%	-80.80%	-80.06%	-79.91%	-79.78%
E365.0	2019	3,610,609	288,952	7,658,574	(7,369,622)	-204.11%	-190.96%	-173.65%	-114.91%	-117.28%	-110.59%	-102.62%	-100.93%	-98.72%	-96.77%
E365.0	2020	3,966,590	259,386	13,148,420	(12,889,035)	-324.94%	-267.36%	-245.29%	-223.37%	-160.86%	-159.39%	-149.04%	-137.95%	-134.99%	-130.79%
E365.0	2021	7,876,954	893,163	11,420,089	(10,526,926)	-133.64%	-197.71%	-199.21%	-195.49%	-187.94%	-152.62%	-152.00%	-144.99%	-136.91%	-134.68%
E365.0	2022	13,186,621	1,078,065	12,781,696	(11,703,631)	-88.75%	-105.54%	-140.31%	-148.35%	-149.86%	-148.46%	-131.13%	-131.47%	-127.82%	-123.12%
E365.0	2023	20,790,314	818,345	12,627,070	(11,808,725)	-56.80%	-69.20%	-81.33%	-102.42%	-109.85%	-112.39%	-113.12%	-105.37%	-106.19%	-104.74%
E365.0	2024	19,229,138	642,480	11,970,862	(11,328,381)	-58.91%	-57.81%	-65.48%	-74.27%	-89.56%	-95.58%	-97.88%	-98.87%	-94.09%	-94.92%
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E366.00-Overhead Cond & Dev															
E366.0	2002	15,971,337	4,457	4,038,274	(4,033,817)	-25.26%									
E366.0	2003	7,789,172	0	5,245,767	(5,245,767)	-67.35%	-39.05%								
E366.0	2004	3,267,518	0	1,967,634	(1,967,634)	-60.22%	-65.24%	-41.61%							
E366.0	2005	3,874,745	0	1,673,797	(1,673,797)	-43.20%	-50.98%	-59.52%	-41.81%						
E366.0	2006	4,730,745	0	2,749,721	(2,749,721)	-58.12%	-51.40%	-53.83%	-59.18%	-43.98%					
E366.0	2007	5,723,651	0	3,286,549	(3,286,549)	-57.42%	-57.74%	-53.81%	-55.00%	-58.79%	-54.96%				
E366.0	2008	7,724,410	0	3,772,376	(3,772,376)	-48.84%	-52.49%	-53.96%	-52.07%	-53.12%	-56.47%	-46.31%			

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E366.0	2009	3,491,607	6,430	2,977,228	(2,970,798)	-85.08%	-60.12%	-59.21%	-58.97%	-56.58%	-56.99%	-59.20%	-48.89%		
E366.0	2010	2,243,903	0	2,640,793	(2,640,793)	-117.69%	-97.84%	-69.72%	-66.05%	-64.48%	-61.51%	-61.38%	-62.57%	-51.70%	
E366.0	2011	3,052,222	0	3,256,330	(3,256,330)	-106.69%	-111.35%	-100.91%	-76.55%	-71.63%	-69.26%	-65.98%	-65.43%	-65.79%	-54.60%
E366.0	2012	1,636,249	0	893,391	(893,391)	-54.60%	-88.51%	-97.95%	-93.64%	-74.57%	-70.46%	-68.42%	-65.41%	-64.94%	-65.37%
E366.0	2013	2,986,330	0	2,340,621	(2,340,621)	-78.38%	-69.96%	-84.57%	-92.06%	-90.24%	-75.11%	-71.34%	-69.36%	-66.50%	-65.97%
E366.0	2014	2,494,382	0	2,909,846	(2,909,846)	-116.66%	-95.80%	-86.33%	-92.44%	-97.00%	-94.39%	-79.50%	-75.19%	-72.82%	-69.80%
E366.0	2015	3,035,487	0	3,475,149	(3,475,149)	-114.48%	-115.46%	-102.46%	-94.75%	-97.51%	-100.44%	-97.61%	-83.48%	-78.87%	-76.23%
E366.0	2016	2,770,395	0	3,421,731	(3,421,731)	-123.51%	-118.79%	-118.15%	-107.63%	-100.91%	-102.02%	-103.95%	-100.91%	-87.25%	-82.39%
E366.0	2017	2,626,902	0	4,433,154	(4,433,154)	-168.76%	-145.53%	-134.36%	-130.32%	-119.17%	-112.37%	-111.44%	-112.11%	-108.24%	-93.93%
E366.0	2018	2,312,423	0	3,764,961	(3,764,961)	-162.81%	-165.98%	-150.72%	-140.48%	-135.99%	-125.39%	-118.90%	-117.12%	-117.18%	-112.97%
E366.0	2019	3,400,172	0	3,538,248	(3,538,248)	-104.06%	-127.84%	-140.73%	-136.44%	-131.73%	-129.47%	-121.69%	-116.53%	-115.29%	-115.50%
E366.0	2020	2,036,926	0	4,241,538	(4,241,538)	-208.23%	-143.09%	-148.97%	-153.98%	-147.56%	-141.36%	-138.06%	-129.83%	-124.55%	-122.48%
E366.0	2021	1,899,720	0	3,296,412	(3,296,412)	-173.52%	-191.48%	-150.97%	-153.81%	-157.01%	-150.84%	-144.74%	-141.33%	-133.35%	-128.24%
E366.0	2022	5,897,387	0	3,800,929	(3,800,929)	-64.45%	-91.03%	-115.30%	-112.41%	-119.91%	-126.97%	-126.51%	-124.99%	-124.21%	-119.56%
E366.0	2023	6,281,888	0	3,619,570	(3,619,570)	-57.62%	-60.93%	-76.12%	-92.82%	-94.78%	-101.98%	-109.16%	-110.62%	-111.01%	-111.44%
E366.0	2024	6,468,304	0	5,423,687	(5,423,687)	-83.85%	-70.93%	-68.88%	-78.55%	-90.25%	-92.06%	-97.84%	-103.86%	-105.48%	-106.22%
E367..00-Undergrnd Cond & Dev															
E367.0	2002	4,077,846	247,359	2,805,564	(2,558,205)	-62.73%									
E367.0	2003	4,187,100	465,478	3,725,109	(3,259,630)	-77.85%	-70.39%								
E367.0	2004	5,476,747	431,149	2,232,643	(1,801,494)	-32.89%	-52.37%	-55.45%							
E367.0	2005	4,020,640	506,724	2,559,319	(2,052,595)	-51.05%	-40.58%	-51.98%	-54.45%						
E367.0	2006	5,123,623	1,111,966	3,201,625	(2,089,659)	-40.78%	-45.30%	-40.65%	-48.93%	-51.39%					
E367.0	2007	6,750,583	1,271,550	4,507,997	(3,236,447)	-47.94%	-44.85%	-46.42%	-42.96%	-48.67%	-60.89%				
E367.0	2008	8,588,278	879,790	3,926,892	(3,047,102)	-35.48%	-40.96%	-40.92%	-42.58%	-40.81%	-45.35%	-47.21%			
E367.0	2009	4,163,374	660,919	4,264,271	(3,603,352)	-86.55%	-52.15%	-50.70%	-48.63%	-48.97%	-46.39%	-49.83%	-51.07%		
E367.0	2010	2,897,997	1,002,007	3,807,782	(2,805,775)	-96.82%	-90.76%	-60.42%	-56.66%	-53.71%	-53.37%	-50.34%	-53.14%	-54.00%	
E367.0	2011	2,973,041	2,139,498	4,487,291	(2,347,793)	-78.97%	-87.78%	-87.27%	-63.39%	-59.28%	-56.17%	-55.57%	-52.47%	-54.87%	-55.54%
E367.0	2012	2,709,033	384,262	3,148,969	(2,764,707)	-102.06%	-89.98%	-92.29%	-90.41%	-68.30%	-63.40%	-59.91%	-58.96%	-55.61%	-57.60%
E367.0	2013	4,426,314	710,515	5,770,663	(5,060,147)	-114.32%	-109.66%	-100.64%	-99.79%	-96.58%	-76.20%	-70.34%	-66.31%	-64.84%	-61.13%
E367.0	2014	6,190,117	801,985	8,540,520	(7,738,535)	-125.01%	-120.56%	-116.79%	-109.89%	-107.92%	-104.11%	-85.66%	-79.08%	-74.60%	-72.63%
E367.0	2015	8,858,656	475,951	9,901,884	(9,425,933)	-106.40%	-114.06%	-114.12%	-112.65%	-108.67%	-107.44%	-104.74%	-90.16%	-84.17%	-79.95%
E367.0	2016	7,457,699	621,059	9,702,895	(9,081,836)	-121.78%	-113.43%	-116.62%	-116.24%	-114.94%	-111.66%	-110.45%	-107.94%	-95.05%	-89.27%
E367.0	2017	8,913,400	413,404	8,532,436	(8,119,032)	-91.09%	-105.07%	-105.54%	-109.37%	-109.99%	-109.43%	-107.25%	-106.57%	-104.85%	-94.43%
E367.0	2018	10,258,657	331,668	12,286,503	(11,954,835)	-116.53%	-104.70%	-109.49%	-108.72%	-111.14%	-111.44%	-110.92%	-109.09%	-108.44%	-106.89%
E367.0	2019	8,399,623	311,142	11,402,649	(11,091,507)	-132.05%	-123.52%	-113.03%	-114.90%	-113.18%	-114.64%	-114.62%	-114.02%	-112.29%	-111.58%
E367.0	2020	7,897,689	259,386	14,179,432	(13,920,046)	-176.25%	-153.47%	-139.20%	-127.11%	-126.18%	-122.80%	-123.04%	-122.42%	-121.57%	-119.71%
E367.0	2021	11,707,089	893,163	14,792,659	(13,899,497)	-118.73%	-141.90%	-138.95%	-132.94%	-125.03%	-124.59%	-122.05%	-122.31%	-121.84%	-121.14%
E367.0	2022	36,984,243	1,078,065	18,254,255	(17,176,190)	-46.44%	-63.82%	-79.51%	-86.30%	-90.42%	-90.49%	-93.04%	-94.22%	-96.01%	-96.74%
E367.0	2023	31,558,261	818,345	17,519,826	(16,701,482)	-52.92%	-49.43%	-59.54%	-69.99%	-75.39%	-79.34%	-80.25%	-82.76%	-84.35%	-86.17%
E367.0	2024	37,319,079	642,480	17,075,683	(16,433,202)	-44.03%	-48.11%	-47.53%	-54.62%	-62.27%	-66.65%	-70.20%	-71.42%	-73.76%	-75.47%

E368.10 Line Transformers

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E368.10	2002	6,838,624	298,038	4,997,342	(4,699,304)	-68.72%									
E368.10	2003	6,248,788	376,230	6,666,636	(6,290,406)	-100.67%	-83.97%								
E368.10	2004	9,545,134	660,149	4,416,156	(3,756,007)	-39.35%	-63.61%	-65.15%							
E368.10	2005	8,524,165	2,924,573	6,495,110	(3,570,537)	-41.89%	-40.55%	-56.00%	-58.79%						
E368.10	2006	8,159,635	2,207,004	7,311,580	(5,104,576)	-62.56%	-52.00%	-47.39%	-57.64%	-59.57%					
E368.10	2007	6,175,056	1,133,589	6,162,022	(5,028,433)	-81.43%	-70.69%	-59.95%	-53.88%	-61.44%	-71.26%				
E368.10	2008	6,694,929	1,067,187	5,035,617	(3,968,430)	-59.28%	-69.91%	-67.06%	-59.80%	-54.80%	-61.12%	-62.12%			
E368.10	2009	8,369,267	1,288,462	9,070,745	(7,782,283)	-92.99%	-78.00%	-79.00%	-74.44%	-67.12%	-61.54%	-66.09%	-66.39%		
E368.10	2010	7,274,482	1,809,628	12,134,858	(10,325,230)	-141.94%	-115.75%	-98.82%	-95.06%	-87.83%	-79.16%	-72.22%	-75.13%	-74.49%	
E368.10	2011	6,804,985	1,703,031	12,795,902	(11,092,871)	-163.01%	-152.12%	-130.08%	-113.81%	-108.15%	-99.59%	-90.13%	-82.26%	-83.96%	-82.56%
E368.10	2012	6,792,647	1,638,875	14,037,283	(12,398,408)	-182.53%	-172.76%	-162.02%	-142.26%	-126.80%	-120.15%	-110.80%	-100.81%	-92.22%	-92.93%
E368.10	2013	6,133,203	1,021,598	12,649,799	(11,628,201)	-189.59%	-185.88%	-177.99%	-168.28%	-150.47%	-135.95%	-128.98%	-119.37%	-109.20%	-100.24%
E368.10	2014	4,823,137	806,957	6,521,601	(5,714,644)	-118.48%	-158.29%	-167.57%	-166.30%	-160.73%	-146.63%	-134.16%	-128.02%	-119.30%	-109.84%
E368.10	2015	6,394,263	621,569	9,115,504	(8,493,935)	-132.84%	-126.67%	-148.91%	-158.37%	-159.39%	-156.07%	-144.74%	-134.00%	-128.54%	-120.58%
E368.10	2016	5,379,533	568,742	7,784,039	(7,215,297)	-134.12%	-133.43%	-129.08%	-145.41%	-153.95%	-155.65%	-153.36%	-143.64%	-134.01%	-129.00%
E368.10	2017	3,111,511	508,010	7,877,433	(7,369,423)	-236.84%	-171.77%	-155.04%	-146.10%	-156.42%	-161.85%	-162.05%	-158.92%	-148.90%	-139.19%
E368.10	2018	3,688,838	327,211	6,433,011	(6,105,800)	-165.52%	-198.15%	-169.87%	-157.12%	-149.16%	-157.56%	-162.23%	-162.35%	-159.40%	-149.95%
E368.10	2019	2,156,854	197,553	5,184,535	(4,986,982)	-231.22%	-189.76%	-206.12%	-179.10%	-164.83%	-156.08%	-162.57%	-166.09%	-165.63%	-162.35%
E368.10	2020	2,901,019	18,099	5,392,113	(5,374,015)	-185.25%	-204.85%	-188.26%	-201.01%	-180.14%	-167.34%	-159.06%	-164.47%	-167.44%	-166.81%
E368.10	2021	2,559,909	0	4,050,033	(4,050,033)	-158.21%	-172.57%	-189.18%	-181.46%	-193.41%	-177.30%	-166.45%	-158.99%	-164.04%	-166.90%
E368.10	2022	1,736,695	0	4,143,737	(4,143,737)	-238.60%	-190.70%	-188.50%	-198.35%	-189.07%	-198.27%	-182.24%	-170.93%	-163.21%	-167.37%
E368.10	2023	3,049,358	0	3,499,666	(3,499,666)	-114.77%	-159.70%	-159.18%	-166.56%	-177.80%	-174.99%	-185.01%	-173.88%	-165.40%	-159.08%
E368.10	2024	2,749,790	0	4,971,328	(4,971,328)	-180.79%	-146.07%	-167.40%	-165.07%	-169.57%	-178.35%	-175.83%	-184.48%	-174.57%	-166.66%
E368.2 Capacitors															
E368.2	2002	2,132,215	0	1,038,013	(1,038,013)	-48.68%									
E368.2	2003	1,612,659	0	1,000,689	(1,000,689)	-62.05%	-54.44%								
E368.2	2004	2,049,833	0	705,681	(705,681)	-34.43%	-46.59%	-47.36%							
E368.2	2005	3,299,151	0	1,473,390	(1,473,390)	-44.66%	-40.74%	-45.68%	-46.38%						
E368.2	2006	3,533,732	0	2,210,543	(2,210,543)	-62.56%	-53.91%	-49.42%	-51.36%	-50.91%					
E368.2	2007	3,298,457	0	1,988,031	(1,988,031)	-60.27%	-61.45%	-55.98%	-52.36%	-53.49%	-66.29%				
E368.2	2008	4,050,715	0	2,141,136	(2,141,136)	-52.86%	-56.19%	-58.25%	-55.09%	-52.48%	-53.35%	-52.85%			
E368.2	2009	2,124,906	0	2,710,748	(2,710,748)	-127.57%	-78.57%	-72.20%	-69.58%	-64.54%	-61.17%	-61.24%	-60.03%		
E368.2	2010	3,178,058	0	2,788,123	(2,788,123)	-87.73%	-103.69%	-81.68%	-76.10%	-73.14%	-68.32%	-65.09%	-64.88%	-63.51%	
E368.2	2011	1,999,993	0	2,481,696	(2,481,696)	-124.09%	-101.77%	-109.28%	-89.15%	-82.65%	-78.74%	-73.51%	-70.11%	-69.59%	-67.96%
E368.2	2012	1,106,225	0	2,472,203	(2,472,203)	-223.48%	-159.48%	-123.20%	-124.30%	-101.08%	-92.53%	-87.04%	-80.85%	-76.99%	-76.07%
E368.2	2013	1,183,139	0	1,703,146	(1,703,146)	-143.95%	-182.38%	-155.20%	-126.49%	-126.73%	-104.79%	-96.13%	-90.33%	-83.99%	-80.06%
E368.2	2014	561,685	0	1,057,071	(1,057,071)	-188.20%	-158.19%	-183.53%	-159.02%	-130.80%	-130.13%	-108.09%	-99.08%	-92.94%	-86.40%
E368.2	2015	289,718	0	545,584	(545,584)	-188.32%	-188.24%	-162.48%	-183.97%	-160.67%	-132.81%	-131.74%	-109.70%	-100.53%	-94.24%
E368.2	2016	197,353	0	368,345	(368,345)	-186.64%	-187.64%	-187.94%	-164.62%	-184.13%	-161.63%	-134.05%	-132.76%	-110.73%	-101.48%
E368.2	2017	289,593	0	675,899	(675,899)	-233.40%	-214.45%	-204.70%	-197.77%	-172.52%	-188.06%	-165.32%	-137.32%	-135.42%	-113.10%
E368.2	2018	2,597,018	0	754,674	(754,674)	-29.06%	-49.56%	-58.33%	-69.49%	-86.44%	-99.73%	-121.72%	-122.30%	-112.66%	-115.00%
E368.2	2019	996,680	0	770,544	(770,544)	-77.31%	-42.44%	-56.68%	-62.97%	-71.28%	-84.59%	-96.08%	-115.59%	-117.44%	-109.82%

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E368.2	2020	5,420,774	0	817,691	(817,691)	-15.08%	-24.75%	-25.99%	-32.45%	-35.65%	-40.17%	-48.20%	-58.02%	-72.50%	-79.54%
E368.2	2021	699,293	0	642,909	(642,909)	-91.94%	-23.87%	-31.35%	-30.74%	-36.60%	-39.51%	-43.62%	-50.97%	-59.96%	-73.52%
E368.2	2022	1,532,253	0	1,048,811	(1,048,811)	-68.45%	-75.81%	-32.79%	-37.92%	-35.88%	-40.83%	-43.29%	-46.78%	-53.09%	-60.90%
E368.2	2023	1,164,918	0	767,892	(767,892)	-65.92%	-67.36%	-72.42%	-37.17%	-41.25%	-38.70%	-43.14%	-45.33%	-48.47%	-54.18%
E368.2	2024	252,792	0	985,215	(985,215)	-389.73%	-123.66%	-94.98%	-94.40%	-47.00%	-50.00%	-45.70%	-49.90%	-51.95%	-54.89%
E369.1. Services Overhead															
E369.1	2002	1,038,081	0	749,689	(749,689)	-72.22%									
E369.1	2003	1,025,086	0	1,548,725	(1,548,725)	-151.08%	-111.40%								
E369.1	2004	1,027,682	0	814,670	(814,670)	-79.27%	-115.13%	-100.72%							
E369.1	2005	1,041,822	0	772,800	(772,800)	-74.18%	-76.71%	-101.34%	-94.03%						
E369.1	2006	1,102,830	0	974,437	(974,437)	-88.36%	-81.47%	-80.76%	-97.93%	-92.83%					
E369.1	2007	1,140,214	0	956,222	(956,222)	-83.86%	-86.07%	-82.30%	-81.58%	-94.93%	-106.95%				
E369.1	2008	1,258,686	0	1,002,126	(1,002,126)	-79.62%	-81.64%	-83.75%	-81.56%	-81.14%	-92.01%	-89.32%			
E369.1	2009	1,144,298	0	1,285,279	(1,285,279)	-112.32%	-95.19%	-91.55%	-90.79%	-87.75%	-86.45%	-95.01%	-92.31%		
E369.1	2010	1,136,733	0	1,785,466	(1,785,466)	-157.07%	-134.62%	-115.06%	-107.46%	-103.82%	-99.29%	-96.67%	-102.96%	-99.74%	
E369.1	2011	1,121,215	0	2,179,344	(2,179,344)	-194.37%	-175.59%	-154.31%	-134.14%	-124.26%	-118.52%	-112.71%	-108.88%	-113.21%	-109.35%
E369.1	2012	1,023,796	0	2,572,625	(2,572,625)	-251.28%	-221.54%	-199.21%	-176.74%	-155.24%	-143.31%	-135.67%	-128.53%	-123.46%	-126.03%
E369.1	2013	1,145,022	0	2,160,701	(2,160,701)	-188.70%	-218.24%	-210.11%	-196.49%	-179.20%	-160.85%	-149.83%	-142.36%	-135.34%	-130.17%
E369.1	2014	1,143,357	0	1,869,850	(1,869,850)	-163.54%	-176.13%	-199.36%	-198.10%	-189.73%	-176.53%	-161.23%	-151.55%	-144.73%	-138.20%
E369.1	2015	1,156,130	0	2,428,230	(2,428,230)	-210.03%	-186.91%	-187.51%	-202.12%	-200.57%	-193.22%	-181.45%	-167.41%	-158.14%	-151.37%
E369.1	2016	1,145,814	0	3,294,754	(3,294,754)	-287.55%	-248.62%	-220.38%	-212.48%	-219.56%	-215.36%	-206.95%	-194.94%	-180.81%	-171.13%
E369.1	2017	1,229,739	0	4,345,943	(4,345,943)	-353.40%	-321.64%	-285.10%	-255.37%	-242.26%	-243.61%	-236.68%	-226.73%	-213.96%	-199.26%
E369.1	2018	1,148,055	0	4,879,643	(4,879,643)	-425.04%	-387.99%	-355.33%	-319.43%	-288.82%	-272.37%	-269.67%	-260.41%	-248.95%	-235.22%
E369.1	2019	1,276,119	0	7,133,958	(7,133,958)	-559.04%	-495.58%	-447.73%	-409.49%	-370.77%	-337.39%	-316.74%	-309.51%	-297.09%	-283.28%
E369.1	2020	1,151,468	0	9,880,086	(9,880,086)	-858.04%	-700.86%	-612.30%	-546.05%	-496.28%	-449.71%	-410.06%	-383.08%	-370.13%	-353.06%
E369.1	2021	1,071,739	0	13,974,572	(13,974,572)	-1303.92%	-1072.98%	-885.56%	-771.80%	-684.25%	-619.53%	-561.64%	-512.82%	-477.36%	-457.22%
E369.1	2022	2,974	0	11,749,986	(11,749,986)	-395053.14%	-2393.62%	-1599.36%	-1220.30%	-1023.97%	-883.73%	-786.50%	-705.05%	-638.65%	-589.45%
E369.1	2023	4,453	0	8,658,279	(8,658,279)	-194451.40%	-274786.63%	-3186.06%	-1984.32%	-1465.65%	-1209.00%	-1030.20%	-909.16%	-810.43%	-731.15%
E369.1	2024	0	0	10,232,877	(10,232,877)	NA	-424265.79%	-412566.96%	-4134.28%	-2443.06%	-1757.46%	-1428.83%	-1204.09%	-1054.71%	-935.42%
E369.2 Services Underground															
E369.2	2002	1,927,631	29,519	910,648	(881,129)	-45.71%									
E369.2	2003	857,077	0	909,899	(909,899)	-106.16%	-64.32%								
E369.2	2004	1,059,854	0	489,194	(489,194)	-46.16%	-72.99%	-59.31%							
E369.2	2005	1,101,550	0	658,671	(658,671)	-59.79%	-53.11%	-68.17%	-59.42%						
E369.2	2006	1,174,272	0	770,120	(770,120)	-65.58%	-62.78%	-57.50%	-67.45%	-60.60%					
E369.2	2007	1,441,098	0	842,307	(842,307)	-58.45%	-61.65%	-61.10%	-57.79%	-65.15%	-71.55%				
E369.2	2008	1,999,103	0	859,149	(859,149)	-42.98%	-49.46%	-53.56%	-54.76%	-53.42%	-59.34%	-56.59%			
E369.2	2009	1,049,583	0	888,802	(888,802)	-84.68%	-57.33%	-57.69%	-59.33%	-59.40%	-57.61%	-62.40%	-59.37%		
E369.2	2010	643,080	0	739,728	(739,728)	-115.03%	-96.21%	-67.38%	-64.88%	-65.01%	-64.23%	-61.97%	-66.03%	-62.55%	
E369.2	2011	546,691	0	745,953	(745,953)	-136.45%	-124.87%	-106.03%	-76.29%	-71.77%	-70.71%	-69.20%	-66.49%	-69.93%	-65.97%
E369.2	2012	450,862	0	762,237	(762,237)	-169.06%	-151.19%	-137.02%	-116.60%	-85.21%	-78.92%	-76.78%	-74.55%	-71.37%	-74.26%

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E369.2	2013	915,502	0	952,970	(952,970)	-104.09%	-125.53%	-128.65%	-125.22%	-113.42%	-88.30%	-82.19%	-79.82%	-77.45%	-74.26%
E369.2	2014	982,809	0	2,031,568	(2,031,568)	-206.71%	-157.22%	-159.49%	-155.14%	-147.85%	-133.40%	-105.96%	-97.43%	-93.37%	-89.78%
E369.2	2015	994,540	0	2,918,049	(2,918,049)	-293.41%	-250.32%	-204.04%	-199.32%	-190.49%	-179.78%	-161.91%	-130.55%	-119.03%	-112.88%
E369.2	2016	681,038	0	2,538,034	(2,538,034)	-372.67%	-325.62%	-281.66%	-236.17%	-228.66%	-217.63%	-204.98%	-184.82%	-150.50%	-136.83%
E369.2	2017	587,989	0	2,296,672	(2,296,672)	-390.60%	-380.98%	-342.50%	-301.39%	-257.99%	-249.30%	-237.34%	-223.79%	-202.48%	-166.45%
E369.2	2018	603,515	0	2,348,178	(2,348,178)	-389.08%	-389.83%	-383.59%	-352.31%	-315.14%	-274.59%	-265.47%	-253.23%	-239.36%	-217.58%
E369.2	2019	571,517	0	2,581,529	(2,581,529)	-451.70%	-419.54%	-409.89%	-399.52%	-368.83%	-332.79%	-293.56%	-283.86%	-271.14%	-256.75%
E369.2	2020	474,274	0	1,997,218	(1,997,218)	-421.11%	-437.83%	-419.99%	-412.27%	-403.03%	-375.16%	-341.35%	-303.97%	-294.26%	-281.59%
E369.2	2021	586,486	0	2,521,756	(2,521,756)	-429.98%	-426.01%	-435.01%	-422.61%	-415.94%	-407.54%	-382.31%	-350.83%	-315.52%	-305.88%
E369.2	2022	56,710	0	3,250,409	(3,250,409)	-5731.58%	-897.42%	-695.27%	-612.85%	-553.94%	-520.60%	-492.31%	-448.89%	-405.92%	-363.11%
E369.2	2023	28,532	0	2,780,471	(2,780,471)	-9745.11%	-7074.97%	-1273.23%	-920.58%	-764.56%	-666.93%	-611.07%	-565.85%	-506.75%	-453.78%
E369.2	2024	358	0	4,420,798	(4,420,798)	-1235619.01%	-24926.73%	-12209.87%	-1930.32%	-1305.93%	-1021.74%	-857.26%	-762.95%	-688.92%	-603.13%
E370.1 Meters															
E370.1	2002	1,385,966	1,680	199,523	(197,843)	-14.27%									
E370.1	2003	612,799	0	0	-	0.00%	-9.90%								
E370.1	2004	1,191,727	2,310	0	2,310	0.19%	0.13%	-6.13%							
E370.1	2005	1,041,004	5,155	0	5,155	0.50%	0.33%	0.26%	-4.50%						
E370.1	2006	660,803	0	0	-	0.00%	0.30%	0.26%	0.21%	-3.89%					
E370.1	2007	974,482	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.19%	0.19%	0.17%	-3.18%				
E370.1	2008	841,168	4,000	0	4,000	0.48%	0.22%	0.16%	0.26%	0.24%	0.22%	-2.78%			
E370.1	2009	1,334,466	0	0	-	0.00%	0.18%	0.13%	0.10%	0.19%	0.19%	0.17%	-2.32%		
E370.1	2010	50,205,729	13,645	200,601	(186,956)	-0.37%	-0.36%	-0.35%	-0.34%	-0.34%	-0.32%	-0.31%	-0.31%	-0.64%	
E370.1	2011	22,780,122	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.26%	-0.25%	-0.24%	-0.24%	-0.24%	-0.23%	-0.22%	-0.22%	-0.46%
E370.1	2012	3,233,200	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.25%	-0.24%	-0.23%	-0.23%	-0.23%	-0.22%	-0.21%	-0.21%
E370.1	2013	15,458,372	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.20%	-0.20%	-0.19%	-0.19%	-0.19%	-0.18%	-0.18%
E370.1	2014	160,412	0	-458	458	0.29%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.20%	-0.20%	-0.19%	-0.19%	-0.19%	-0.18%
E370.1	2015	283,030	0	406	(406)	-0.14%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.20%	-0.20%	-0.19%	-0.19%	-0.19%
E370.1	2016	14,177	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.14%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.20%	-0.20%	-0.19%	-0.19%
E370.1	2017	63,754	0	-18,595	18,595	29.17%	23.86%	5.04%	3.58%	0.12%	0.10%	0.04%	-0.18%	-0.18%	-0.17%
E370.1	2018	114,506	0	0	-	0.00%	10.43%	9.66%	3.83%	2.93%	0.12%	0.10%	0.04%	-0.18%	-0.18%
E370.1	2019	33,611	0	20	(20)	-0.06%	-0.01%	8.77%	8.22%	3.57%	2.78%	0.12%	0.10%	0.04%	-0.18%
E370.1	2020	84,375	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.01%	6.27%	5.98%	3.06%	2.47%	0.11%	0.10%	0.04%
E370.1	2021	339	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.01%	6.26%	5.98%	3.06%	2.47%	0.11%	0.10%
E370.1	2022	7,476	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.01%	6.11%	5.84%	3.02%	2.45%	0.11%
E370.1	2023	76	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.01%	6.11%	5.84%	3.02%	2.45%
E370.1	2024	1,801	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.01%	6.07%	5.80%	3.01%
E370.11 Meters Electronic															
E370.11	2012	1,650	0	0	-	0.00%									
E370.11	2013	54,647	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
E370.11	2014	37,719	0	-2	2	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
E370.11	2015	62,424	0	2	(2)	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						

	Activity		Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %
E370.11	2016	1,197,736	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
E370.11	2017	221,003	0	-71	71	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
E370.11	2018	236	0	0	-	0.00%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
E370.11	2019	41,060	0	0	(0)	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
E370.11	2020	53,850	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
E370.11	2021	754,357	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E370.11	2022	2,881,431	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E370.11	2023	2,900,506	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E370.11	2024	2,896,902	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E370.2 Meter Installations															
E370.2	2002	837,802	0	566,638	(566,638)	-67.63%									
E370.2	2003	351,782	0	473,710	(473,710)	-134.66%	-87.45%								
E370.2	2004	735,060	0	272,555	(272,555)	-37.08%	-68.66%	-68.22%							
E370.2	2005	633,344	0	353,167	(353,167)	-55.76%	-45.73%	-63.91%	-65.13%						
E370.2	2006	400,944	0	385,291	(385,291)	-96.10%	-71.40%	-57.14%	-70.00%	-69.33%					
E370.2	2007	611,272	0	375,532	(375,532)	-61.43%	-75.16%	-67.70%	-58.24%	-68.08%	-78.79%				
E370.2	2008	504,498	0	385,970	(385,970)	-76.51%	-68.25%	-75.61%	-69.76%	-61.44%	-69.39%	-69.03%			
E370.2	2009	767,962	0	486,663	(486,663)	-63.37%	-68.58%	-66.26%	-71.50%	-68.08%	-61.84%	-68.24%	-68.13%		
E370.2	2010	31,970,040	0	3,300,512	(3,300,512)	-10.32%	-11.57%	-12.55%	-13.44%	-14.40%	-15.15%	-15.61%	-16.77%	-17.93%	
E370.2	2011	13,488,927	0	0	-	0.00%	-7.26%	-8.19%	-8.93%	-9.61%	-10.33%	-10.93%	-11.32%	-12.20%	-13.12%
E370.2	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	-7.26%	-8.19%	-8.93%	-9.61%	-10.33%	-10.93%	-11.32%	-12.20%
E370.2	2013	2,050,704	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-6.95%	-7.84%	-8.55%	-9.21%	-9.91%	-10.48%	-10.87%
E370.2	2014	419,918	0	-67	67	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-6.89%	-7.78%	-8.48%	-9.13%	-9.83%	-10.40%
E370.2	2015	637,430	0	60	(60)	-0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-6.80%	-7.68%	-8.37%	-9.02%	-9.70%
E370.2	2016	31,309	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.01%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-6.79%	-7.67%	-8.37%	-9.01%
E370.2	2017	193,843	0	-2,728	2,728	1.41%	1.21%	0.31%	0.21%	0.08%	0.08%	0.02%	-6.76%	-7.64%	-8.33%
E370.2	2018	172,847	0	-531	531	0.31%	0.89%	0.82%	0.31%	0.22%	0.09%	0.09%	0.02%	-6.73%	-7.61%
E370.2	2019	114,396	0	2	(2)	0.00%	0.18%	0.68%	0.64%	0.28%	0.21%	0.09%	0.09%	0.02%	-6.72%
E370.2	2020	250,416	0	-26	26	0.01%	0.01%	0.10%	0.45%	0.43%	0.23%	0.18%	0.08%	0.08%	0.02%
E370.2	2021	858	0	0	-	0.00%	0.01%	0.01%	0.10%	0.45%	0.43%	0.23%	0.18%	0.08%	0.08%
E370.2	2022	0	0	3,860	(3,860)	NA	-449.88%	-1.53%	-1.05%	-0.61%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.05%	-0.03%	-0.01%
E370.2	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	-449.88%	-1.53%	-1.05%	-0.61%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.05%	-0.03%
E370.2	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	-449.88%	-1.53%	-1.05%	-0.61%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.05%
E370.21 Meter Instllations Electronic															
E370.21	2012	253	0	0	-	0.00%									
E370.21	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								
E370.21	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%							
E370.21	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%						
E370.21	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%					
E370.21	2017	2,613	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
E370.21	2018	46	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E370.21	2019	50,554	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
E370.21	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
E370.21	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
E370.21	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
E370.21	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
E370.21	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
E371.0 Installations - Cust Prem															
371	2002	107,921	0	47,304	(47,304)	-43.83%									
371	2003	77,439	0	49,367	(49,367)	-63.75%	-52.15%								
371	2004	47,707	0	18,652	(18,652)	-39.10%	-54.35%	-49.48%							
371	2005	58,589	0	28,735	(28,735)	-49.04%	-44.58%	-52.66%	-49.39%						
371	2006	77,105	0	38,205	(38,205)	-49.55%	-49.33%	-46.67%	-51.74%	-49.43%					
371	2007	67,157	0	45,092	(45,092)	-67.14%	-57.74%	-55.23%	-52.16%	-54.89%	-62.70%				
371	2008	82,160	0	45,954	(45,954)	-55.93%	-60.97%	-57.08%	-55.43%	-53.09%	-55.10%	-52.75%			
371	2009	42,329	0	39,310	(39,310)	-92.87%	-68.49%	-68.02%	-62.72%	-60.27%	-57.58%	-58.63%	-55.78%		
371	2010	42,563	0	43,004	(43,004)	-101.04%	-96.96%	-76.78%	-74.02%	-67.96%	-64.96%	-62.01%	-62.28%	-58.98%	
371	2011	38,783	450	46,338	(45,888)	-118.32%	-109.28%	-103.66%	-84.61%	-80.31%	-73.54%	-70.03%	-66.79%	-66.35%	-62.56%
371	2012	15,210	0	16,630	(16,630)	-109.33%	-115.79%	-109.29%	-104.28%	-86.31%	-81.84%	-75.03%	-71.44%	-68.17%	-67.54%
371	2013	25,674	0	29,998	(29,998)	-116.84%	-114.05%	-116.13%	-110.87%	-106.24%	-89.49%	-84.71%	-77.77%	-74.03%	-70.68%
371	2014	32,607	0	40,548	(40,548)	-124.35%	-121.04%	-118.62%	-118.52%	-113.71%	-109.24%	-93.56%	-88.44%	-81.36%	-77.43%
371	2015	21,462	0	28,300	(28,300)	-131.86%	-127.33%	-123.95%	-121.61%	-120.66%	-115.92%	-111.46%	-96.29%	-90.97%	-83.79%
371	2016	20,863	0	29,075	(29,075)	-139.36%	-135.56%	-130.68%	-127.15%	-124.81%	-123.18%	-118.40%	-113.89%	-99.08%	-93.57%
371	2017	21,930	0	234,263	(234,263)	-1068.21%	-615.38%	-453.87%	-342.94%	-295.57%	-275.01%	-240.58%	-213.47%	-193.95%	-160.94%
371	2018	11,280	0	126,761	(126,761)	-1123.74%	-1087.07%	-721.43%	-553.91%	-424.39%	-365.38%	-339.25%	-293.63%	-258.05%	-232.41%
371	2019	21,887	0	101,393	(101,393)	-463.25%	-687.88%	-839.26%	-647.04%	-533.54%	-430.93%	-379.14%	-355.13%	-311.33%	-275.85%
371	2020	12,773	0	104,734	(104,734)	-819.98%	-594.71%	-724.61%	-835.63%	-671.93%	-566.74%	-465.73%	-412.56%	-387.45%	-340.54%
371	2021	15,382	0	126,327	(126,327)	-821.27%	-820.68%	-664.35%	-748.85%	-832.98%	-693.99%	-597.92%	-500.30%	-446.76%	-420.97%
371	2022	35	0	254,214	(254,214)	-717107.08%	-2468.27%	-1721.44%	-1171.52%	-1162.74%	-1137.85%	-937.84%	-800.13%	-660.86%	-584.91%
371	2023	15	0	197,138	(197,138)	-1285124.12%	-888664.11%	-3743.23%	-2419.44%	-1564.71%	-1483.66%	-1374.29%	-1126.96%	-956.95%	-785.38%
371	2024	107	0	180,955	(180,955)	-169799.54%	-310141.42%	-401822.49%	-4882.07%	-3049.48%	-1921.86%	-1775.42%	-1589.48%	-1299.34%	-1100.06%
E373.2 St Lightg & Signal Sys															
373.2	2002	332,873	0	242,961	(242,961)	-72.99%									
373.2	2003	290,335	0	233,893	(233,893)	-80.56%	-76.52%								
373.2	2004	238,753	0	125,975	(125,975)	-52.76%	-68.02%	-69.94%							
373.2	2005	403,115	0	243,410	(243,410)	-60.38%	-57.55%	-64.72%	-66.89%						
373.2	2006	605,778	0	402,242	(402,242)	-66.40%	-64.00%	-61.85%	-65.38%	-66.73%					
373.2	2007	574,500	0	308,088	(308,088)	-53.63%	-60.18%	-60.23%	-59.26%	-62.18%	-103.76%				
373.2	2008	829,237	1	980,610	(980,609)	-118.25%	-91.80%	-84.15%	-80.18%	-77.71%	-77.99%	-77.48%			
373.2	2009	92,183	0	197,183	(197,183)	-213.90%	-127.82%	-99.33%	-89.84%	-85.10%	-82.28%	-82.12%	-81.22%		
373.2	2010	130,448	0	138,023	(138,023)	-105.81%	-150.57%	-125.09%	-99.85%	-90.77%	-86.12%	-83.35%	-83.10%	-82.13%	
373.2	2011	114,347	0	180,696	(180,696)	-158.02%	-130.20%	-153.10%	-128.32%	-103.67%	-94.05%	-89.11%	-86.21%	-85.71%	-84.54%

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
373.2	2012	87,067	0	140,951	(140,951)	-161.89%	-159.69%	-138.51%	-154.90%	-130.65%	-106.44%	-96.48%	-91.35%	-88.35%	-87.68%
373.2	2013	75,686	0	131,284	(131,284)	-173.46%	-167.27%	-163.45%	-145.00%	-157.71%	-133.09%	-109.11%	-98.80%	-93.48%	-90.40%
373.2	2014	117,595	1,036	218,591	(217,555)	-185.00%	-180.48%	-174.71%	-169.87%	-153.96%	-162.91%	-137.31%	-113.52%	-102.66%	-97.03%
373.2	2015	140,641	0	276,454	(276,454)	-196.57%	-191.30%	-187.26%	-182.01%	-176.89%	-162.96%	-169.16%	-142.56%	-118.93%	-107.43%
373.2	2016	105,038	0	217,307	(217,307)	-206.88%	-200.98%	-195.81%	-191.95%	-186.98%	-181.81%	-168.95%	-173.75%	-146.55%	-123.00%
373.2	2017	127,752	0	513,917	(513,917)	-402.28%	-314.11%	-269.84%	-249.52%	-239.37%	-229.05%	-218.47%	-202.12%	-203.22%	-164.50%
373.2	2018	112,206	0	294,223	(294,223)	-262.22%	-336.78%	-297.23%	-268.08%	-251.89%	-243.14%	-233.91%	-224.05%	-208.79%	-209.22%
373.2	2019	82,769	0	306,099	(306,099)	-369.82%	-307.90%	-345.26%	-311.28%	-282.90%	-266.12%	-256.91%	-247.16%	-236.58%	-220.98%
373.2	2020	63,582	0	223,724	(223,724)	-351.86%	-362.02%	-318.71%	-346.35%	-316.53%	-289.83%	-273.39%	-264.22%	-254.46%	-243.72%
373.2	2021	65,672	0	371,306	(371,306)	-565.39%	-460.35%	-425.01%	-368.68%	-378.17%	-345.87%	-315.77%	-296.91%	-286.42%	-275.34%
373.2	2022	170,118	0	267,248	(267,248)	-157.10%	-270.81%	-288.03%	-305.74%	-295.87%	-317.72%	-301.71%	-284.67%	-272.77%	-265.69%
373.2	2023	373,040	0	232,819	(232,819)	-62.41%	-92.07%	-143.12%	-162.86%	-185.54%	-195.46%	-222.01%	-220.57%	-217.85%	-215.00%
373.2	2024	542,993	0	448,258	(448,258)	-82.55%	-74.35%	-87.31%	-114.57%	-126.98%	-142.47%	-151.99%	-172.78%	-174.96%	-176.66%
E390.0 Structure and Improve															
E390.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
E390.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
E390.0	2004	1,677	0	14	(14)	-0.82%	-0.82%	-0.82%							
E390.0	2005	117,816	0	4,726	(4,726)	-4.01%	-3.97%	-3.97%	-3.97%						
E390.0	2006	0	0	54,866	(54,866)	NA	-50.58%	-49.88%	-49.88%	-49.88%					
E390.0	2007	188,541	0	107,838	(107,838)	-57.20%	-86.30%	-54.65%	-54.36%	-54.36%	-60.20%				
E390.0	2008	43,324	0	17,982	(17,982)	-41.51%	-54.26%	-77.93%	-53.02%	-52.77%	-52.77%	-52.77%			
E390.0	2009	37,658	0	10,112	(10,112)	-26.85%	-34.69%	-50.43%	-70.79%	-50.48%	-50.26%	-50.26%	-50.26%		
E390.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	-26.85%	-34.69%	-50.43%	-70.79%	-50.48%	-50.26%	-50.26%	-50.26%	
E390.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	-26.85%	-34.69%	-50.43%	-70.79%	-50.48%	-50.26%	-50.26%	-50.26%
E390.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	-26.85%	-34.69%	-50.43%	-70.79%	-50.48%	-50.26%	-50.26%
E390.0	2013	14,193	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-19.50%	-29.52%	-47.91%	-67.25%	-48.69%	-48.50%
E390.0	2014	0	0	-5	5	NA	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	-19.49%	-29.51%	-47.91%	-67.25%	-48.69%
E390.0	2015	657,531	0	3,838	(3,838)	-0.58%	-0.58%	-0.57%	-0.57%	-0.57%	-0.57%	-1.97%	-4.24%	-14.85%	-20.68%
E390.0	2016	449,415	0	4,533	(4,533)	-1.01%	-0.76%	-0.76%	-0.75%	-0.75%	-0.75%	-0.75%	-1.59%	-3.03%	-10.38%
E390.0	2017	0	0	218	(218)	NA	-1.06%	-0.78%	-0.78%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-1.61%	-3.05%
E390.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	-1.06%	-0.78%	-0.78%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-1.61%
E390.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	-1.06%	-0.78%	-0.78%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%	-0.77%
E390.0	2020	0	0	218	(218)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1.11%	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.79%	-0.79%	-0.79%
E390.0	2021	0	0	55	(55)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1.12%	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.79%	-0.79%
E390.0	2022	0	0	49	(49)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1.13%	-0.80%	-0.80%	-0.79%
E390.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1.13%	-0.80%	-0.80%
E390.0	2024	138,691	0	1,496	(1,496)	-1.08%	-1.08%	-1.11%	-1.15%	-1.31%	-1.31%	-1.31%	-1.47%	-1.12%	-0.84%
E392.2 Transportation Eq Trailers															
E392.2	2013	0	0	0	-	NA									
E392.2	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
E392.2	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							

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E392.2	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E392.2	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E392.2	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
E392.2	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
E392.2	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
E392.2	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E392.2	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
E392.2	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
E392.2	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
E393.1 Stores Equip- Other															
393.1	2009	1,498	0	0	-	0.00%									
393.1	2010	33,683	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
393.1	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%							
393.1	2012	1,684	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
393.1	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
393.1	2014	1,745	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
393.1	2015	7,174	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
393.1	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
393.1	2017	5,605	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
393.1	2018	2,940	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
393.1	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E394.11 Portable Tools- Other															
E394.11	2002	37,147	81	0	81	0.22%									
E394.11	2003	74,230	0	0	-	0.00%	0.07%								
E394.11	2004	0	1,650	0	1,650	NA	2.22%	1.55%							
E394.11	2005	0	200	0	200	NA	NA	2.49%	1.73%						
E394.11	2006	227,349	29,039	0	29,039	12.77%	12.86%	13.59%	10.24%	9.14%					
E394.11	2007	230,011	-25,000	0	(25,000)	-10.87%	0.88%	0.93%	1.29%	1.11%	1.10%				
E394.11	2008	127,711	275	0	275	0.22%	-6.91%	0.74%	0.77%	1.05%	0.93%	0.90%			
E394.11	2009	107,057	2,737	0	2,737	2.56%	1.28%	-4.73%	1.02%	1.05%	1.29%	1.16%	1.12%		
E394.11	2010	217,139	200	0	200	0.09%	0.91%	0.71%	-3.20%	0.80%	0.82%	1.00%	0.93%	0.90%	
E394.11	2011	159,175	10,250	0	10,250	6.44%	2.78%	2.73%	2.20%	-1.37%	1.64%	1.66%	1.81%	1.69%	1.65%
E394.11	2012	337,920	368	0	368	0.11%	2.14%	1.51%	1.65%	1.46%	-0.95%	1.27%	1.28%	1.40%	1.33%
E394.11	2013	401,276	0	0	-	0.00%	0.05%	1.18%	0.97%	1.11%	1.02%	-0.71%	0.99%	1.00%	1.09%
E394.11	2014	253,246	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.92%	0.79%	0.92%	0.86%	-0.61%	0.87%	0.88%
E394.11	2015	156,665	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	0.81%	0.71%	0.83%	0.79%	-0.56%	0.81%

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
395.1	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
395.1	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
395.1	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2012	18,618	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2013	25,227	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2015	3,975	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%
395.1	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%
E397.1 Communication Equip- Other															
E397.1	2002	88,662	0	39,460	(39,460)	-44.51%									
E397.1	2003	677,367	0	407,751	(407,751)	-60.20%	-58.38%								
E397.1	2004	263,477	0	215,899	(215,899)	-81.94%	-66.29%	-64.41%							
E397.1	2005	521,313	0	153,256	(153,256)	-29.40%	-47.04%	-53.13%	-52.64%						
E397.1	2006	380,088	0	243,207	(243,207)	-63.99%	-43.98%	-52.57%	-55.37%	-54.87%					
E397.1	2007	311,217	0	206,173	(206,173)	-66.25%	-65.00%	-49.70%	-55.45%	-56.94%	-69.18%				
E397.1	2008	780,637	0	285,328	(285,328)	-36.55%	-45.02%	-49.91%	-44.55%	-48.91%	-51.52%	-51.31%			
E397.1	2009	839,756	0	771,639	(771,639)	-91.89%	-65.23%	-65.39%	-65.16%	-58.58%	-60.57%	-60.50%	-60.13%		
E397.1	2010	217,387	0	349,395	(349,395)	-160.72%	-106.04%	-76.53%	-75.04%	-73.38%	-65.86%	-67.14%	-65.96%	-65.49%	
E397.1	2011	630,006	0	674,143	(674,143)	-107.01%	-120.79%	-106.40%	-84.31%	-82.28%	-80.08%	-72.90%	-73.51%	-71.56%	-71.05%
E397.1	2012	219,106	0	650,138	(650,138)	-296.72%	-155.96%	-156.93%	-128.28%	-101.63%	-97.96%	-94.13%	-85.48%	-85.26%	-81.75%
E397.1	2013	86,025	0	109,325	(109,325)	-127.09%	-248.90%	-153.30%	-154.70%	-128.23%	-102.42%	-98.77%	-94.95%	-86.38%	-86.10%
E397.1	2014	317,399	0	108,848	(108,848)	-34.29%	-54.08%	-139.48%	-123.15%	-128.70%	-115.32%	-95.42%	-92.75%	-89.86%	-82.54%
E397.1	2015	241,376	0	203,507	(203,507)	-84.31%	-55.90%	-65.40%	-124.07%	-116.87%	-122.44%	-112.38%	-94.62%	-92.19%	-89.53%
E397.1	2016	136,782	0	257,863	(257,863)	-188.52%	-122.00%	-81.98%	-86.94%	-132.88%	-122.88%	-127.33%	-116.26%	-98.32%	-95.68%
E397.1	2017	11,840	0	276,855	(276,855)	-2338.41%	-359.79%	-189.29%	-119.75%	-120.54%	-158.67%	-138.85%	-141.41%	-126.00%	-105.94%
E397.1	2018	5,948,668	0	555,508	(555,508)	-9.34%	-13.96%	-17.88%	-20.41%	-21.07%	-22.42%	-31.06%	-37.36%	-40.80%	-45.76%
E397.1	2019	47,932	0	1,047,793	(1,047,793)	-2185.98%	-26.74%	-31.29%	-34.79%	-36.66%	-36.55%	-37.70%	-45.80%	-50.84%	-53.88%
E397.1	2020	266,139	0	199,607	(199,607)	-75.00%	-397.17%	-28.79%	-33.15%	-36.46%	-38.20%	-38.02%	-39.10%	-46.86%	-51.66%
E397.1	2021	287,150	0	-101,406	101,406	35.31%	-17.75%	-190.61%	-25.98%	-30.15%	-33.38%	-35.16%	-35.12%	-36.19%	-43.74%
E397.1	2022	120,040	0	204,162	(204,162)	-170.08%	-25.24%	-44.91%	-187.19%	-28.57%	-32.66%	-35.79%	-37.45%	-37.31%	-38.35%
E397.1	2023	793,878	0	237,741	(237,741)	-29.95%	-48.35%	-28.35%	-36.81%	-104.80%	-28.72%	-32.38%	-35.18%	-36.69%	-36.60%
E397.1	2024	943,083	0	229,593	(229,593)	-24.34%	-26.91%	-36.16%	-26.59%	-31.93%	-73.94%	-28.23%	-31.48%	-33.99%	-35.37%

E397.2 Communication Equip- SWPL

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
397.2	2013	0	0	0	-	NA									
397.2	2014	0	0	15	(15)	NA	NA								
397.2	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
397.2	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
397.2	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
397.2	2018	1,744,232	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
397.2	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
397.2	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
397.2	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%					
397.2	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%				
397.2	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%			
397.2	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%		
E397.6 Communication Equip- SRPL															
397.6	2013	0	0	0	-	NA									
397.6	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
397.6	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
397.6	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
397.6	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
397.6	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
397.6	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
397.6	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
397.6	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
397.6	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
397.6	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
397.6	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
E397.70-Commun Dev - Telecom															
397.7	2020	0	0	-884	884										
397.7	2021	0	0	38,501	(38,501)										
397.7	2022	0	0	177,660	(177,660)										
397.7	2023	0	0	92,110	(92,110)										
397.7	2024	0	0	136,615	(136,615)										
E398.1 Misc Equip- Other															
398.1	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
398.1	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
398.1	2004	41,572	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
398.1	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
398.1	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
398.1	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
398.1	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
398.1	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		

G361.0 Structures and Improv

G363.6 LNG Distrib Storage Eq

G363.3	2013	0	0	0	-	NA
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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G363.3	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G363.3	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G363.3	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G363.3	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G363.3	2018	73,362	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G363.3	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G363.3	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G363.3	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%					
G363.3	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%				
G363.3	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%			
G363.3	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%		
G366.0 Structures and Improv															
G366.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G366.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G366.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G366.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G366.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G366.0	2007	11,135	0	3	(3)	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%				
G366.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%	-0.03%			
G366.0	2009	6,654	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%		
G366.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	
G366.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%
G366.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%	-0.02%
G366.0	2013	9,523	0	153,786	(153,786)	-1614.96%	-1614.96%	-1614.96%	-1614.96%	-950.67%	-950.67%	-563.09%	-563.09%	-563.09%	-563.09%
G366.0	2014	0	0	144,152	(144,152)	NA	-3128.76%	-3128.76%	-3128.76%	-3128.76%	-1841.79%	-1841.79%	-1090.90%	-1090.90%	-1090.90%
G366.0	2015	76,247	0	183,724	(183,724)	-240.96%	-430.02%	-561.58%	-561.58%	-561.58%	-561.58%	-521.15%	-521.15%	-465.11%	-465.11%
G366.0	2016	0	0	15,101	(15,101)	NA	-260.76%	-449.82%	-579.18%	-579.18%	-579.18%	-579.18%	-537.48%	-537.48%	-479.70%
G366.0	2017	0	0	636	(636)	NA	NA	-261.60%	-450.66%	-579.92%	-579.92%	-579.92%	-579.92%	-538.17%	-538.17%
G366.0	2018	0	0	6,257	(6,257)	NA	NA	NA	-269.81%	-458.86%	-587.22%	-587.22%	-587.22%	-587.22%	-544.94%
G366.0	2019	0	0	38,845	(38,845)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-320.75%	-509.81%	-632.51%	-632.51%	-632.51%	-632.51%
G366.0	2020	0	0	871	(871)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-321.89%	-510.95%	-633.52%	-633.52%	-633.52%
G366.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-321.89%	-510.95%	-633.52%	-633.52%
G366.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-321.89%	-510.95%	-633.52%
G366.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-321.89%	-510.95%
G366.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-321.89%
G367.0 Mains															
G367.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G367.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G367.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G367.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G367.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G367.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
G367.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
G367.0	2009	0	1,560	1,560	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
G367.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
G367.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G367.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G367.0	2013	146,595	2,885	63,883	(60,998)	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%
G367.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%	-41.61%
G367.0	2015	142,843	0	66,750	(66,750)	-46.73%	-46.73%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%	-44.14%
G367.0	2016	86,106	0	81,016	(81,016)	-94.09%	-64.54%	-64.54%	-55.59%	-55.59%	-55.59%	-55.59%	-55.59%	-55.59%	-55.59%
G367.0	2017	0	0	2,504,872	(2,504,872)	NA	-3003.14%	-1158.62%	-1158.62%	-722.59%	-722.59%	-722.59%	-722.59%	-722.59%	-722.59%
G367.0	2018	0	0	1,730,715	(1,730,715)	NA	NA	-5013.11%	-1914.56%	-1914.56%	-1183.44%	-1183.44%	-1183.44%	-1183.44%	-1183.44%
G367.0	2019	0	0	425,303	(425,303)	NA	NA	NA	-5507.04%	-2100.32%	-2100.32%	-1296.69%	-1296.69%	-1296.69%	-1296.69%
G367.0	2020	1,270,660	0	1,145	(1,145)	-0.09%	-33.56%	-169.77%	-366.90%	-349.59%	-320.74%	-320.74%	-295.88%	-295.88%	-295.88%
G367.0	2021	107,189	0	2,211,069	(2,211,069)	-2062.78%	-160.56%	-191.42%	-317.03%	-498.83%	-475.02%	-436.95%	-436.95%	-403.90%	-403.90%
G367.0	2022	506,747	0	1,688,517	(1,688,517)	-333.21%	-635.18%	-206.98%	-229.55%	-321.38%	-454.29%	-438.56%	-412.07%	-412.07%	-388.05%
G367.0	2023	175,794	0	4,292,674	(4,292,674)	-2441.88%	-876.31%	-1037.35%	-397.66%	-418.30%	-502.30%	-623.88%	-602.62%	-567.94%	-567.94%
G367.0	2024	1,618,206	0	127,582	(127,582)	-7.88%	-246.39%	-265.51%	-345.52%	-226.20%	-237.76%	-284.81%	-352.90%	-346.98%	-336.01%
G368.0 Compressor Station Eq															
G368	2002	44,954	700	30,150	(29,450)	-65.51%									
G368	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	-65.51%								
G368	2004	12,914	4,000	13,650	(9,650)	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%							
G368	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%						
G368	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%					
G368	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%				
G368	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%			
G368	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-74.73%	-74.73%	-67.57%		
G368	2010	136	60,050	60,050	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-73.95%	-73.95%	-67.41%	
G368	2011	90,803	0	-37,700	37,700	41.52%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	27.01%	-0.94%
G368	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	41.52%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	41.46%	27.01%	27.01%
G368	2013	140,784	0	103,081	(103,081)	-73.22%	-73.22%	-28.23%	-28.22%	-28.22%	-28.22%	-28.22%	-28.22%	-28.22%	-30.67%
G368	2014	50,860	0	283	(283)	-0.56%	-53.94%	-53.94%	-23.25%	-23.24%	-23.24%	-23.24%	-23.24%	-23.24%	-23.24%
G368	2015	1,004,241	0	118,463	(118,463)	-11.80%	-11.25%	-18.55%	-18.55%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%
G368	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	-11.80%	-11.25%	-18.55%	-18.55%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%	-14.31%
G368	2017	0	0	530,165	(530,165)	NA	NA	-64.59%	-61.50%	-62.88%	-62.88%	-55.51%	-55.51%	-55.51%	-55.51%
G368	2018	0	0	50,075	(50,075)	NA	NA	NA	-69.58%	-66.25%	-67.07%	-67.07%	-59.41%	-59.40%	-59.40%
G368	2019	67,066	0	339,329	(339,329)	-505.97%	-580.63%	-1371.15%	-1371.15%	-96.89%	-92.53%	-90.38%	-90.38%	-81.53%	-81.52%
G368	2020	0	0	531,605	(531,605)	NA	-1298.63%	-1373.29%	-2163.81%	-2163.81%	-146.52%	-139.90%	-132.47%	-132.47%	-120.80%
G368	2021	0	0	16,702	(16,702)	NA	NA	-1323.53%	-1398.20%	-2188.72%	-2188.72%	-148.08%	-141.39%	-133.79%	-133.79%
G368	2022	0	0	1,548	(1,548)	NA	NA	NA	-1325.84%	-1400.51%	-2191.02%	-2191.02%	-148.22%	-141.53%	-133.91%
G368	2023	0	0	25,744	(25,744)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1364.23%	-1438.89%	-2229.41%	-2229.41%	-150.62%	-143.82%
G368	2024	0	0	3,080	(3,080)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-1368.82%	-1443.49%	-2234.00%	-2234.00%	-150.91%

							2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Activity	Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %
G369.0 Measuring & Reg Station Equip															
G369.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G369.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G369.0	2004	0	0	288	(288)	NA	NA	NA							
G369.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G369.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G369.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
G369.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
G369.0	2009	0	0	196	(196)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
G369.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
G369.0	2011	59,054	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.33%	-0.33%	-0.33%	-0.33%	-0.33%	-0.33%	-0.82%	-0.82%
G369.0	2012	399	0	45	(45)	-11.39%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.41%	-0.41%	-0.41%	-0.41%	-0.41%	-0.89%	-0.89%
G369.0	2013	16,049	0	1,542	(1,542)	-9.61%	-9.65%	-2.10%	-2.10%	-2.36%	-2.36%	-2.36%	-2.36%	-2.36%	-2.74%
G369.0	2014	0	0	460	(460)	NA	-12.47%	-12.44%	-2.71%	-2.71%	-2.97%	-2.97%	-2.97%	-2.97%	-2.97%
G369.0	2015	90,183	0	8,636	(8,636)	-9.58%	-10.09%	-10.01%	-10.02%	-6.45%	-6.45%	-6.57%	-6.57%	-6.57%	-6.57%
G369.0	2016	0	0	10,951	(10,951)	NA	-21.72%	-22.23%	-20.32%	-20.29%	-13.06%	-13.06%	-13.18%	-13.18%	-13.18%
G369.0	2017	0	0	84,078	(84,078)	NA	NA	-114.95%	-115.46%	-99.47%	-99.14%	-63.80%	-63.80%	-63.92%	-63.92%
G369.0	2018	0	0	96,970	(96,970)	NA	NA	NA	-222.48%	-222.99%	-190.75%	-190.08%	-122.33%	-122.33%	-122.45%
G369.0	2019	0	0	16,109	(16,109)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-240.34%	-240.85%	-205.91%	-205.18%	-132.05%	-132.05%
G369.0	2020	0	0	363	(363)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-240.74%	-241.25%	-206.25%	-205.53%	-132.27%
G369.0	2021	0	0	998	(998)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-241.85%	-242.36%	-207.19%	-206.46%
G369.0	2022	0	0	156	(156)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-242.02%	-242.53%	-207.34%
G369.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-242.02%	-242.53%
G369.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-242.02%
G375.0 Structures and Improv															
G375.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G375.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G375.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G375.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G375.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G375.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
G375.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
G375.0	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
G375.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
G375.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2013	0	2,885	0	2,885	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

							2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr	
Activity			Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %
G375.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G375.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G376.0 Mains																
G376.0	2002	334,492	5,364	372,292	(366,928)	-109.70%										
G376.0	2003	335,105	35,465	300,236	(264,771)	-79.01%	-94.34%									
G376.0	2004	455,996	32,002	218,678	(186,676)	-40.94%	-57.07%	-72.71%								
G376.0	2005	636,698	26,069	372,804	(346,735)	-54.46%	-48.82%	-55.90%	-66.11%							
G376.0	2006	291,576	15,503	304,334	(288,831)	-99.06%	-68.47%	-59.40%	-63.22%	-70.79%						
G376.0	2007	420,807	40,772	701,791	(661,019)	-157.08%	-133.33%	-96.11%	-82.17%	-81.68%	-90.44%					
G376.0	2008	362,966	32,515	155,679	(123,164)	-33.93%	-100.05%	-99.78%	-82.93%	-74.10%	-74.75%	-78.87%				
G376.0	2009	713,737	3,256	276,474	(273,218)	-38.28%	-36.81%	-70.61%	-75.25%	-69.79%	-65.23%	-66.66%	-70.71%			
G376.0	2010	229,061	15,196	172,119	(156,923)	-68.51%	-45.62%	-42.37%	-70.33%	-74.48%	-69.68%	-65.47%	-66.78%	-70.58%		
G376.0	2011	882,901	43,697	229,970	(186,273)	-21.10%	-30.86%	-33.76%	-33.79%	-53.67%	-58.24%	-57.56%	-55.66%	-57.47%	-61.21%	
G376.0	2012	713,473	5,557	1,036,662	(1,031,105)	-144.52%	-76.26%	-75.29%	-64.88%	-61.01%	-73.18%	-75.27%	-72.15%	-69.13%	-69.78%	
G376.0	2013	909,254	173,123	959,390	(786,267)	-86.47%	-111.99%	-79.97%	-79.01%	-70.58%	-67.09%	-76.04%	-77.52%	-74.67%	-71.94%	
G376.0	2014	321,241	215,196	666,535	(451,338)	-140.50%	-100.58%	-116.71%	-86.84%	-85.47%	-76.54%	-72.79%	-80.58%	-81.70%	-78.53%	
G376.0	2015	440,594	142,500	487,634	(345,134)	-78.33%	-104.55%	-94.71%	-109.62%	-85.70%	-84.57%	-76.72%	-73.33%	-80.38%	-81.41%	
G376.0	2016	618,650	102,013	1,102,259	(1,000,246)	-161.68%	-127.01%	-130.15%	-112.81%	-120.34%	-97.79%	-96.16%	-87.61%	-83.86%	-89.35%	
G376.0	2017	787,683	368,162	2,922,359	(2,554,197)	-324.27%	-252.75%	-211.14%	-200.67%	-166.93%	-162.71%	-135.96%	-132.81%	-120.80%	-115.52%	
G376.0	2018	1,136,976	828,865	4,236,561	(3,407,696)	-299.72%	-309.76%	-273.74%	-244.89%	-234.74%	-202.75%	-194.32%	-168.00%	-164.23%	-150.92%	
G376.0	2019	2,439,308	126,656	6,661,578	(6,534,922)	-267.90%	-278.02%	-286.36%	-270.88%	-255.24%	-248.82%	-226.64%	-218.68%	-197.54%	-194.05%	
G376.0	2020	1,246,066	114,602	6,821,105	(6,706,502)	-538.21%	-359.30%	-345.25%	-342.30%	-324.36%	-308.11%	-300.41%	-275.78%	-264.91%	-242.24%	
G376.0	2021	161,455	168,684	8,329,792	(8,161,108)	-5054.71%	-1056.30%	-556.37%	-497.82%	-474.13%	-443.88%	-420.30%	-407.74%	-371.50%	-353.04%	
G376.0	2022	1,865,313	134,816	9,808,574	(9,673,758)	-518.61%	-879.97%	-749.85%	-544.04%	-503.48%	-485.00%	-460.77%	-441.39%	-430.67%	-399.14%	
G376.0	2023	1,344,994	97,571	10,909,442	(10,811,871)	-803.86%	-638.12%	-849.61%	-765.58%	-593.56%	-552.79%	-532.74%	-508.83%	-489.94%	-479.11%	
G376.0	2024	2,093,984	90,785	13,749,162	(13,658,378)	-652.27%	-711.56%	-643.71%	-774.00%	-730.23%	-606.99%	-573.03%	-555.34%	-534.52%	-517.95%	
G378.0- Meas & Reg Station																
G378.0	2002	12,190	0	0	-	0.00%										
G378.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%									
G378.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%								
G378.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%							
G378.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%						
G378.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-15.64%					
G378.0	2008	13,408	0	1,906	(1,906)	-14.22%	-14.22%	-14.22%	-14.22%	-14.22%	-14.22%	-7.45%				
G378.0	2009	0	0	2,835	(2,835)	NA	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-18.52%			
G378.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-35.36%	-18.52%		

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G378.0	2011	28,890	0	18,215	(18,215)	-63.05%	-63.05%	-72.86%	-54.27%	-54.27%	-54.27%	-54.27%	-54.27%	-54.27%	-42.13%
G378.0	2012	16,097	0	0	-	0.00%	-40.49%	-40.49%	-46.79%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%
G378.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	-40.49%	-40.49%	-46.79%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%
G378.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	-40.49%	-40.49%	-46.79%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%
G378.0	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	-40.49%	-40.49%	-46.79%	-39.31%	-39.31%	-39.31%
G378.0	2016	0	0	5,621	(5,621)	NA	NA	NA	NA	-34.92%	-52.98%	-52.98%	-59.29%	-48.94%	-48.94%
G378.0	2017	0	0	47	(47)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-35.21%	-53.09%	-53.09%	-59.39%	-49.02%
G378.0	2018	0	0	831	(831)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-40.37%	-54.93%	-54.93%	-61.24%
G378.0	2019	0	0	1,864	(1,864)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-51.95%	-59.08%	-59.08%
G378.0	2020	0	0	25,493	(25,493)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-210.32%	-115.75%
G378.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-210.32%
G378.0	2022	0	0	672	(672)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G378.0	2023	0	0	41,740	(41,740)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G378.0	2024	0	0	96,114	(96,114)	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G380.0 Services															
G380.0	2002	384,621	0	174,188	(174,188)	-45.29%									
G380.0	2003	432,965	0	399,465	(399,465)	-92.26%	-70.16%								
G380.0	2004	337,277	0	316,216	(316,216)	-93.76%	-92.92%	-77.05%							
G380.0	2005	442,918	0	207,297	(207,297)	-46.80%	-67.10%	-76.08%	-68.67%						
G380.0	2006	538,198	0	298,341	(298,341)	-55.43%	-51.54%	-62.34%	-69.74%	-65.33%					
G380.0	2007	777,818	0	333,426	(333,426)	-42.87%	-48.01%	-47.70%	-55.11%	-61.47%	-79.84%				
G380.0	2008	474,536	0	597,299	(597,299)	-125.87%	-74.32%	-68.64%	-64.31%	-68.17%	-71.65%	-68.65%			
G380.0	2009	283,543	0	250,495	(250,495)	-88.34%	-111.83%	-76.91%	-71.34%	-67.02%	-70.18%	-73.09%	-70.17%		
G380.0	2010	197,853	0	108,258	(108,258)	-54.72%	-74.52%	-100.01%	-74.38%	-69.89%	-66.12%	-69.18%	-72.04%	-69.38%	
G380.0	2011	207,786	0	118,280	(118,280)	-56.92%	-55.85%	-69.22%	-92.32%	-72.51%	-68.80%	-65.47%	-68.39%	-71.19%	-68.75%
G380.0	2012	323,163	0	605,683	(605,683)	-187.42%	-136.35%	-114.19%	-106.95%	-112.99%	-88.91%	-82.48%	-77.61%	-79.13%	-80.55%
G380.0	2013	370,211	0	437,954	(437,954)	-118.30%	-150.52%	-128.94%	-115.57%	-109.99%	-114.05%	-93.04%	-86.66%	-81.78%	-82.80%
G380.0	2014	266,039	0	748,598	(748,598)	-281.39%	-186.49%	-186.81%	-163.68%	-147.89%	-137.65%	-135.02%	-110.31%	-101.72%	-95.46%
G380.0	2015	314,985	0	535,301	(535,301)	-169.95%	-220.97%	-181.01%	-182.64%	-165.01%	-152.02%	-142.83%	-139.53%	-116.15%	-107.45%
G380.0	2016	529,983	0	757,167	(757,167)	-142.87%	-152.96%	-183.71%	-167.36%	-170.96%	-159.18%	-149.83%	-142.84%	-140.12%	-119.93%
G380.0	2017	769,249	0	2,196,424	(2,196,424)	-285.53%	-227.33%	-216.14%	-225.37%	-207.75%	-205.20%	-194.12%	-184.87%	-176.48%	-170.05%
G380.0	2018	514,750	0	3,667,133	(3,667,133)	-712.41%	-456.66%	-364.98%	-336.13%	-330.05%	-301.70%	-289.74%	-275.06%	-262.59%	-249.51%
G380.0	2019	1,360,409	0	3,463,245	(3,463,245)	-254.57%	-380.25%	-352.70%	-317.67%	-304.33%	-302.71%	-286.16%	-278.99%	-269.08%	-260.34%
G380.0	2020	745,063	0	1,381,384	(1,381,384)	-185.40%	-230.10%	-324.85%	-315.92%	-292.52%	-283.41%	-283.29%	-270.75%	-265.56%	-257.54%
G380.0	2021	198,675	0	689,273	(689,273)	-346.93%	-219.41%	-240.17%	-326.41%	-317.64%	-295.15%	-286.25%	-285.98%	-273.73%	-268.56%
G380.0	2022	2,155,588	0	1,740,812	(1,740,812)	-80.76%	-103.22%	-122.98%	-163.12%	-219.96%	-228.74%	-221.49%	-219.02%	-221.44%	-216.16%
G380.0	2023	2,217,687	0	1,227,906	(1,227,906)	-55.37%	-67.88%	-80.01%	-94.78%	-127.33%	-169.21%	-180.45%	-178.10%	-177.81%	-180.85%
G380.0	2024	2,011,411	0	2,057,330	(2,057,330)	-102.28%	-77.68%	-78.72%	-86.81%	-96.84%	-121.53%	-154.58%	-164.68%	-163.58%	-163.77%
G381.0 Meters and Regulators															
G381.0	2002	509,873	0	0	-	0.00%									
G381.0	2003	772,563	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G381.0	2004	1,148,293	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
G381.0	2005	1,146,094	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
G381.0	2006	1,901,630	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G381.0	2007	2,177,672	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G381.0	2008	3,167,590	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G381.0	2009	2,488,553	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G381.0	2010	2,614,771	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G381.0	2011	2,178,758	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2012	2,041,736	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2013	1,665,138	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2014	953,915	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2015	557,958	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2016	719,781	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2017	635,888	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G381.0	2018	1,132,814	2,901	0	2,901	0.26%	0.16%	0.12%	0.10%	0.07%	0.05%	0.04%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%
G381.0	2019	1,144,737	68	0	68	0.01%	0.13%	0.10%	0.08%	0.07%	0.06%	0.04%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%
G381.0	2020	3,142,603	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.05%	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.03%	0.02%	0.02%
G381.0	2021	1,662,156	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.04%	0.04%	0.03%	0.03%	0.03%	0.02%
G381.0	2022	148,070	0	1,656	(1,656)	-1.12%	-0.09%	-0.03%	-0.03%	0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
G381.0	2023	271,714	0	0	-	0.00%	-0.39%	-0.08%	-0.03%	-0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%	0.01%
G381.0	2024	205,237	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.26%	-0.07%	-0.03%	-0.02%	0.02%	0.02%	0.01%	0.01%
G381.01 Meters -Regs-Modules															
G381.01	2012	2,896	0	0	-	0.00%									
G381.01	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								
G381.01	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%							
G381.01	2015	5,365,349	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
G381.01	2016	138,474	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G381.01	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G381.01	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		0.00%			
G381.01	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G381.01	2020	63	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G381.01	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G381.01	2022	2,318,716	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G381.01	2023	445,945	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G381.01	2024	1,355,624	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G382.0 Meter & Reg Installations															
G382.0	2002	352,290	0	75,484	(75,484)	-21.43%									
G382.0	2003	462,194	0	233,978	(233,978)	-50.62%	-37.99%								
G382.0	2004	700,930	0	505,039	(505,039)	-72.05%	-63.54%	-53.75%							
G382.0	2005	825,102	0	614,726	(614,726)	-74.50%	-73.38%	-68.09%	-61.06%						
G382.0	2006	1,353,986	0	743,427	(743,427)	-54.91%	-62.33%	-64.69%	-62.75%	-58.81%					

Activity		Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %
G382.0	2007	1,459,129	0	821,390	(821,390)	-56.29%	-55.63%	-59.91%	-61.87%	-60.79%	-75.45%			
G382.0	2008	1,919,230	0	894,177	(894,177)	-46.59%	-50.78%	-51.96%	-55.31%	-57.18%	-56.73%	-54.97%		
G382.0	2009	2,369,993	0	989,414	(989,414)	-41.75%	-43.91%	-47.06%	-48.55%	-51.25%	-52.94%	-52.83%	-51.65%	
G382.0	2010	2,177,572	0	1,115,028	(1,115,028)	-51.21%	-46.28%	-46.37%	-48.20%	-49.18%	-51.24%	-52.59%	-52.51%	-51.57%
G382.0	2011	2,107,431	0	1,178,096	(1,178,096)	-55.90%	-53.52%	-49.32%	-48.71%	-49.81%	-50.42%	-52.05%	-53.13%	-53.05%
G382.0	2012	2,317,439	0	152,525	(152,525)	-6.58%	-30.07%	-37.04%	-38.28%	-39.75%	-41.70%	-43.01%	-44.80%	-46.05%
G382.0	2013	1,390,569	0	75,917	(75,917)	-5.46%	-6.16%	-24.19%	-31.55%	-33.88%	-35.87%	-38.04%	-39.55%	-41.36%
G382.0	2014	949,032	0	22,485	(22,485)	-2.37%	-4.21%	-5.39%	-21.13%	-28.45%	-31.24%	-33.46%	-35.73%	-37.35%
G382.0	2015	612,856	0	7,848	(7,848)	-1.28%	-1.94%	-3.60%	-4.91%	-19.48%	-26.71%	-29.70%	-32.04%	-34.35%
G382.0	2016	660,370	0	53,055	(53,055)	-8.03%	-4.78%	-3.75%	-4.41%	-5.26%	-18.54%	-25.50%	-28.56%	-30.95%
G382.0	2017	736,488	0	24,264	(24,264)	-3.29%	-5.54%	-4.24%	-3.64%	-4.22%	-5.04%	-17.26%	-24.01%	-27.16%
G382.0	2018	2,315,743	0	26,593	(26,593)	-1.15%	-1.67%	-2.80%	-2.58%	-2.55%	-3.15%	-4.04%	-13.89%	-20.02%
G382.0	2019	1,453,980	0	60,865	(60,865)	-4.19%	-2.32%	-2.48%	-3.19%	-2.99%	-2.90%	-3.34%	-4.06%	-12.77%
G382.0	2020	6,266,133	0	25,025	(25,025)	-0.40%	-1.11%	-1.12%	-1.27%	-1.66%	-1.64%	-1.69%	-2.06%	-2.69%
G382.0	2021	1,440,180	0	116,910	(116,910)	-8.12%	-1.84%	-2.21%	-2.00%	-2.08%	-2.38%	-2.33%	-2.33%	-2.61%
G382.0	2022	0	0	27,015	(27,015)	NA	-9.99%	-2.19%	-2.51%	-2.23%	-2.30%	-2.59%	-2.53%	-2.52%
G382.0	2023	0	0	69,946	(69,946)	NA	NA	-14.85%	-3.10%	-3.27%	-2.84%	-2.87%	-3.14%	-3.05%
G382.0	2024	0	0	27,568	(27,568)	NA	NA	NA	-16.76%	-3.46%	-3.57%	-3.08%	-3.10%	-3.35%
G382.01 Meters -Regs-Mod Install														
382.01	2013	0	0	0	-	NA								
382.01	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
382.01	2015	679	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
382.01	2016	396	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
382.01	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
382.01	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
382.01	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
382.01	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
382.01	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
382.01	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
382.01	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
382.01	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
G385.0 Ind Meas & Reg St Eqp														
G385.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA								
G385.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
G385.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
G385.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G385.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA				
G385.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA			
G385.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		
G385.0	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	
G385.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G385.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G385.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G387.11 Other Equip															
G387.11	2002	1,716,151	24,408	0	24,408	1.42%									
G387.11	2003	5,823,427	0	0	-	0.00%	0.32%								
G387.11	2004	784,884	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.29%							
G387.11	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.29%						
G387.11	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.29%					
G387.11	2007	0	300	0	300	NA	NA	NA	0.04%	0.00%	0.30%				
G387.11	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.04%	0.00%	0.30%			
G387.11	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.04%	0.00%	0.30%		
G387.11	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.04%	0.00%	0.30%	
G387.11	2011	234,041	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.03%	0.00%	0.29%
G387.11	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.03%	0.00%
G387.11	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%	0.03%
G387.11	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.13%	0.13%
G387.11	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.13%
G387.11	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%
G387.11	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G387.11	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G387.11	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%
G387.11	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%
G387.11	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G387.11	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G387.11	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G387.11	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G387.12 Other Equip CNG Equip															
G387.12	2013	0	0	0	-	NA									
G387.12	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								

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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G387.12	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G387.12	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G387.12	2017	0	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G387.12	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G387.12	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G387.12	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G387.12	2021	0	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G387.12	2022	834,726	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G387.12	2023	0	0	12,703	(12,703)	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G387.12	2024	0	0	748,904	(748,904)	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G392.2 Transportation Eqp Trailer															
G392.2	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G392.2	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G392.2	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G392.2	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G392.2	2006	1,709	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G392.2	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G392.2	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G392.2	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G392.2	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G392.2	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%
G392.2	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA
G392.2	2017	29,873	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2018	44,627	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G392.2	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G394.10 P															
G394.1	2002	13,327	4,380	0	4,380	32.87%									
G394.1	2003	72,879	3,776	0	3,776	5.18%	9.46%								
G394.1	2004	62,534	1,762	0	1,762	2.82%	4.09%	6.67%							
G394.1	2005	25,439	0	0	-	0.00%	2.00%	3.44%	5.69%						
G394.1	2006	24,468	1,375	0	1,375	5.62%	2.76%	2.79%	3.73%	5.68%					
G394.1	2007	19,228	250	0	250	1.30%	3.72%	2.35%	2.57%	3.50%	6.18%				

[illegible]

							2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Activity	Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net	Net
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %	Salv. %
G395.0 Laboratory Equipment															
G395.0	2002	710	0	0	-	0.00%									
G395.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								
G395.0	2004	207,527	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%							
G395.0	2005	57,613	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
G395.0	2006	18,796	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G395.0	2007	32,655	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G395.0	2008	29,064	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G395.0	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G395.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G395.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2015	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2017	283,094	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G395.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0 Power Operated Eq															
G396.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA									
G396.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
G396.0	2004	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
G396.0	2005	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
G396.0	2006	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA					
G396.0	2007	84,655	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G396.0	2008	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G396.0	2009	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G396.0	2010	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G396.0	2011	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2012	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2015	146,122	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2017	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Activity		Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %
G396.0	2019	16,162	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G396.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G397.0 Communication Equipoment														
G397.0	2002	84,765	0	12,574	(12,574)	-14.83%								
G397.0	2003	20,560	0	0	-	0.00%	-11.94%							
G397.0	2004	227,785	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-3.77%						
G397.0	2005	39,224	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-3.38%					
G397.0	2006	296,254	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-1.88%				
G397.0	2007	1,764	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-1.88%			
G397.0	2008	444,586	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-1.13%		
G397.0	2009	351,921	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.86%	
G397.0	2010	425,605	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.66%
G397.0	2011	57,893	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.64%
G397.0	2012	333,237	0	701	(701)	-0.21%	-0.18%	-0.09%	-0.06%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.04%	-0.03%
G397.0	2013	387,733	0	524	(524)	-0.14%	-0.17%	-0.16%	-0.10%	-0.08%	-0.06%	-0.06%	-0.05%	-0.05%
G397.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	-0.14%	-0.17%	-0.16%	-0.10%	-0.08%	-0.06%	-0.06%	-0.05%
G397.0	2015	191,852	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	-0.09%	-0.13%	-0.09%	-0.09%	-0.07%	-0.06%	-0.05%
G397.0	2016	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	-0.09%	-0.13%	-0.13%	-0.09%	-0.07%	-0.06%
G397.0	2017	530,147	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.05%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.06%	-0.05%
G397.0	2018	109,730	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.08%	-0.08%	-0.06%
G397.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.08%	-0.06%
G397.0	2020	120,545	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%	-0.07%
G397.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.07%
G397.0	2022	9,467	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	-0.04%
G397.0	2023	11,137	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G397.0	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0 Misc Equipment														
G398.0	2002	0	0	0	-	NA								
G398.0	2003	0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
G398.0	2004	19,996	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
G398.0	2005	10,043	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%					
G398.0	2006	9,630	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%				
G398.0	2007	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
G398.0	2008	2,161	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
G398.0	2009	11,553	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
G398.0	2010	10,643	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2011	26,270	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
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Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
G398.0	2012	60,656	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2013	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2014	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2015	41,268	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2016	18,847	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2017	7,342	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2021	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
G398.0	2024	131,793	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
E311.00-Struct and Improv -DSEC															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	6,375	(6,375)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	16,547	(16,547)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E311.00-Struct and Improv -Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	1,570	(1,570)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E311.00-Struct and Improv -SG															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	7,861,341	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						

	Activity		Gross	Cost of	Net	Net	2- yr	3- yr	4- yr	5- yr	6- yr	7- yr	8- yr	9- yr	10- yr
Acct	Year	Retirement	Salvage	Removal	Salvage	Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %	Net Salv. %
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip -Palomar															
	2017		0	0	0	-	NA								
	2018		0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
	2019		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
	2020		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	2021		0	0	0	-	NA								
	2022		0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
	2023		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
	2024		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip -SG															
	2017		0	0	0	-	NA								
	2018	10,633,963		0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%							
	2019		0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%						
	2020		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%					
	2021		0	0	0	-	NA								
	2022		0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
	2023		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
	2024		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E312.00-Boiler Plant Equip-DSEC															
	2017		0	0	192,662	(192,662)	NA								
	2018		0	0	7,404	(7,404)	NA	NA							
	2019		0	0	6,201	(6,201)	NA	NA	NA						
	2020	148,389		0	1,570	(1,570)	-1.06%	-5.24%	-10.23%	-140.06%					
	2021		0	0	289,032	(289,032)	NA								
	2022		0	0	109,796	(109,796)	NA	NA							
	2023		0	0	33,917	(33,917)	NA	NA	NA						
	2024		0	0	531,269	(531,269)	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-DSEC															
	2017		0	0	10,914	(10,914)	NA								
	2018		0	0	0	-	NA	NA							
	2019		0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA						
	2020		0	0	148,827	(148,827)	NA	NA	NA	NA					
	2021		0	0	64,240	(64,240)	NA								
	2022		0	0	193,837	(193,837)	NA	NA							
	2023		0	0	21,911	(21,911)	NA	NA	NA						
	2024		0	0	9,262	(9,262)	NA	NA	NA	NA					
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-Palomar															
	2017		0	0	0	-	NA								

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	1,575	(1,575)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	66,099	(66,099)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E314.00-Turbogenerator Unit-SG															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	7,484,308	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -DSEC															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	8,316	(8,316)	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	12,560	0	40,143	(40,143)	-319.61%	-385.82%	-385.82%	-385.82%						
	2021	0	0	6,775	(6,775)	NA									
	2022	0	0	9,364	(9,364)	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	260,883	(260,883)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	1,566	(1,566)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	8,269	(8,269)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E315.00-Access Elect Eq -SG															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	2,172,934	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%						

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -DSEC															
	2017	0	0	2,984	(2,984)	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	4,848	(4,848)	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	6,751	(6,751)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	7,967	(7,967)	NA									
	2022	0	0	3,924	(3,924)	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	3,515	(3,515)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	23,435	(23,435)	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq-Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	-812	812	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	610	(610)	NA									
	2022	0	0	455,569	(455,569)	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	1,738,308	(1,738,308)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E316.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq-SG															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	239,053	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%	0.00%							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%	0.00%						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E341.00-Struct and Improv -CPEP															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.00-Fuel Holders P & A-Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -CPEP															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -DSEC															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.00-Fuel Holders P&A -Miramar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.10 - Fuel Holders - Solar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E342.20 - Fuel Holders - Wind															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.00-Prime Movers-CPEP															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.00-Prime Movers-DSEC															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	11,367	(11,367)	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.00-Prime Movers-Miramar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	833,067	0	0	-	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.00-Prime Movers-Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.10 - Prime Movers Solar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E343.20 - Prime Movers Wind															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						

SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC															
DATA ADJUSTED															
Acct	Activity	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
E344.00-Generators-CPEP															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E344.00-Generators-DSEC															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	444,282	(444,282)	NA									
	2022	0	0	8,955	(8,955)	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E344.00-Generators-Miramar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E344.00-Generators-Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	37,991,412	0	0	-	0.00%									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	0.00%							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	0.00%						
E344.10-Generators - Solar															
	2017	1,704,315	0	0	-	0.00%									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	0.00%								

[illegible]

**SAN DIEGO GAS AND ELECTRIC
DATA ADJUSTED**

Acct	Activity Year	Retirement	Gross Salvage	Cost of Removal	Net Salvage	Net Salv. %	2- yr Net Salv. %	3- yr Net Salv. %	4- yr Net Salv. %	5- yr Net Salv. %	6- yr Net Salv. %	7- yr Net Salv. %	8- yr Net Salv. %	9- yr Net Salv. %	10- yr Net Salv. %
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E345.00-Access Elect Eq-Palomar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E345.10-Access Elect Eq -Solar															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E345.20-Access Elect Eq -Wind															
	2017	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	0	-	NA									
	2022	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
E346.00-Misc Power Plnt Eq -CPEP															
	2017	0	0	6,542	(6,542)	NA									
	2018	0	0	0	-	NA	NA								
	2019	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA							
	2020	0	0	0	-	NA	NA	NA	NA						
	2021	0	0	56,494	(56,494)	NA									
	2022	0	0	114,595	(114,595)	NA	NA								
	2023	0	0	10,701	(10,701)	NA	NA	NA							
	2024	0	0	5,339	(5,339)	NA	NA	NA	NA						

2028 GRC Testimony Revision Log –September 2026

Page	Line or Table	Revision Detail
51	17	Changed 7 to 10
51	19	Changed 7 to 10
Appendix B Page 2	E.387.70 – Inverters	Changed 7 to 10
Appendix C Page 74	Account E387.70 Inverters (10 SQ)	Changed 7 to 10
Appendix C of Appendix C Page 2	E.387.70 – Inverters	Changed 7 to 10